Time delay relays

RTA, RTB, RTC, RTH, RTL and RTMF

Application

RTA: Delays energisation of a load.

RTB: Applies a time delay to energisation of a load on closing of an auxiliary

contact (pushbutton).

RTC: Delays energisation of a load on closing of an auxiliary contact

(pushbutton).

RTH: Applies a time delay to energisation of a load.

RTL: Applies a time delay to energisation and de-energisation of a load for differ-

ent periods of time, repeatedly (flashing indicator).

RTMF: Lets you select one of the 4 time delay types: A, B, C or H.

Common technical data

- Time delay range: 0.1s to 100h.
- Control circuit:
- □ Control and supply voltage:

24V dc \pm 10%, 24-240V ac \pm 10%, RTMF: 12-240V ac/dc \pm 10%

☐ Frequency: 50-60 Hz.

- Operating temperature: -5 +55°C.
- Power circuit:
- ☐ Changeover switch (without cadmium), minimum rating: 10 mA/5V dc,

maximum rating: 8 A/250V dc and 8 A/250V ac,

- ☐ Mechanical durability: > 5.10⁶ operations,
 ☐ Electrical durability: > 10⁵ operations (utilisation)
- category AC1).

 Accuracy: ±10% full scale.
- Minimum control impulse duration: 100ms.
- Maximum resetting time by voltage break:
- Repetition accuracy: ±0.5% with constant parameters.
- Indication of contact status by green indicator light (flashing during the time delay).
- Unaffected by brownouts ≤20ms.
- Case protection: IP40.
- Connection by tunnel terminals:
- ☐ 2 x 2.5mm² single strand cable without end,
- ☐ 2 x 1.5mm² multi strand cable with end.

Specific technical data

RTA

- The single time delay cycle starts on energisation of the supply of the RTA relay.
 - The load is energised at the end of time delay T.

RTR

- The single time delay cycle starts on closing of an auxiliary contact (pushbutton).
- At the end of time delay T, the load is de-energised.

RTC

- The single time delay cycle starts when an auxiliary contact is released (pushbutton).
- At the end of time delay T, the load is de-energised.

RTH

- The single time delay cycle starts on energisation of the supply of the RTH relay.
- The load is de-energised at the end of time delay T.

RTL

- The time delay starts cycle on energisation.
- The load is energised for an adjustable time T₁, then de-energised for an adjustable time T₂. This cycle is repeated until the RTL relay supply is de-energised.

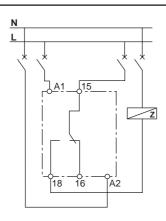
RTMF

As applicable, the RTMF generates the time delay cycles of the RTA, RTB, RTC or RTH relays.

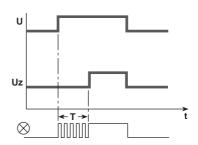
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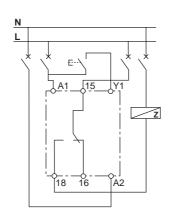




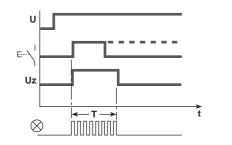
RTA time delay before ON			
Туре	Width	Part N°.	
	in 18mm		
	SP ways		
RTA	1	16065	



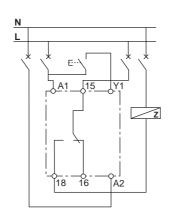




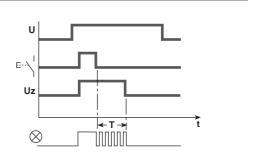
RTB time delay before OFF after energisation			
Туре	Width	Part N°.	
	in 18mm		
	SP ways		
RTB	1	16066	







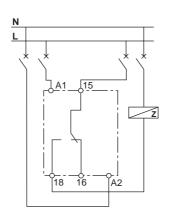
RTC time delay before OFF after de-energisation			
Туре	Width	Part N°.	
	in 18mm		
	SP ways		
RTC	1	16067	



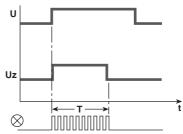
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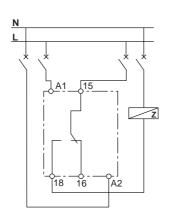


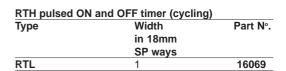


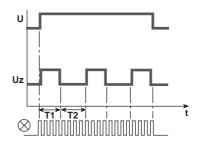
Туре	Width	Part N°.
	in 18mm	
	SP ways	
RTH	1	16068



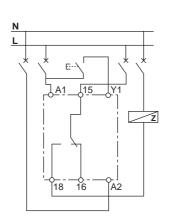












RTMF multi function time delay relay			
Туре	Width	Part N°.	
	in 18mm		
	SP ways		
RTMF	1	16070	