Technical Information **iTEMP TMT31**

Temperature transmitter



4-20~mA temperature transmitter as head or DIN rail device with one RTD or one TC sensor input suitable for use in zone 2 (Ex ec) / Div. 2 areas

Field of application

- Reliability, long-term stability, high accuracy and diagnostic functions
- Installation in industrial and hygienic thermometers with terminal head form B
- DIN rail device for installation in control cabinets
- Available with input for either RTD thermometers or TC thermometers
- Configurable or pre-programmed at the factory

Your benefits

- Push-in terminals for fast, tool-free wiring during installation or maintenance
- Optimization of the accuracy of the measuring point through sensor-transmitter-matching (CvD)
- Diagnostic information according to NAMUR NE107
- Increased safety with Ex approvals



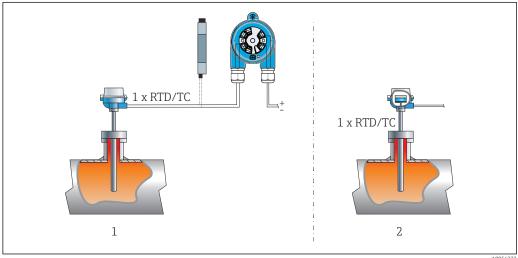
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Function and system design

Measuring system

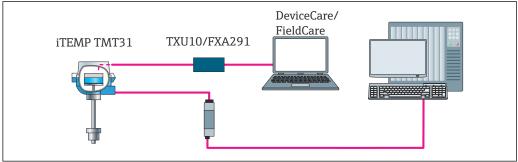


- **№** 1 Application examples
- A sensor (RTD or thermocouple) with transmitter in remote installation via DIN rail transmitter
- Installed head transmitter 1 x RTD/TC wired directly

Endress+Hauser offers a comprehensive range of industrial thermometers with resistance sensors or thermocouples.

When combined with the temperature transmitter, these components form a complete measuring point for a wide range of applications in the industrial sector.

The temperature transmitter is a 2-wire device with one measuring input and one analog output. It is used for instrumentation in terminal head form B (flat face) according to DIN EN 50446 or as a DIN rail device for installation in a cabinet on a mounting rail TH35 according to EN 60715.



₽ 2 Device architecture for PC-programmable transmitter

Standard diagnostic functions

- Cable open-circuit, short-circuit of sensor wires
- Incorrect wiring
- Internal device errors
- Overrange and underrange detection
- Device temperature overrange/underrange detection
- Low voltage detection

Output simulation

Simulation of the 4 to 20 mA output signal

Input

Measured variable

 $Temperature \ (temperature-linear \ transmission \ behavior)$

Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard	Description	α	Measuring range limits	Min. span	
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1) Pt1000 (4)	0.003851	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F)	10 K (18 °F)	
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	0.003916	−200 to +510 °C (−328 to +950 °F)	10 K (18 °F)	
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)	0.003910	−200 to +850 °C (−328 to +1562 °F)	10 K (18 °F)	
-	Pt100 (Callendar van Dusen)	-	The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO.	10 K (18 °F)	
	 Type of connection: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤ 0.3 mA With 2-wire circuit, compensation of wire resistance possible (0 to 30 Ω) With 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire 				

Thermocouples as per standard	Description	Measuring range limits		Min. span
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type A (W5Re-W20Re) (30) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) (31) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) (34) Type J (Fe-CuNi) (35) Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) (37) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) (38) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) Type T (Cu-CuNi) (40)	0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +40 to +1820 °C (+104 to +3308 °F) -250 to +1000 °C (-418 to +1832 °F) -210 to +1200 °C (-346 to +2192 °F) -270 to +1372 °C (-454 to +2502 °F) -270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -200 to +400 °C (-328 to +752 °F)	Recommended temperature range: 0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F) -150 to +1000 °C (-238 to +1832 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F) +200 to +1768 °C (+392 to +3214 °F) +200 to +1768 °C (+392 to +3214 °F) -150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	50 K (90 °F) 50 K (90 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1 ASTM E230-3 ASTM 988-96	Type C (W5Re-W26Re) (32)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
ASTM 988-96	Type D (W3Re-W25Re) (33)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
DIN 43710	Type L (Fe-CuNi) (41)	-200 to +900 °C (-328 to +1652 °F)	-150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	 Internal cold junction (Pt1000) External preset value: configurable value -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) Maximum sensor wire resistance 10 kΩ (If the sensor wire resistance is greater than 10 kΩ, an error message is output in accordance with NAMUR NE89.) 			

