# **S** SCHMERSAL

Operating instructions. Original	pages 1 to 10
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# 1. About this document

#### 1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for the mounting, set-up and commissioning to ensure the safe operation and disassembly of the safety switchgear. The operating instructions must be available in a legible condition and a complete version in the vicinity of the device.

### 1.2 Target group: authorised qualified personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out by trained specialist personnel, authorised by the plant operator only.

Please make sure that you have read and understood these operating instructions and that you know all applicable legislations regarding occupational safety and accident prevention prior to installation and putting the component into operation.

The machine builder must carefully select the harmonised standards to be complied with as well as other technical specifications for the selection, mounting and integration of the components.

### 1.3 Explanation of the symbols used



### Information, hint, note:

This symbol is used for identifying useful additional information.



**Caution:** Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to failures or malfunctions.

**Warning:** Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to physical injury and/or damage to the machine.

### 1.4 Appropriate use

The products described in these operating instructions are developed to execute safety-related functions as part of an entire plant or machine. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of a machine or plant to ensure the correct functionality of the entire machine or plant.

The safety switchgear must be exclusively used in accordance with the versions listed below or for the applications authorised by the manufacturer. Detailed information regarding the range of applications can be found in the chapter "Product description".

# 1.5 General safety instructions

The user must observe the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, labelled with the caution or warning symbol above, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.



Further technical information can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: www.schmersal.net.

# Operating instructions Safety sensor

The information contained in this operating instructions manual is provided without liability and is subject to technical modifications.

There are no residual risks, provided that the safety instructions as well as the instructions regarding mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance are observed.

# 1.6 Warning about misuse



In case of improper use or manipulation of the safety switchgear, personal hazards or damages to machinery or plant components cannot be excluded. The relevant requirements of the standard ISO 14119 must be observed.

#### 1.7 Exclusion of liability

We shall accept no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from defective mounting or failure to comply with this operating instructions manual. The manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from the use of unauthorised spare parts or accessories.

For safety reasons, invasive work on the device as well as arbitrary repairs, conversions and modifications to the device are strictly forbidden, the manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from such invasive work, arbitrary repairs, conversions and/or modifications to the device.

# 2. Product description

#### 2.1 Ordering code

This operating instructions manual applies to the following types:

RSS 36 ①-②-③	)-ST	with 8-pin connector

No.	Option	Description
1		Standard coding
	11	Individual coding
	12	Individual coding, re-teaching enabled
2	D	With diagnostic output
	SD	With serial diagnostic function
3		Without latching
	Ь	With latching latching force approx 18 N

# RSS 36 ①-②-③-ST5

with 5-pin connector

No.	Option	Description
1		Standard coding
	11	Individual coding
	12	Individual coding, re-teaching enabled
2		without diagnostic function (on request)
	D	With diagnostic output
3		Without latching
	R	With latching, latching force approx. 18 N
Actu	ator	

# RST 36-1

RST 36-1 Without latching
RST 36-1-R With latching, latching force approx. 18 N

# 2.2 Special versions

For special versions, which are not listed in the order code below 2.1, these specifications apply accordingly, provided that they correspond to the standard version.

### 2.3 Comprehensive quality insurance to 2006/42/EC

Schmersal is a certified company to appendix X of the Machinery Directive. As a result, Schmersal is entitled to autonomously conduct the conformity assessment procedure for the products listed in Appendix IV of the MD without involving a notified body. The prototype test certificates are available upon request or can be downloaded from the Internet at www.schmersal.com.

# 2.4 Purpose

This non-contact, electronic safety sensor is designed for application in safety circuits and is used for monitoring the position of movable safety guards. In this application, the safety sensor monitors the position of hinged, sliding or removable safety guards by means of the coded electronic actuator.

The safety function consists of safely switching off the safety outputs when the safety guard is opened and maintaining the safe switched off condition of the safety outputs for as long as the safety guard is open.



The safety switchgears are classified according to ISO 14119 as type 4 switching devices. Designs with individual coding are classified as highly coded.

Safety sensors and actuators with latching (ordering suffix 'R') must always be used in pairs. The latching force (approx. 18 N) exercised by the permanent magnet keeps hatches and small guards closed, also in a de-energised condition.

The system can be used as a door end stop up to 5 kg at 0.25 m/s.

