

SAFETY DATA SHEET

RS REACH revision date 01/06/10
CP0716 v3.1 RS 298-7707, 434-8716

Electro-Wash (R) PX

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**Identification of the substance or preparation**

Product name : Electro-Wash (R) PX

Synonyms : ES1010E, ES810E

Product type : Aerosol.

Company/undertaking identification

Manufacturer : ITW Chemtronics
 8125 Cobb Center Drive
 Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

Distributor : RS Components Ltd,
 Birchington Road, Corby, Northants, NN17 9RS.
 Tel: +44 (0) 1536 402888 (8am to 8pm)
 Email: technical.help@rs-components.com

Importer : ITW Contamination Control
 Skejby Nordlandsvej 307
 DK-8200 Aarhus N
 Denmark
 Tel +45 87 400 220
 Fax +45 87 400 222
 Email: info@itw-cc.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : askchemtronics@chemtronics.com

Emergency telephone number : Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887
 (with hours of operation)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : F; R11
 Xi; R38
 R67
 N; R51/53

Physical/chemical hazards : Highly flammable.

Human health hazards : Irritating to skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/preparation : Preparation

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	EC number	Classification
ethanol	64-17-5	10 - 20	200-578-6	F; R11 [2]
hexane Mixture of isomers. Containing < 5% n-hexane (203-777-6)	107-83-5	5 - 20	203-523-4	F; R11 [1] Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R67 N; R51/53
hexane Mixture of isomers. Containing < 5% n-hexane (203-777-6)	79-29-8	0 - 10	201-193-6	F; R11 [1] Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R67 N; R51/53
hexane Mixture of isomers. Containing < 5% n-hexane (203-777-6)	96-14-0	0 - 10	202-481-4	F; R11 [1] Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R67 N; R51/53
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	1 - 5	200-661-7	F; R11 [1] [2] Xi; R36 R67
hexane Mixture of isomers. Containing < 5% n-hexane (203-777-6)	75-83-2	0 - 5	200-906-8	F; R11 [1] Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R67 N; R51/53
n-hexane	110-54-3	0 - 1	203-777-6	F; R11 [1] [2] Repr. Cat. 3; R62 Xn; R48/20,

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above				R65 Xi; R38 R67 N; R51/53
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First-aid measures

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards : Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. This material is toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Packaging materials

Recommended : Use original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>
ethanol	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). WEL 8 hrs limit: 1920 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). WEL 8 hrs limit: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
propan-2-ol	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). WEL 15 min limit: 1250 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). WEL 15 min limit: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). WEL 8 hrs limit: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). WEL 8 hrs limit: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).
n-hexane	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). WEL 8 hrs limit: 72 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). WEL 8 hrs limit: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
Skin protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable level

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General information

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol. Liquid.]
Colour	: Clear. Colourless.
Odour	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]

Important health, safety and environmental information

Boiling point	: 50°C (122°F)
Melting point	: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -88.83°C (-127.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: propan-2-ol. Weighted average: -126.31°C (-195.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: Lower than -18°C (0°F). (Tagliabue.)
Explosion limits	: Lower: 1.2% Upper: 7.7%
Vapour pressure	: 26.4 kPa (198 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Relative density	: Weighted average: 0.64 (Water = 1)
Vapour density	: >1 (Air = 1)
Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1)	: >1 compared with Butyl acetate.

Other information

Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 277.85°C (532.1°F) (3-methylpentane).
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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	: The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.
Materials to avoid	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	: Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol	LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat	11 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3600 ug/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1440 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	7 g/kg	-
	LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat - Male	2700 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat - Male	1.25 mg/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	1000 mg/kg	-

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat	363.6 ug/kg	-
	Intracerebral			
	TDLo	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat - Male	0.5 g/kg	-
	Intravenous			
	TDLo	Rat	1 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat - Male	0.5 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat	0.25 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	10 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6.67 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.72 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	8000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	2.45 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5250 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	4800 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5.25 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6 g/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	2 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	2.5 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	1.5 g/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6.4 g/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat	106 ug/kg	-
	Intracerebral			
	TDLo	Rat - Male	2.4 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Unreported	Rat	3 g/kg	-
isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m3	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	57 pph	15 minutes
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	2735 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50	Rat	1088 mg/kg	-
	Intravenous			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	800 mg/kg	-
n-hexane	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	25 g/kg	-
	LDLo	Rat	9100 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting respiratory tract irritation coughing headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental effects	: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
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Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol	-	Acute EC50 9.3 to 11.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 10600 to 11200 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia obtusa	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >100 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 2000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13 to 16 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5577000 to 6557000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3715000 to 4432000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 42000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	-	Acute LC50 25500 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia franciscana	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 11000000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 10000000 to 11500000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5680 to 7392 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 6076000 to 7115000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 6325000 to 7413000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours

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		Fresh water	dubia	
		Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		14200000 to	minnow -	
		15100000 ug/L	Pimephales	
		Fresh water	promelas	
		Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		13480000 ug/L	minnow -	
		Fresh water	Pimephales	
		Chronic NOEC	48 hours	
		<6.3 g/L Fresh	flea - Daphnia	
		water	magna	
propan-2-ol	-	Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		11130000 ug/L	minnow -	
		Fresh water	Pimephales	
		Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		10400000 to	minnow -	
		10600000 ug/L	Pimephales	
		Fresh water	promelas	
		Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		9640000 to	minnow -	
		10000000 ug/L	Pimephales	
		Fresh water	promelas	
		Acute LC50	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		6550000 to	minnow -	
		7450000 ug/L	Pimephales	
		Fresh water	promelas	
		Acute LC50	Fish -	96 hours
		4200000 ug/L	Harlequinfish, red	
		Fresh water	rasbora - Rasbora	
		Acute LC50	heteromorpha	
		>1400000 ug/L	Fish - Western	96 hours
			mosquitofish -	
			Gambusia affinis	
		Acute LC50	Crustaceans -	48 hours
		1400000 to	Common shrimp,	
		1950000 ug/L	sand shrimp -	
		Marine water	Crangon crangon	
n-hexane	-	Acute LC50	Fish -	96 hours
		113000 ug/L	Mozambique	
		Fresh water	tilapia - Tilapia	
		Acute LC50 2500	mossambica	
		to 2980 ug/L	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
		Fresh water	minnow -	
			Pimephales	
			promelas	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2	-		-
ADNR Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2	-		-
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS(Limited quantity)	2.1	-		-

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IATA Class	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	-		-
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PG* : Packing group

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU regulations

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Highly flammable, Irritant, Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases :

R11- Highly flammable.
R38- Irritating to skin.
R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases :

S23- Do not breathe [***].
S38- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Product use :

Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Europe inventory :

Europe inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Other EU regulations

Additional warning phrases : Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep out of the reach of children.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - United Kingdom (UK) : R11- Highly flammable.
R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility.
R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R36- Irritating to eyes.
R38- Irritating to skin.
R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications referred to in sections 2 and 3 - United Kingdom (UK) : F - Highly flammable
Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction Category 3
Xn - Harmful
Xi - Irritant
N - Dangerous for the environment

History

Date of printing : 2/13/2009.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 2/13/2009.
Date of previous issue : No previous validation.
Version : 2
Prepared by : Not available.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.