Output

Output signal	Analog output	4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA (can be inverted)	
	Galvanic isolation (TC)	U = 1.5 kV AC for 1 minute (input/output)	

Failure information

Failure information as per NAMUR NE43:

 $Failure\ information\ is\ created\ if\ the\ measuring\ information\ is\ missing\ or\ not\ valid.\ The\ error\ with\ the\ highest\ priority\ is\ displayed.$

Underranging	Linear decrease from 4.0 to 3.8 mA
Overranging	Linear increase from 20.0 to 20.5 mA
Failure e.g. sensor failure; sensor short-circuit	\leq 3.6 mA ("low") or \geq 21 mA ("high"), can be selected

Linearization/transmission behavior	Temperature linear	
Filter	1st order digital filter: 0 to 120 s	
	Network frequency filter: 50/60 Hz	(cannot be adjusted)
Protocol-specific data	device description files DTM	Information and files available at: www.endress.com
Switch-on delay	\leq 5 s, until the first valid measured v delay = $I_a \leq$ 3.8 mA	alue signal is present at the current output. While switch-on

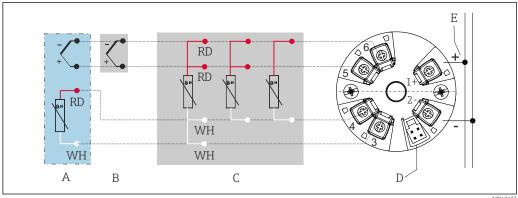
Power supply

Supply voltage $Values \ for \ non-hazardous \ areas, \ protected \ against \ polarity \ reversal: \\ 10 \ V \leq Vcc \leq 36 \ V \ (standard)$ $Values \ for \ hazardous \ area, \ see \ Ex \ documentation.$

Current consumption

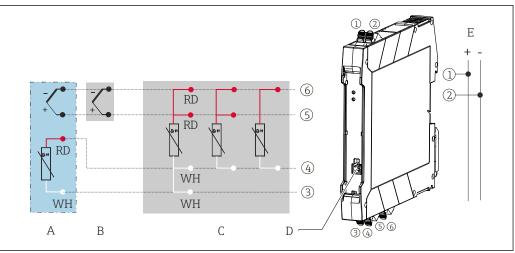
3.5 to 22.5 mA

Electrical connection

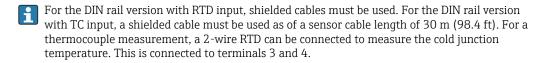


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- \blacksquare 3 Terminal assignment for head transmitter
- A TC sensor input, external cold junction (CJ) Pt1000
- B TC sensor input, internal cold junction (CJ)
- C RTD sensor input: 4-, 3- and 2-wire
- D CDI interface
- E Power supply



- € 4 Terminal assignment for DIN rail transmitter
- Α TC sensor input, external cold junction (CJ) Pt1000
- TC sensor input, internal cold junction (CJ)
- С RTD sensor input: 4-, 3- and 2-wire
- D CDI interface
- Ε Power supply



Terminals

Choice of screw terminals or push-in terminals for sensor and power supply cables:

Terminal design	Cable design	Cable cross-section
Screw terminals	Rigid or flexible	≤ 1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
Push-in terminals 1) (Cable design,	Rigid or flexible	0.2 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG)
stripping length = min. 10 mm (0.39 in)	Flexible with wire end ferrules with/without plastic ferrule	0.25 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG)

1) Ferrules must be used with push-in terminals and when using flexible cables with a cable cross-section of $\leq 0.3 \text{ mm}^2$.

Performance characteristics

Response time	Resistance thermometer (RTD)	0.5 s
	Thermocouple (TC)	0.5 s
	Cold junction (CJ)	2.0 s

Update time

Approx. 500 ms

Reference operating conditions

- Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F)
- Supply voltage: 24 V DC
- 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment

Maximum measurement error

In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference operating conditions specified above. The measurement error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution). The data includes non-linearities and repeatability.