The diagnostic output of the safety sensor alternatively can be used as a conventional output or as a "serial output" with input and output channel.

#### Series-wiring (only 8-pin version)

Series-wiring can be set up. Response and risk times remain unchanged by series-wiring. The number of components is only limited by the external cable protection according to the technical data and the line loss. Series-wiring of up to 31 RSS 36 ... SD components with serial diagnostics is possible.

In devices with the serial diagnostics function (ordering suffix -SD), the serial diagnostics connections are wired in series and connected to a SD Gateway for evaluation purposes.

Wiring examples for series-wiring, refer to appendix.



The user must evaluate and design the safety chain in accordance with the relevant standards and the required safety level. If multiple safety switchgears are involved in the same safety function, the PFH values of the individual components must be added.



The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to the relevant standards.

# 2.5 Technical data

Standards: IEC 60947-5-	3, ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508, IEC 62061
Enclosure: glass-fibre rein	forced thermoplastic, self-extinguishing
Working principle:	RFID
Frequency band:	125 kHz
Transmitter output:	max. –6 dBm
Coding level according to ISO 14	119:
- I1-version:	high
- I2-version:	high
- Standard coding version:	low
Actuator:	RST 36-1, RST 36-1-R
Fixation sensor / actuator:	2 x M4 cylinder head screw
	with washers to DIN 125A / form A
Tightening torque of the fixing sci	rews: 2.2 2.5 Nm
Series-wiring	
(only 8-pin version):	Number of devices unrestricted,
	observe external wiring protection,
	max. 31 devices with serial diagnostic
Termination:	
- ST:	Connector plug M12, 8-pole, A-coded
- ST5:	Connector plug M12, 5-pole, A-coded

# Operating instructions Safety sensor

Switching dis							4.0
Typical switchi							12 mm
Assured switch							10 mm
Assured switch-off distance s <sub>ar</sub> :						20 mm	
Hysteresis:						< 2.0 mm	
Repeat accura							< 0.5 mm
Ambient cond							
Ambient tempe							+70 °C
Storage and tr		emperat					+85 °C
Protection clas							EC 60529
Resistance to				10	55 Hz		ude 1 mm
Resistance to						30	) g / 11 ms
Switching frequency							1 Hz
Reaction time:							
- Actuator:							≤ 100 ms
- Inputs:							≤ 0.5 ms
Duration of risl							≤ 200 ms
Time to readin							≤ 2 s
Electrical data							
Rated operatin	ig voltage	e U <sub>e</sub> :					5% / +10%
					(PEL	/ to IEC	60204-1
Rated operatin							0.6 A
Minimum oper							0.5 mA
Required rated			rent:				100 A
Rated insulation							32 V
Rated impulse		d voltag	e U <sub>imp</sub> :				800 V
No-load currer							35 mA
Residual curre							< 0.5 mA
Protection clas							III
Overvoltage ca							
Degree of poll							3
Safety inputs					24.17	DC 45	-0/ / . 400/
Rated operatin	ig voltage	e U <sub>e1</sub> .			24 V		5% / +10% PELV unit)
Current consu	mntion no	or input:				(1	5 mA
Accepted test			innut eia	nal·			≤ 1.0 ms
- With test puls			i ii iput sig	IIai.			≥ 1.0 ms
Classification:	se ilitel va	11 01.				7'	VEI CB24I
	0.4	T	•		0.4		
Sink:	C1		Source:		C1	C2	C3
Safety output	s Y1/Y2:			n	-tvne	short-ci	rcuit proof
Operating curr					1,00,		ax. 0,25 A
Utilisation cate				DC-	12 U./I		C / 0.25 A
000011	90.7.						C / 0.25 A
	J.:				. С Сег.	e <b>-</b>	U <sub>e</sub> < 1 V
Voltage drop L							
							≤ () 3 ms
Test pulse dur	ation:						≤ 0.3 ms
Test pulse dura Test pulse inte	ation:					Z	1000 ms
Test pulse dura Test pulse inte Classification:	ation: erval:		Sink.		C1		
Test pulse dur Test pulse inte	ation:		Sink:		C1	Z'	1000 ms
Test pulse dura Test pulse inte Classification: Source:	ation: erval:		Sink:	S		C2	1000 ms VEI CB24I
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou	ation: erval: C2		Sink:	S		C2	1000 ms VEI CB24I
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr	ation: erval:  C2  utput: ent l <sub>e2</sub> :		Sink:		hort-ci	C2	1000 ms VEI CB24 Doof, p-type ax. 0,05 A
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr	ation: erval:  C2  utput: ent l <sub>e2</sub> :		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /I	C2 rcuit pro m e 24 VD	1000 ms VEI CB24I Doof, p-type ax. 0,05 A
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr Utilisation cate	c2  itput: ent l <sub>e2</sub> : egory:		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /I	C2 rcuit pro m e 24 VD	1000 ms VEI CB24I
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr Utilisation cate Voltage drop L	ation: erval:  C2  Itput: ent I <sub>e2</sub> : egory:		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /l <sub>e</sub> 13 U <sub>e</sub> /l	rcuit pro m 24 VD 24 VD	1000 ms VEI CB24I Doof, p-type ax. 0,05 A C / 0.05 A
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr Utilisation cate Voltage drop L Serial diagnos	cation: erval:  C2  atput: ent l <sub>e2</sub> : egory:  J <sub>d</sub> : stic:		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /l <sub>e</sub> 13 U <sub>e</sub> /l	rcuit pro m 24 VD 24 VD	1000 ms VEI CB24I pof, p-type ax. 0,05 A C / 0.05 A U <sub>e</sub> < 2 V
Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr Utilisation cate Voltage drop L Serial diagnos Operating curr	ation: erval:  C2  atput: ent I <sub>e2</sub> : egory:  stic: ent:		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /l <sub>e</sub> 13 U <sub>e</sub> /l	rcuit pro m 24 VD 24 VD short-ci	1000 ms VEI CB24I pof, p-type ax. 0,05 A C / 0.05 A U <sub>e</sub> < 2 V recuit proof
Voltage drop L Test pulse dur. Test pulse inte Classification: Source: Diagnostic ou Operating curr Utilisation cate Voltage drop L Serial diagnos Operating curr Wiring capacit External cable	ation:  cryal:  C2  atput:  ent $I_{e2}$ :  egory:  stic:  ent:  ance:		Sink:	DC-	hort-ci 12 U <sub>e</sub> /l <sub>e</sub> 13 U <sub>e</sub> /l	rcuit pro m 24 VD 24 VD short-ci	1000 m VEI CB24 pof, p-typ ax. 0,05 a C / 0.05 a C / 0.05 a U <sub>e</sub> < 2 v ircuit production



