

Operating Instructions

English translation
Errors and technical changes reserved

Correct use





ZSCoupling is a coupling relay with forcibly guided contacts according to EN 61810-3, which can be used in safety-related applications according to EN ISO 13849-1 and EN 62061 / EN 61508 up to PL c or SIL 1.

The ZSCoupling couples safe signals of e.g. pulsed PLC's to the periphery for galvanic isolation and power adjustment and can also used for contact expansion of a safety relay such as from the ZANDER SR series.



- Forcibly guided relay contacts according to EN 61810-3
- 3 NO / 1NC
- High Power variant for high loads at high temperatures available
- Coupling of safe signals for galvanically isolated power adjustment
- · Contact expansion for safety relays
- Display of the switching status via LED
- Suitable for safety applications up to PL c (EN ISO 13849-1), SIL 1 (EN 62061 / EN 61508)

Function

When the control signal is switched on at A1/A2, the positively driven relay of ZSCoupling is activated, whereby the NO enable current paths (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) are immediately closed. By disconnecting the control signal, the relays are deactivated, whereby the NO enable current paths open immediately.

The integration of the NC feedback current path (41-42) into a feedback circuit of the controlling unit ensures that a non-opening of an enable current path is detected, whereby the controlling unit takes measures for interlocked shutdown depending on the application.



CAUTION:

The use of the ZSCoupling requires that the control as well as the monitoring is carried out by a safety component suitable for the respective safety function. The sole use of ZSCoupling in safety-related applications is not permitted.

A free-wheeling diode built into the ZSCoupling protects the driving unit from overload. Two support terminals for A1 and A2 allow easy wiring in case of cascading several ZSCoupling.

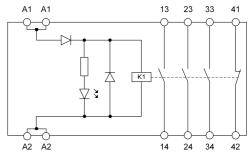


Fig 1 Block diagram ZSCoupling

Installation

- In accordance with EN 60204-1, the device is intended for installation in control cabinets with minimum protection class IP54. The following must be observed:
- Mounting on 35 mm mounting rail according to EN 60715
- Ensure sufficient heat dissipation in the control cabinet
- Minimum distance to adjacent devices according to cumulative current limit curve

Note: Spacer from ZANDER AACHEN (Art. No. 472596) for defined distances - See section Accessories

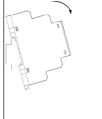


Fig. 2 Mounting / Demounting

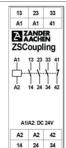
Safety Precautions



- Installation and commissioning of the device must be performed only by authorized personnel.
- Observe the country-specific regulations when installing the device.
- The electrical connection of the device is only allowed to be made with the device isolated.
- The wiring of the device must comply with the instructions in this user information, otherwise there is a risk that the safety function will be lost.
- It is not allowed to open the device, tamper with the device or bypass the safety devices.
- Contact protection and insulation of the supply lines must be designed for the highest voltage applied to the device.
- All relevant safety regulations and standards are to be observed.
- The overall concept of the control system in which the device is incorporated must be validated by the user.
- Failure to observe the safety regulations can result in death, serious injury and serious damage.
- Note down the version of the product (see label "Ver.") and check it prior to every commissioning of a new device. If the version has changed, the overall concept of the control system in which the device is incorporated must be validated again by the user.

Electrical Connection

- Consider the information in the section "Techn. data"
- External fusing of the safety contacts must be provided
- Max. line resistance at nominal voltage is 100 Ω
- Feedback contact 41-42 must not be used as safety contact
- If the device does not function after commissioning, it must be returned to the manufacturer unopened. Opening the device will void the warranty
- Sufficient protective circuitry for inductive loads (e.g. free-wheeling diode) must be provided



A1: Control signal - DC 24V
A2: Reference potential - 0V
13-14: Enable current path 1
23-24: Enable current path 2
33-34: Enable current path 3
41-42: Feedback current path

Fig. 3 Terminals



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Applications

ZSCoupling as singlechannel coupling relay for safe PLC output The device has to be wired as shown in Fig. 4 or Fig. 5

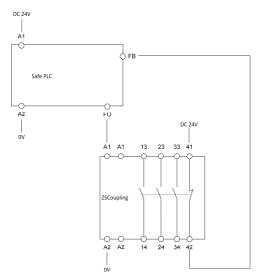


Fig 4:

Single-channel control with safe PLC output.

(Application up to PL c / SIL 1 if the safe output fulfills at least PL c / SIL 1, the ZSCoupling is monitored via the feedback circuit 41 - 42 and cross-circuits in the control line can be excluded - see note).

Attention

Enable current paths switch immediately when the switching voltage is applied.

Note:

For fault exclusion of cross-connections according to EN ISO 13849-2, wiring must be in a protected wiring compartment with minimum protection class IP54.

E.g. EN ISO 13849-2, Tab. D4 - Wiring within an electrical installation space according to EN 60204-1.



Monitoring of the ZSCoupling via the feedback contact 41 - 42 is mandatory.