MV = Measured value

LRV = lower range value of the sensor in question

Measurement error for resistance thermometers (RTD)

	Measurement error (±)		
	Increased accuracy in limited measuring range, -50 to $+250$ °C (-58 to $+482$ °F) in the entire measuring range		
RTD	+0.1 $^{\circ}$ C (+0.18 $^{\circ}$ F) or 0.07 $^{\circ}$ 6 of measuring span $^{1)}$	+0.15 °C (+0.27 °F) or 0.07% of the measuring span $^{1)}$	

1) * The larger value is valid

The measurement error data correspond to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution).

Measurement error for thermocouples (TC)

Standard	Description Measuring range Measurement error		Measurement error (±)	Measurement error (±)	
			Measuring span ≤ 500 K	Measuring span > 500 K	
IEC 60584-1	Type A (30)	0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F)	1.63 °C (2.93 °F)	1.75 °C (2.93 °F) or 0.08% of the measuring span ¹⁾	
ASTM E230-3	Type B (31)	+500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F)	1.55 °C (2.79 °F)	1.58 °C (2.79 °F) or 0.15 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
IEC 60584-1 ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	Type C (32)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	0.88 °C (1.58 °F)	1.00 °C (1.58 °F) or 0.06 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
ASTM E988-96	Type D (33)		0.81 °C (1.46 °F)	0.92 °C (1.46 °F) or 0.06 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Type E (34)	−150 to +1000 °C (−238 to +1832 °F)	0.30 °C (0.54 °F)	0.33 °C (0.54 °F) or 0.05 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Туре Ј (35)	- −150 to +1 200 °C (−238 to +2 192 °F)	0.33 °C (0.59 °F)	0.44 °C (0.59 °F) or 0.04 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Туре К (36)		0.41 °C (0.74 °F)	0.50 °C (0.74 °F) or 0.05 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
IEC 60584-1 ASTM E230-3	Type N (37)	-150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F)	0.54 °C (0.97 °F)	0.60 °C (0.97 °F) or 0.06 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Type R (38)	+200 to +1768 °C (-392 to +3214 °F)	0.91 °C (1.64 °F)	0.99 °C (1.64 °F) or 0.07 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Type S (39)	+200 to +1768 °C (+392 to +3214 °F)	0.97 °C (1.75 °F)	1.06 °C (1.75 °F) or 0.07 % of measuring span ¹⁾	
	Type T (40)	−150 to +400 °C (−238 to +752 °F)	0.42 °C (0.76 °F)	0.43 °C (0.76 °F)	
DIN 43710	Type L (41)	-150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F)	0.36 °C (0.65 °F)	0.41 °C (0.65 °F) or 0.05 % o measuring span ¹⁾	

1) The larger value is valid

Operating influences

The measurement error data correspond to 2 $\sigma \mbox{(Gaussian distribution)}.$

Operating influences of ambient temperature and supply voltage on resistance thermometers (RTD)

Description	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change			oply voltage: e (±) per V change
		0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F)	Entire measuring range	0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F)	Entire measuring range
Pt100 (1)	IEC 60751:2008	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.01 °C (0.014 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)
Pt1000 (4)	IEC 007 31.2006	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.02 °C (0.03 °F)	0.01 °C (0.009 °F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)

Description	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change	
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	0.01 °C (0.03 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.01 °C (0.011 °F)	0.02 °C (0.03 °F)
Pt100 (9)	GOST 6651-94	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.01 °C (0.014 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)

Operating influences of ambient temperature and supply voltage on thermocouples (TC)

Description	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change	
		Measuring span ≤ 500 K	Measuring span > 500 K	Measuring span ≤ 500 K	Measuring span > 500 K
Type A (30)	IEC 60584-1	0.07 °C (0.126 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.07 °C (0.13 °F)
Туре В (31)	ASTM E230-3				
Туре С (32)	IEC 60584-1 ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	0.04 °C (0.072 °F)	0.07 °C (0.126 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96				
Type E (34)	IEC 60584-1 ASTM E230-3	0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.04 °C (0.072 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)
Type J (35)		0.02 ((0.030 1)	0.04 C (0.072 1)	0.02 C (0.04 F)	0.03 € (0.03 17)
Туре К (36)					
Type N (37)		0.03 °C (0.05 °C)	0.05 °C (0.00 °T)	0.02 °C (0.04 °E)	0.04 °C (0.07 °T)
Type R (38)		0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)
Type S (39)					
Type T (40)		0.03 °C (0.04 °T)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)
Type L (41)	DIN 43710	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)			