Max. ambient 69 °C.



This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:
- (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

#### 2.6 Safety classification

Standards:	ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508, IEC 62061
PL:	е
Control Category:	4
PFH value:	2.7 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> / h
PFD:	2.1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
SIL:	suitable for SIL 3 applications
Mission time:	20 years

#### 3. Mounting

# 3.1 General mounting instructions



Please observe the relevant requirements of the standards ISO 12100, ISO 14119 and ISO 14120.

Ensure the safety sensor and actuator is mounted on a flat surface. The universal mounting holes provide for a variable mounting by means of M4 screws (tightening torque 2.2 ... 2.5 Nm).

The component can be mounted in any position. The labelled surfaces of the safety sensor and the actuator have to be opposite. The safety sensor must only be used within the assured switching distances  $\leq s_{ao}$  and  $\geq s_{ar}$ .



The actuator must be permanently fitted to the safety guards and protected against displacement by suitable measures (e.g. tamperproof screws, gluing, drilling of the screw heads).

To avoid any interference inherent to this kind of system and any reduction of the switching distances, please observe the following guidelines:

- The presence of metal chips in the vicinity of the sensor is liable to modify the switching distance.
- Keep away from metal chips.
- Minimum distance 100 mm between two safety sensors as well as other systems with same frequency (125 kHz)

# Accessories (to be ordered separately)

### Kit tamper-proof screws

- 4 x M4x25 incl. washers, ordering code 101217746
- 4 x M4x30 incl. washers, ordering code 101217747

# Sealing kit

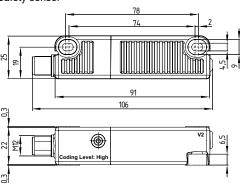
- Ordering code 101215048
- 8 plugs and 4 washers
- to seal the mounting holes and as spacer (approx. 3 mm) to facilitate the cleaning below the mounting surface
- also suitable as tampering protection for the screw fixings.