ZSCoupling as singlechannel expansion module for safety

ATTENION:

- The 0V potential of the PLC and the ZSCoupling must be the same reference potential
- It must be ensured that any switch-on pulses sent by the PLC do not cause the ZSCoupling to activate and should therefore always be deactivated.

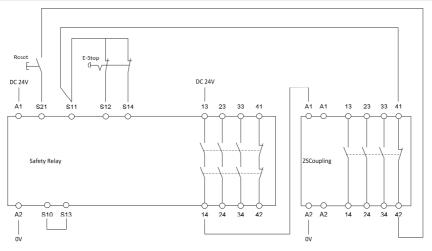


Fig. 5:

Wiring for contact expansion of a basic device (e.g. SR3C).

(Up to PL c / SIL 1 if the safety relay fulfills PL c / SIL 1 and cross-connections in the control line can be excluded - see note)

Attention: Relay contacts switches immediately when the switching voltage is applied.

Note:

For fault exclusion of cross-connections according to EN ISO 13849-2, wiring must be in a protected wiring compartment with minimum protection class IP54. E.g. EN ISO 13849-2, Tab. D4 - Wiring within an electrical installation space according to EN 60204-1.



Monitoring of the ZSCoupling via the feedback contact 41 - 42 is mandatory.

Commissioning Procedure

Note: Follow the guidelines in "Electrical Connection" during the start-up.

1. Wiring feedback loop:

Integrate the feedback contact into the feedback loop of the controlling unit - see figure 4 or figure 5 depending on the application.

2. Wiring control signal:

Connect the control signal to terminal A1 and A2 to the corresponding reference potential - see figure 4 or figure 5 depending on the application.

Attention:

Wiring only in the de-energized state.

3. Activate the device

Activate the ZSCoupling via A1.

Attention:

Relay contacts switches immediately when the switching voltage is applied. The LED in the front lit.

4. Deactivate the device

Deactivate the ZSCoupling via A1. The ELD in the front turns off.

5. Restart:

Restart the ZSCoupling via A1.The LED in the front lit.



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Checks and maintenance The following checks are regulary required to ensure proper and continuous functioning

- · Check the switching function
- Check for signs of manipulation and safety function bypassing
- · Check if the device is mounted and connected securely

Check for soiling

Check if the safety device is working properly, in particular:

- · Every time after initial commissioning
- · Every time after replacing a component
- After every fault in the safety circuit

Regardless of this, the safe functioning of the safety device should be checked at suitable intervals, e.g. as part of the maintenance schedule of the plant. Not maintenance ist required for the device itself.

What to do in Case of a Fault?

Device does not switch on:

- Check the wiring by comparing it to the wiring diagrams
- Check the control line at A1
- Check Feedback loop
- · Check reference potential

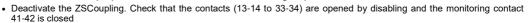
If the fault still exists, perform the steps listed under "Commissioning Procedure".

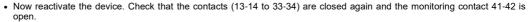
If these steps do not remedy the fault either, return the device to the manufacturer for examination.

Opening the device is impermissible and will void the warranty.

Proof-Test

In order to check the proper function of the device, the following steps have to be carried out





If one of the above switching states is not present, the proof test is failed.

ATTENTION: If the proof test is not passed, it is mandatory to replace the device. Otherwise, there is a risk of loss of functional safety.

Techn. Data

the following standards Power consumption	IEC 61508 Parts 1-2 und 4-7; IEC 61511-1 A1/A2 = DC 24 V: approx. 0.8W
Control voltage	DC 24 V - 15 % / + 10%
Max. leakage current at "0"	5 mA
Filtering of test pulses at nominal voltage DC 24V	JIIIA
Switch-off pulses (Pulse width / Pulse rate)	≤ 2 ms / ≥ 50 ms
Number NO contacts	3
Number NC contacts	1
Max. switching voltage	AC 250 V
NO breaking capacity	AC: 250 V, 2000 VA, 8 A for DC-1
(13-14, 23-24, 33-34)	250 V, 3 A for AC-15
(6 switching cycles / min)	DC: 30 V, 240 W, 8 A for DC-1
	24 V, 3 A for DC-13
Max. thermal total current I _{th}	See total current limit curve
NC breaking capacity (41-42)	AC: 250 V, 500 VA, 2 A für DC-1 DC: 30 V, 60 W, 2 A für DC-1
Min. contact load	5 V, 10 mA
External fuses NO / NC	10 A gG / 4 A gG
Wire width	0.14 - 2.5 mm ²
Tightening moment (Min. / Max.)	0.5 Nm / 0.6 Nm
Typ. switch-on delay / switch-off delay of NO Contacts (13-14, 23-24, 33-34)	< 25 ms / < 40 ms (A1/A2 = DC 24 V)
Max. line resistance at nominal voltage	100 Ω
Contact material	AgSnO ₂
Service life	mech. 1 x 10 ⁷ cycles
Dielectric strength (EN 60664-1)	800V: Basic strength for SELV/PELV circuit (A1, A2, 41, 42) 6kV: Safe strength, reinforced insulation between relay contacts (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) and SEL/PELV circuit (A1, A2, 41, 42)
Rated insulation voltage	50V: SELV/PELV circuit (A1, A2, 41, 42) 250V: Between relay contacts (13-14, 23-24, 33-34) and SELV/PELV circuit(A1, A2, 41, 42)
Protection	IP20
Ambient temperature range	-15 °C to +55 °C (See total current limit curve)
Max. altitude	≤ 2000 m (above sea level)
Degree of pollution / Overvoltage category	2 / 3 (DIN VDE 0110-1)
Weight	approx. 70 g
Mounting	DIN rail according to EN 60715 TH35