Long-term drift, resistance thermometers (RTD)

Long-term drift (±) 1)				
after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years		
Based on measured value				
0.05 °C (0.09 °F) or 0.03 % of the measuring span	0.06 °C (0.11 °F) or 0.04 % of the measuring span	0.07 °C (0.13 °F) or 0.05 % of the measuring span		

1) The larger value is valid

Long-term drift, thermocouples (TC)

Long-term drift (±) $^{1)}$			
	after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
Type A	1.25 °C (2.25 °F) or 0.065 % of the measuring span	1.60 °C (2.88 °F) or 0.085 % of the measuring span	1.75 °C (3.15 °F) or 0.100 % of the measuring span
Туре В	1.71 °C (3.078 °F)	2.24 °C (4.032 °F)	2.44 °C (4.392 °F)
Type C	0.85 °C (1.53 °F) or 0.055 % of the measuring span	1.08 °C (1.944 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span	1.20 °C (2.16 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span
Type D	0.97 °C (1.746 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span	1.27 °C (2.286 °F) or 0.085 % of the measuring span	1.38 °C (2.484 °F) or 0.100 % of the measuring span
Туре Е	0.35 °C (0.63 °F) or 0.050 % of the measuring span	0.45°C (0.81 °F) or 0.055 % of the measuring span	0.50 °C (0.9 °F) or 0.060 % of the measuring span
Type J	0.4 °C (0.72 °F) or 0.050 % of the measuring span	0.53 °C (0.954 °F) or 0.055 % of the measuring span	0.57 °C (1.026 °F) or 0.065 % of the measuring span

Long-term drift (±) 1)				
Туре К	0.48 °C (0.864 °F) or 0.045 % of the measuring span	0.55 °C (0.99 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span	0.61 °C (1.098 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span	
Type N	0.62 °C (1.116 °F) or 0.055 % of the measuring span	0.80 °C (1.44 °F) or 0.070 % of the measuring span	0.86 °C (1.548 °F) or 0.080 % of the measuring span	
Type R	1.02 °C (1.836 °F) or 0.080 % of the measuring span	1.31 °C (2.358 °F) or 0.115 % of the measuring span	1.48 °C (2.664 °F)	
Type S	1.10 °C (1.98 °F)	1.42 °C (2.556 °F)	1.54 °C (2.772 °F)	
Type T	0.41 °C (0.738 °F)	0.53 °C (0.954 °F)	0.58 °C (1.044 °F)	
Type L	0.34 °C (0.612 °F) or 0.045 % of the measuring span	0.4 °C (0.72 °F) or 0.065 % of the measuring span	0.47 °C (0.846 °F) or 0.060 % of the measuring span	

1) The higher value is valid

Calculation of the maximum measurement error for analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature}^2 + Influence of supply voltage}^2)}$

Influence of the cold junction

Pt1000 DIN IEC 60751 Cl. B (internal cold junction with thermocouples TC)



A 2-wire Pt1000 resistor must be used for external cold junction measurement. The Pt1000 must be positioned directly at the sensor terminals of the device, as the temperature difference between the Pt1000 and the terminal must be added to the measurement error of the sensor element and sensor input Pt1000.

Sensor adjustment

Sensor-transmitter-matching

The device enables the following method to improve the temperature measurement accuracy of RTD sensors significantly:

Callendar van Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer)

The Callendar van Dusen equation is described as:

 $RT = R0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.