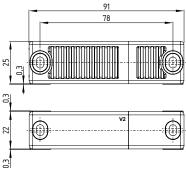
#### 3.2 Dimensions

All measurements in mm.

# Safety sensor



# Actuator





Alternative suitable actuators with different design: refer to www.schmersal.net.

### 3.3 Switch distance

# Switching distances to IEC 60947-5-3:

Typical switching distance  $s_{\text{typ}}$ : 12 mm Assured switching distance  $s_{\text{ac}}$ : 10 mm Assured switch-off distance  $s_{\text{ar}}$ : 20 mm



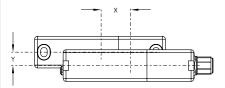
There are new switch distances as per the table below owing to the necessity of technical modifications (V2). Please check the design of your guard system following installation to ensure adherence to the secured switch distances ( $\leq$  s<sub>ao</sub> and  $\geq$  s<sub>ar</sub>) in accordance with the specified values and adjust the guard system accordingly. The positions of the designations V2 should be gleaned from the dimensional drawings under 3.2.

Switching dista mm to IEC 6094		Actuator RST	Actuator RST V2
_	S <sub>typ</sub>	12	12
Sensor RSS	S <sub>ao</sub>	10	8
	S <sub>ar</sub>	16	16
_	S <sub>typ</sub>	12	12
Sensor RSS V2	S <sub>ao</sub>	10	10
	S <sub>ar</sub>	20	20



With the combination of "old sensor – new actuator (V2)" there may be limitations in availability owing to the reduced  $s_{ao}$  (8 mm). This change has no affect on the performance level.

The side allows for a maximum height misalignment (X) of sensor and actuator of  $\pm$  8 mm (e.g. mounting tolerance or due to guard door sagging). The axial misalignment (y) is max.  $\pm$  18 mm.



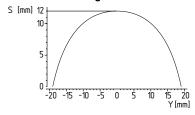


Latching versions X  $\pm$  5 mm, Y  $\pm$  3 mm. The latching force will be reduced by misalignment.

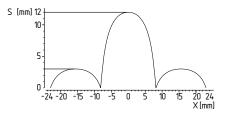
#### **Actuating curves**

The actuating curves represent the typical switching distance of the safety sensor during the approach of the actuator subject to the actuating direction

# Transverse misalignment



# Height misalignment





Preferred actuation directions: from front or from side.

# 3.4 Adjustment

The continuous signal of the yellow LED signals the actuator detection; the flashing of the yellow LED signals that the safety sensor is actuated in the hysteresis area.



### **Recommended Adjustment**

Align the safety sensor and actuator at a distance of 0.5 x s<sub>ao</sub>.

The correct functionality of both safety channels must be checked by means of the connected safety-monitoring module.

# 4. Electrical connection

#### 4.1 General information for electrical connection



The electrical connection may only be carried out by authorised personnel in a de-energised condition.

The safety outputs can be integrated into the safety circuit of the control system. For applications of PL e / control category 4 to ISO 13849-1, the safety outputs of the safety sensor or sensor of the chain must be wired to a safety monitoring module of the same control category .

Protection is not required when pilot wires are laid. The cables however must be separated from the supply and energy cables. The max. fuse rate for a sensor chain depends on the section of the connecting cable of the sensor.

#### Requirements for the connected safety-monitoring module

• Dual-channel safety input, suitable for p-type sensors with NO function



Information for the selection of suitable safety-monitoring modules can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: www.schmersal.net.

As an alternative to a safety-monitoring module, the safety sensors of the CSS 34F0 or CSS 34F1 series can also be used as first sensor of a series-wired chain for the direct control and monitoring of safety contactors (refer to operating manual of CSS 34F0 / CSS 34F1).

If the safety sensor is wired to relays or to non-safety relevant control components, a new risk analysis must be carried out.

The sensors cyclically switch off the safety output to test them. The safety-monitoring module therefore does not need to be equipped with a cross-wire short detection. The switch-off times must be tolerated by the safety-monitoring module. The switch -off time of the safety sensor is additionally extended depending on the cable length and the capacity of the cable used. Typically, a switch-off time of 250  $\mu s$  is reached with a 30-m connecting cable.