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Disclaimer and warranty

If the above mentioned conditions for appropriate use are not complied with or if the safety instructions are not followed or if any maintenance operations are not carried out as required, this shall lead to an exclusion of liability and loss of warranty.

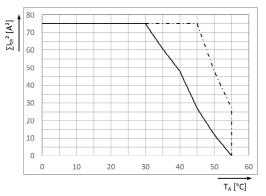
ATTENTION!

We would like to point out that it is the full responsibility of the operator to ensure a plant availability. Using the ZSCoupling in safety applications the safey state "Energy Switched Off" is established if requested by the controlling device.

This means that the connected load is switched off as soon as a request from connected sensor elements or diagnostic measures detects a dangerous state, e.g. caused by a component fault.

Since process-related applications in particular have high demands on availability, limited availability can also have significant consequences. It is therefore recommended to stock a second unit to avoid long downtimes in such a case. These are recommendations of the manufacturer, the evaluation of the importance of the plant availability is the sole responsibility of the operator.

Total Current Lmit Curve



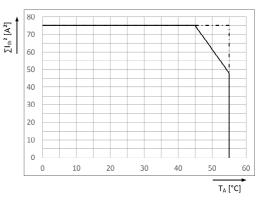


Fig 6: Total current limit curve ZSCoupling

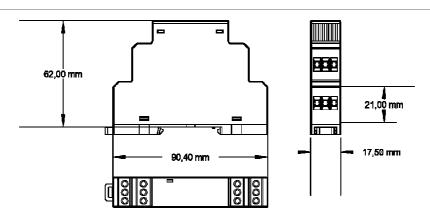
Fig. 7: Total current limit curve ZSCoupling HP

Fig. 6 and Fig. 7 shows the total current limit curves for ZSCoupling (Fig. 6) and ZSCoupling HP (Fig. 7).

0 mm distance to adjacent devices with the same power dissipation
 5 mm distance to adjacent devices with the same power dissipation

Total current: $\sum I_{th}^2 = I_1^2 + I_2^2 + I_3^2 (I_1, I_2, I_3)$: Current over contacts 13-14, 23-24, 33-34)





Variants
Order-No. 456020
ZSCoupling, DC 24 V fixed screw terminals
Order-No. 456030
ZSCoupling HP, DC 24V fixed screw terminals

Accessories Order-No. 472596 Spacer Electric Cabinetrail spacer 5mm, PU = 12 pcs



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Safety Characteristics

B10_d - values

B10 _d values [cycles] - AC-15	I ≤ 1A	I ≤ 2 A	l ≤ 3 A
		400.000	400.000
B10 _d values [cycles] - DC-13	I ≤ 1A	I ≤ 2 A	I ≤ 3 A
		450.000	450.000

Safety parameters according to EN ISO 13849-1

Load - AC-15 / DC-13	≤1A/≤1A	≤2A/≤2A	≤3A/≤3A
Max. duration of use [Years]	20	20	20
Proof-Test-Intervall [Years]	1	1	1
PFH [1/h]	С	С	С
SIL	1.14E-06	1.14E-06	1.14E-06
nop [Cycles / year] - AC-15 / DC-13	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 100,000	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 22,500	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 22,500

Safety parameters according to IEC 61508 - High Demand

Туре	A		
HFT	0		
SIL	1		
SFF [%]	50		
λ _{SD} [FIT]	0		
λ _{SU} [FIT]	571		
λ _{DD} [FIT]	0		
λ _{DU} [FIT]	571		
PFH [1/h]	5.71E-07		
Load - AC-15 / DC-13	≤1A/≤1A	≤2A/≤2A	≤3 A / ≤3 A
nop [Cycles / year] - AC-15 / DC-13	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 100,000	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 22,500	≤ 20,000 / ≤ 22,500

Safety parameters according to IEC 61508 - Low Demand

Туре	A
HFT	0
SIL	1
SFF [%]	50
λ _{SD} [FIT]	0
λ _{SU} [FIT]	250
λ _{DD} [FIT]	0
λ _{DU} [FIT]	250
PFD _{avg} (e.g. for T = 1 year)	1,1E-03
PTI (Proof-Test Intervall) [year]	13