Sensor-transmitter matching using the method mentioned above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

1-point adjustment (offset)

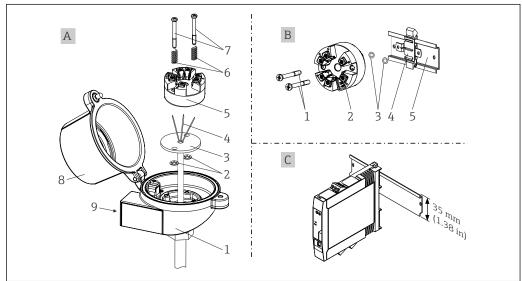
Shifts the sensor value

Current output adjustment

Correction of the 4 and/or 20 mA current output value.

Installation

Installation location



- A005634
- A Terminal head form B (flat face) as per DIN EN 50446, direct installation on insert with cable entry (middle hole 7 mm (0.28 in))
- B With clip on DIN rail as per IEC 60715 (TH35)
- C DIN rail device for mounting on a TH35 mounting rail as per EN 60715



- The head transmitter must not be operated using the DIN rail clip and remote sensors as a substitute for a DIN rail device in a cabinet.
- When installing the head transmitter in a terminal head form B (flat face), make sure there is sufficient space in the terminal head!

Orientation

When using DIN rail devices with a thermocouple measurement, increased measurement deviation may occur depending on the installation situation and ambient conditions. If the DIN rail device is mounted on the DIN rail without any adjacent devices, this may result in deviations of $\pm 1.3\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Greater deviations may arise if the DIN rail device is mounted in series between other DIN rail devices.

Environment

Ambient temperature	-40 to +85 °C (−40 to +185 °F),	
Storage temperature	−50 to +100 °C (−58 to +212 °F)	
Operating altitude	Up to 4,000 m (4,374.5 yards) above sea level.	
Humidity	Condensation: Permitted for head transmitters (95% r.h. according to IEC 60068-2-30) Not permitted for DIN rail transmitters (95% r.h. IEC 60068-2-78)	
Climate class	 ■ Head transmitter climate class: C1 (-5 to +45 °C, 5 to 95r.h.) according to IEC 60654-1 ■ DIN rail transmitter climate class: B2 (-5 to +45 °C, 5 to 95r.h.) according to IEC 60654-1 	
Degree of protection	 Head transmitter with screw terminals: IP 20, head transmitter with push-in terminals: IP 30. When the device is installed, the degree of protection depends on the terminal head or housing used for field mounting. DIN rail transmitter: IP 20 	

Shock and vibration resistance

Vibration resistance according to IEC 60068-2-6:

- Head transmitter:
 - 2 to 10 Hz, 10 mm
 - 10 to 150 Hz at 4 g
- DIN rail transmitter:
 - 2 to 13.2 Hz, 1 mm
 - 13.2 to 100 Hz at 0.7 q

Shock resistance as per KTA 3505 (section 5.8.4 Shock test)

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

CE conformity

Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.

Maximum measurement error <1% of measuring range.

Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements

Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series (CISPR 11), Class B equipment, Group 1

Overvoltage category

Overvoltage category II

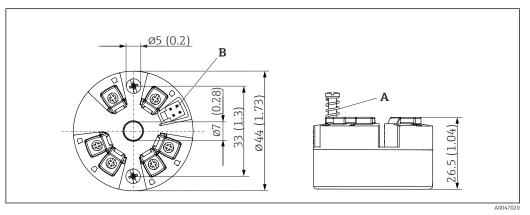
Pollution degree

Pollution degree 2 as per IEC 61010-1

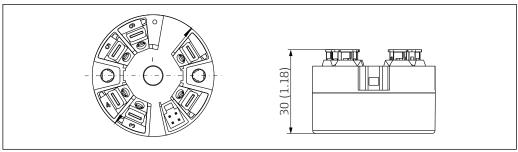
Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)

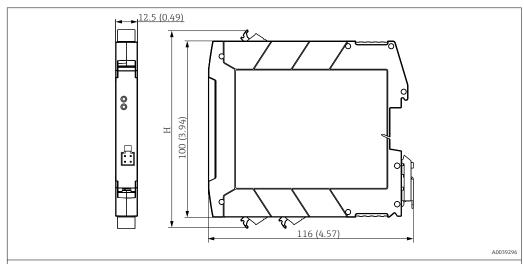


- **■** 5 Version with screw terminals
- *Spring travel L* \geq 5 mm (not for US M4 securing screws)
- CDI interface for connecting a configuration tool



№ 6 Version with push-in terminals. Dimensions are identical to the version with screw terminals, apart from housing height.