# Configuration of the safety-monitoring module

If the safety sensor is connected to electronic safety-monitoring modules, we recommend that you set a discrepancy time of min. 100 ms. The safety inputs of the safety-monitoring module must be able to blank a test impulse of approx. 1 ms. The safety-monitoring module does not need to have a cross-wire short monitoring function, if necessary, the cross-wire short monitoring function must be disabled.

# 4.2 Serial diagnostic -SD (only 8-pin version)



On wiring SD devices, please pay attention to the voltage drop on the cables and the current carrying capacity of the individual components.

# Cable design in case of serial diagnostics

The wiring capacitance of the connecting cable of the safety sensor must not exceed 50 nF.

Depending on the strand structure, normal unshielded 200 m long control cables LIYY 0.25 mm $^2$  to 1.5 mm $^2$  have a wiring capacitance of approx. 20 ... 50 nF.



### Accessories for the series-wiring

For convenient wiring and series-wiring of SD components, the SD junction boxes PFB-SD-4M12-SD (variant for the field) and PDM-SD-4CC-SD (variant for control cabinet on carrier rail) are available along with additional comprehensive accessories. Detailed information is available on the Internet, www.schmersal.net.

# 5. Operating principles and coding

#### 5.1 Mode of operation of the safety outputs

The safety outputs can be integrated into the safety circuit of the control system. The opening of a safety guard, i.e. the actuator is removed out of the active zone of the sensor, will immediately disable the safety outputs of the sensor (switching distances refer to technical data).

Any error that does not immediately affect the functionality of the safety sensor (e.g. too high the ambient temperature, interference potential at a safety output, cross-wire short) will lead to a warning message, the disabling of the diagnostic output and the delayed shut-down of the safety outputs. safety outputs are disabled if the error warning is active for 30 minutes.

The signal combination, diagnostic output disabled and safety channels still enabled, can be used to stop the production process in a controlled manner.

After fault rectification, the error message is reset by opening and re-closing the corresponding safety guard. The safety outputs enable and allow a restart.

For devices with serial diagnostic, a bit can be set/deleted in the call telegram to reset the fault.

#### 5.2 Coding

Safety sensors with standard coding are ready to use upon delivery.

Individually coded safety sensors and actuators will require the following "teach-in" procedure:

- 1. Energise the safety sensor.
- Introduce the actuator in the detection range. The teach-in procedure is signalled at the safety sensor, red LED on, yellow LED flashes (1 Hz).
- 3. After 10 seconds, brief cyclic flashes (3 Hz) request the switch-off of the operating voltage of the safety sensor. (If the voltage is not switched off within 5 minutes, the safety sensor cancels the "teachin" procedure and signals a false actuator by 5 red flashes).
- 4. After the operating voltage is switched back on, the actuator must be detected once more in order to activate the taught actuator code. In this way, the activated code is definitively saved!

For ordering suffix -l1, the thus executed allocation of safety sensor and actuator is irreversible.

For ordering suffix -I2, the "teach-in" procedure for a new actuator can be repeated an unlimited number of times . When a new actuator is taught, the code, which was applicable until that moment, becomes invalid. Subsequent to that, an enabling inhibit will be active for ten minutes, thus providing for an increased protection against tampering. The green LED will flash until the expiration of the time of the enabling inhibit (time of the tampering protection) and the detection of the new actuator. In case of power failure during the lapse of time, the 10-minutes tampering protection time will restart.

**RSS 36** 

# 6. Diagnostic functions

## 6.1 Operating principle of the diagnostic LEDs

The safety sensor indicates the operating condition and faults by means of three-colour LEDs located in the lateral surfaces of the sensor.



The following LED indicators are the same for safety sensors with conventional diagnostic output as for those with a serial diagnostic function.

The green LED indicates that the safety sensor is ready for operation. The supply voltage is on and all safety inputs are present.

Flashing (1Hz) of the green LED signals that a voltage is missing on one or both of the safety inputs (X1 and/or X2).

The yellow LED always signals the presence of an actuator within range. If the actuator is operating near the limit of the hysteresis range of the safety sensor, the LED is flashing.

