

# **Features**

- High PD sensitivity for red light
- High speed up to 16Mbps
- Low power consumption and current dissipation
- Nylon body

# **RS PRO Optical Receiver jack**

RS Stock No.: 0458675



RS Professionally Approved Products bring to you professional quality parts across all product categories. Our product range has been tested by engineers and provides a comparable quality to the leading brands without paying a premium price.

# **Optical Jacks**



This light receiving unit is a standard-package product with connector and opto-electric component packaged with PD and I/V amplifier IC. The function of unit changes the light signal into electrical signal.

The unit is operated at single +3V~ +5V and the input signal is TTL compatible. It has a maximum operating speed of 16Mbps. The unit has high performance at low dissipation current, steady light output and efficient light coupling.

### **Applications**

Audio equipment, Digital optical data link, MD, Sound card

### **Device Selection Guide**

Chip IC	Chip LED	Operating	Dissipation	Fibre Coupling
Material	λ p(nm)	Voltage (Vcc)	Current (mA)	Light Output (dBm)
Si	660	+3~+5V	Тур. 2.5	Min -24 to Max -14.5

## Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Supply Voltage	Vcc	0 ~ 5.5 V
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30 to +80°C
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C
Soldering Time		≤ 5 sec / 2 times

## **Electro-Optical Specification**

Supply Vcc—-0.5 to 7 V	1	
Supply Vcc—-0.5 to 7 V Voltage	Vcc	2.7 to 5.5 V
Peak Detective Wavelength	λр	Typical 660 nm
Transfer Speed		0.1 to 16 Mbps (NRZ signal)
Receiving Distance		0.2 to 20 m (Using APF)
Pulse Width Distortion	Δtw	-20 to 20 ns (16Mbps NRZ Signal)
Input Light power	Pi	-24 to -14.5 dBm. See measuring method
Dissipation Current	lcc	Typical 2.5 to 10 max mA. See measuring method
High Level Output Voltage	Voн	2.4v min
Low Level Output Voltage	VoL	0.4v max
Rise Time	tr	25ns Max.
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>	25ns Max.
Low to High propagation delay time	tPLH	100ns max
High to Low propagation delay time	tPLH	100ns max

# **Optical Jacks**



Jitter	Δtj	Typical 1.5ns to max 10ns	ı
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# **Reliability Tests**

Sample test size: 22 pcs, no failures

Item	Test Condition	Test Hours / Cycle
Soldering Heat	260°C ± 5°C	5 sec. / 2 times
High temp & Humidity storage	Ta=40°C, 90%RH	500
High storage temp.	Ta=80°C	500
Low storage temp.	Ta=-30°C	500
Temperature cycling	-30°C ~ 80°C (30min) (5min) (30min)	20
High temp operation life	Ta=60°C, Vcc=5V ON	500
Repeated operation	500 times	Coupling force < 2kg 0.4kg < detaching force <2kg
Terminal strength (tension)	Weight: 500g, 30 sec each terminal	
Terminal strength (bending)	Weight: 500g, 2 times each terminal	
Mechanical Shock	Acceleration: 1000m/s2 Pulse width: 6ms, 3 times / X, Y, Z direction	
Vibration	Frequency range: 10~55Hz / sweep 1 min Overall amplitude: 1.5mm 2H / X, Y, Z direction	

Icc (dissipation current): CURRENT ATTENUATE DIFFERENCE < 20% TPLH (propagation L→H delay time): DELAY TIME DIFFERENCE < 20% TPLH (propagation H→L delay time): DELAY TIME DIFFERENCE < 20%

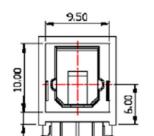
Tr (rise time): TIME DIFFERENCE < 20% Tf (fall time): TIME DIFFERENCE < 20%

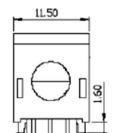
# **Approvals**

Conforms to	EIAJ CP-1201 digital audio interface standard
Standards Met	RoHS

### **Dimensions**







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#### **Shutter Black**

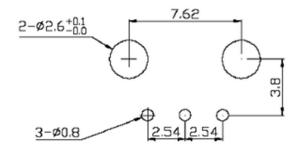
Notes: 1.All dimensions are in millimeters.

2.General Tolerance:±0.2mm

#### Pin Function

1. Vout 2.GND 3.Vcc

#### **PCB Layout**

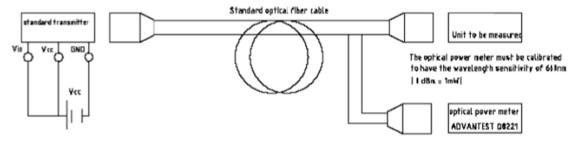


#### Notes:

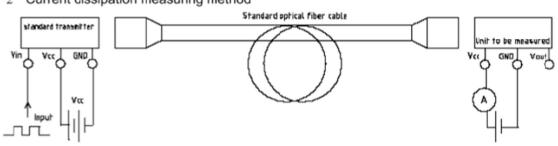
- 1. Unit: mm
- 2. Unspecified tolerance: ±0.3mm
- 3. Substrate Thickness:1.6mm

### **Measuring Method**

\*1 Maximum receiver input optical power/Minimum receiver input optical power



\*2 Current dissipation measuring method



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\*3 Pulse response and jitter measuring method



## **Precautions for Using Method**

- 1.Connect a by-pass capacitor (0.1uF) close to the optical jack within 7 mm of the unit lead frame.
- 2.Connect a by-pass capacitor(30pF) between GND and Vout avoid loading effect.
- 3. Take proper electrostatic-discharge (ESD) precautions while handling these devices. These devices are sensitive to ESD.