DIN rail transmitter



 $\label{thm:eq:height} \mbox{Height of housing H varies depending on the terminal version:}$

- Screw terminals: H = 114 mm (4.49 in)
- Push-in terminals: H = 111.5 mm (4.39 in)

Weight

Head transmitter:

40 to 50 g (1.4 to 1.8 oz)

DIN rail transmitter:

Approx. 100 g (3.53 oz)

Materials

All the materials used are RoHS-compliant.

- Housing: polycarbonate (PC)
- Terminals:
 - Screw terminals: nickel-plated brass
 - Push-in terminals: tin-plated brass, contact springs 1.4310, 301 (AISI)
- Potting compound: SIL gel

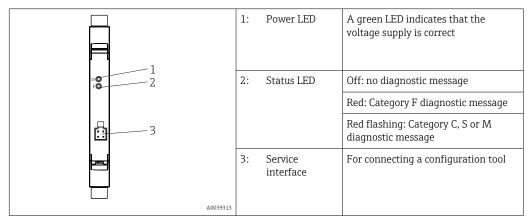
Operability

Remote operation

device-specific parameters are configured via the CDI interface (service interface) of the device. There are special configuration tools from different manufacturers available for this purpose. For more information, contact your Endress+Hauser sales representative.

Local operation

DIN rail transmitter



Write protection for device parameters

Software: write protection using password user role concept (password allocation)

Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at www.endress.com on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- Select Downloads.

MTTF

- RTD input:
 - 418 years
- TC input:

350 years

The mean time to failure (MTTF) denotes the theoretically expected time until the device fails during normal operation. The term MTTF is used for systems that cannot be repaired, e.g. temperature transmitters.

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from your nearest sales organization www.addresses.endress.com or in the Product Configurator at www.endress.com:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- Select Configuration.

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: direct input of information specific to the measuring point, such as the measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

Accessories

The accessories currently available for the product can be selected at www.endress.com:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Spare parts & Accessories**.

Device-specific accessories

Adapter for DIN rail mounting, DIN rail clip as per IEC 60715 (TH35) without securing screws

Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws + springs, 4 lock washers and 1 CDI connector cover)

US - M4 securing screws (2 M4 screws and 1 CDI connector cover)

Service-specific accessories

Configuration kit TXU10

 $Configuration\ kit\ for\ PC-programmable\ transmitter\ -\ FDT/DTM-based\ plant\ asset\ management\ tool,$ $Field Care/Device Care,\ and\ interface\ cable\ (4-pin\ connector)\ for\ PC\ with\ USB\ port.$

For more information, please refer to: www.endress.com

DeviceCare SFE100	Configuration tool for devices via fieldbus protocols and Endress+Hauser service protocols. DeviceCare is the tool developed by Endress+Hauser for the configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. All smart devices in a plant can be configured via a point-to-point or point-to-bus connection. The user-friendly menus enable transparent and intuitive access to the field devices. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S
FieldCare SFE500	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00065S

Online tools

Configurator

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: direct input of information specific to the measuring point, such as the measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

The Configurator is available at www.endress.com on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Configuration**.

Applicator

Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:

- Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections.
- Graphic illustration of the calculation results

Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.

Applicator is available:

https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator

System components

RN series active barrier

Single- or two-channel active barrier for safe separation of 0/4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits with bidirectional HART transmission. In the signal duplicator option, the input signal is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs. The device has one active and one passive current input; the outputs can be operated actively or passively.

For more information, please refer to: www.endress.com

Process indicators from the RIA product family

Easily readable process indicators with various functions: loop-powered indicators for displaying 4 to 20 mAvalues, display of up to four HART variables, process indicators with control units, limit value monitoring, sensor power supply, and galvanic isolation.

Universal application thanks to international hazardous area approvals, suitable for panel mounting or field installation..

For more information, please refer to: www.endress.com

Supplementary documentation

The following document types are available in the Download area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads):

Document	Purpose and content of the document	
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.	
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.	
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.	
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.	
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. These are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.	
	Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.	



www.addresses.endress.com