The flashing can be used to prematurely detect variations in the clearance between the sensor and the actuator (e.g. sagging of a safety guard). The sensor must be adjusted before the distance to the actuator increases and before the safety outputs are disabled, thus stopping the machine. If an error is detected, the red LED will be activated.

### Flash codes red diagnostic LED

LED indication	(red)	Error cause
1 flash pulse		Error output Y1
2 flash pulses		Error output Y2
3 flash pulses		Cross-wire Y1/Y2
4 flash pulses		ambient temperature too high
5 flash pulses		Wrong or defective actuator
Continuous red		Internal fault, with yellow flashing
		teaching procedure

# **6.2** Operating principle of the electronic diagnostic output A diagnostic output additionally indicates the operating condition (refer to table 1). These signals can be used in a downstream control.

The short-circuit proof diagnostic output OUT can be used for central visualisation or control functions, e.g. in a PLC. It indicates the switching condition as shown in the table 1.

#### Error

Errors, which no longer guarantee the function of the safety sensor (internal errors) cause the safety outputs to be disabled within the risk time. Any error that does not immediately affect the safe functionality of the safety sensor (e.g. the ambient temperature too high, interference potential at a safety output, cross-wire short) will lead to a delayed shut-down (refer to table 2).

After the rectification of the error, the error message is reset by opening the corresponding safety guard.

#### **Error warning**

The diagnostic output can also be used to detect clearance variations between the sensor and the actuator in the same way as the yellow LED. An active fault causes the diagnostic output to be disabled. The safety outputs are disabled after max. 30 minutes if the fault is not rectified. This signal combination, diagnostic output disabled and safety channels still enabled, can be used to stop the production process in a controlled manner.

Table 1: Examples of the diagnostic function of the safety-sensor with conventional diagnostic output

Sensor function		LEDs		Diagnostic output	Safety outputs	Note	
		Green	Red	Yellow		Y1, Y2	
I.	Supply voltage	On	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	Voltage on, no evaluation of the voltage quality
II.	actuated	Off	Off	On	24 V	24 V	The yellow LED always signals the presence of an actuator within range.
III.	Actuated in limit area	Off	Off	Flashes (1Hz)	24 V pulsed	24 V	The sensor must be adjusted before the distance to the actuator increases and before the safety outputs are disabled, thus stopping the machine.
IV.	Error warning, sensor actuated	Off	Flashes	Off	0 V	24 V	After 30 minutes if the error is not rectified
V.	Error	Off	Flashes	Off	0 V	0 V	Refer to table with flash codes
VI.	Teach actuator	Off	On	Flashes	0 V	0 V	Sensor in teaching mode
VII.	Protection time	Flashes	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	10 minutes pause after re-teaching
VIII.	Error in input circuit X1 and/or X2	Flashes (1Hz)	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	Example: door open; a door in the safety circuit upstream is also open.
IX.	Error in input circuit X1 and/or X2	Flashes (1Hz)	Off	On	24 V	0 V	Example: door closed, a door in the safety circuit upstream is open.

# 6.3 Safety-sensors with serial diagnostic function (only 8-pin version)

Safety sensors with serial diagnostic cable have a serial input and output instead of the conventional diagnostic output. If RSS / CSS safety sensors are wired in series, the safety channels as well as the inputs and outputs of the diagnostic channels are wired in series.

Max. 31 safety switchgear with serial diagnostics can be wired in series. For the evaluation of the serial diagnostics line either the PROFIBUS-Gateway SD-I-DP-V0-2 or the Universal-Gateway SD-I-U-... are used. This SD-Gateway is integrated as a slave in an existing field bus system. In this way, the diagnostic signals can be evaluated by means of a PLC. The necessary software for the integration of the SD-Gateway is available for download at www.schmersal.net.

The response data and the diagnostic data are automatically and permanently written in the assigned input byte of the PLC for each safety sensor in the series-wired chain.

The request data for each safety sensor are transmitted to the device through an output byte of the PLC.

In the event of a communication error between the SD-Gateway and the safety sensor, the switching condition of the safety output of the safety sensor is maintained.

Bit 0: safety outputs enabled

Bit 1: safety sensor actuated, actuator identified

Bit 4: both safety inputs live

Bit 5: safety sensor actuated in hysteresis area Bit 6: error warning, switch-off delay activated Bit 7: error, safety outputs switched off

#### Error

A fault has occurred, which causes the safety outputs to be disabled. The fault is reset, when the cause is eliminated and bit 7 of the request byte changes from 1 to 0 or the safety guard is opened. Faults at the safety outputs are only deleted upon the next release, as the fault rectification cannot be detected sooner.

#### **Error warning**

A fault has occurred, which causes the safety outputs to be disabled after 30 minutes. The safety outputs initially remain enabled. This enables the shutdown of the process in a controlled manner. An error warning is deleted when the error cause is eliminated.

#### Diagnostic error (warning)

If an error (warning) is signalled in the response byte, detailed fault information can be read out.

Detailed information about the use of the serial diagnostics can be found in the operating instructions of the PROFIBUS-Gateway SD-I-DP-V0-2 and the Universal-Gateway SD-I-U-....

Table 2: Function of the visual diagnostic LEDs, the serial status signals and the safety outputs by means of an example

System condition	LEDs			Safety outputs Y1, Y2	Status signals serial diag nostic byte Bit n°		liag-					
	green	red	yellow		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Non-actauted, inputs X1 and X2 enabled	On	Off	Off	0 V	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Actuated, safety outputs enabled	Off	Off	On	24 V	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated in limit area	Off	Off	Flashes (1Hz)	24 V	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated, warning	Off	On/flashes	Off	24 V	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated, fault	Off	On/flashes	Off	0 V	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0

The shown bit order of the diagnostic byte is an example. A different combination of the operational conditions will lead to a change of the bit order.

Table 3: Tabular overview of status signals, warnings or error messages

Communication directions: Request byte: from the PLC to the local safety sensor

Response byte: from the local safety sensor to the PLC Warning/error byte: from the local safety sensor to the PLC

Bit n° Request byte		Response byte	Diagnostic				
			Error warnings	Error messages			
Bit 0:	_	Safety output activated	Error output Y1	Error output Y1			
Bit 1:	<del>-</del>	Actuator detected	Error output Y2	Error output Y2			
Bit 2:	_	_	Cross-wire Y1/Y2	Cross-wire Y1/Y2			
Bit 3:	_	_	Temperature too high	Temperature too high			
Bit 4:	_	Input condition X1 and X2	_	Wrong or defective actuator			
Bit 5:	_	Actuated in limit area	Internal device error	Internal device error			
Bit 6:	_	Error warning	Communication error	_			
			between the field bus Gateway				
			and the safety sensor				
Bit 7:	Error reset	Error	_	_			
		(enabling path switched off)					

The described condition is reached, when Bit = 1

# 7. Set-up and maintenance

### 7.1 Functional testing

The safety function of the safety components must be tested.

The following conditions must be previously checked and met:

- 1. Fitting of the sensor and the actuator.
- 2. Fitting and integrity of the power cable.
- 3. The system is free of dirt and soiling (in particular metal chips).

#### 7.2 Maintenance

In the case of correct installation and adequate use, the safety sensor features maintenance-free functionality.

A regular visual inspection and functional test, including the following steps, is recommended:

- 1. Check the fitting and integrity of the safety sensor, the actuator and the cable
- 2. Remove possible metal chips.



Adequate measures must be taken to ensure protection against tampering either to prevent tampering of the safety guard, for instance by means of replacement actuators.

Damaged or defective components must be replaced.

# 8. Disassembly and disposal

### 8.1 Disassembly

The safety switchgear must be disassembled in a de-energised condition only.

# 8.2 Disposal

The safety switchgear must be disposed of in an appropriate manner in accordance with the national prescriptions and legislations.

# 9. Appendix

# 9.1 Wiring configuration and connector accessories

Function safety switchgear			,	guration of nnector	Colour	codes of the So connectors	Poss. colour codes of other customary connectors		
	with conventional diagnostic output diagnostic function				8-pin version ST		5-pin ST5		
			7 6 6 4 3	4 3	IP67 / IP69 (PUR)	IP69 (PVC)	IP67 / IP69 (PUR)	to IEC 60947-5-2: 2007	
<b>A</b> 1	U <sub>e</sub>		1	1	WH	BN	BN	BN	
X1	Safety input 1		2		BN	WH		WH	
A2	GND		3	3	GN	BU	BU	BU	
Y1	Safety output 1		4	4	YE	BK	BK	BK	
OUT	Diagnostic output SD output		5	5	GY	GY	GY	GY	
X2	Safety input 2		6		PK	VT		PK	
Y2	Safety output 2		7	2	BU	RD	WH	VT	
IN	without function SD input		8		RD	PK		OR	

# Connecting cables (PUR) with coupling (female), IP67 / IP69, M12, 8-pin, 8 x 0.23 mm², to DIN 47100

Cable length	Part number	
2.5 m	103011415	
5.0 m	103007358	
10.0 m	103007359	

# Connecting cables (PUR) with coupling (female), IP67 / IP69, M12, 5-pin, 8 x 0.23 mm², to IEC 60947-5-2

Cable length	Part number
5.0 m	103010816
10.0 m	103010818
15.0 m	103010820

Connecting cables (PVC) with coupling (female), IP69, M12, 8-pin, 8 x 0.21 mm<sup>2</sup>

Cable length	Part number				
5.0 m	101210560				
5.0 m, angled	101210561				
10.0 m	103001389				
15.0 m	103014823				

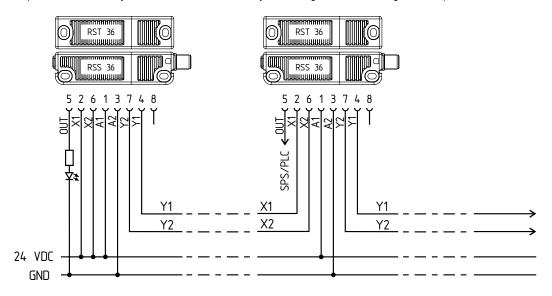
# 9.2 Wiring examples

The application examples shown are suggestions. They however do not release the user from carefully checking whether the switchgear and its set-up are suitable for the individual application.

#### Wiring example 1:

# Series-wiring of the RSS 36 with conventional diagnostic output

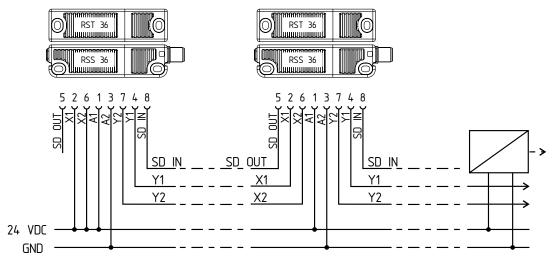
The voltage is supplied to both safety inputs of the last safety sensor of the chain (considered from the safety-monitoring module). The safety outputs of the first safety sensor are wired to the safety-monitoring module. The diagnostic output can be connected for instance to a PLC.



Y1 and Y2 = Safety outputs -> Safety-monitoring module

# Wiring example 2: Series-wiring of the RSS 36 with serial diagnostic function

The voltage is supplied to both safety inputs of the last safety sensor of the chain (considered from the safety-monitoring module). The safety outputs of the first safety sensor are wired to the safety-monitoring module. The serial Diagnostic Gateway is connected to the serial diagnostic input of the first safety sensor.



Y1 and Y2 = Safety outputs -> Safety-monitoring module SD-IN -> Gateway -> Field bus

# **EU Declaration of conformity**

# EU Declaration of conformity

**9** SCHMERSAL

Original K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG

Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal Germany

Internet: www.schmersal.com

We hereby certify that the hereafter described components both in their basic design and construction conform to the applicable European Directives.

Name of the component: **RSS 36** 

Type: See ordering code

Description of the component: Non-contact safety sensor

**Relevant Directives:** 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive 2014/53/EU RED-Directive

2011/65/EU RoHS-Directive

EN 60947-5-3:2013, Applied standards:

EN 300 330 V2.1.1:2017, ISO 14119:2013, EN ISO 13849-1:2015, IEC 61508 parts 1-7:2010,

EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 + A1:2013 + A2:2015

TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH Notified body for the prototype test:

Am Grauen Stein, 51105 Köln

ID n°: 0035

EC-prototype test certificate: 01/205/5115.02/19

Person authorised for the compilation

of the technical documentation:

Oliver Wacker Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal

Place and date of issue: Wuppertal, January 8, 2020

> Authorised signature Philip Schmersal Managing Director

(EN)

RSS36-G-EN

The currently valid declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the internet at www.schmersal.net.





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