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# 4DLCD-50800480-IPS-[RTP/CTP]-[CLB] 5.0" TFT Liquid Crystal Display

## **DATASHEET**

Document Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2021

**Document Revision: 1.3** 

## **Revision History**

REVISION	DATE	COMMENT	REMARKS
1.2	22/02/2021	Initial Version of IPS Datasheet	Initial Version
1.3	23/06/2021	Added logic current consumption data, added backlight circuit example.	

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## 1. General Specification

4DLCD-50800480-IPS is a colour active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT IPS (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a colour TFT-LCD panel, driver IC, FPC and a back light unit and with/without a Resistive/Capacitive Touch Panel (RTP or CTP), and with/without a Cover Lens Bezel (CLB). The module display area contains 800 x 480 pixels. This product accords with RoHS environmental criterion.

	ITEM	CONTENTS	UNIT	
LCD Type		TFT / Transmissive / IPS		
Size		5.0	Inch	
Viewing Dir	ection	ALL		
Display Mo	de	Normally Black		
	4DLCD-50800480	120.70 x 75.80 x 3.0		
LCD	4DLCD-50800480-RTP	120.70 x 75.80 x 4.2		
$(W \times H \times T)$	) 4DLCD-50800480-CTP	120.70 x 75.80 x 4.63	mm	
	4DLCD-50800480-CTP-CLB	140.70 x 93.83 x 4.63 (Including CLB)		
Active Area	(W×H)	108.00 × 64.80	mm	
Dot Pitch (\	W×H)	0.135 × 0.135	mm	
Number of	Dots (Pixels)	800 (RGB) × 480		
Driver IC		SC7262A		
Backlight Ty	уре	18 LEDs		
	4DLCD-50800480	600 (typical)		
Surface	4DLCD-50800480-RTP	510 (typical)	cd/m²	
Luminance	4DLCD-50800480-CTP	540 (typical)		
	4DLCD-50800480-CTP-CLB	540 (typical)		
Interface Ty	ype	Parallel RGB 24-bit		
Color Depti	า	16.7M		
Pixel Arran	gement	RGB Vertical Stripe		
Surface Tre	atment	AG		
Input Volta	ge	3.3 (typical)	٧	
With/Without TP (Touch Panel)		4DLCD-50800480-IPS – Without TP 4DLCD-50800480-IPS-RTP – With Resistive Touch 4DLCD-50800480-IPS-CTP – With Capacitive Touch 4DLCD-50800480-IPS-CTP-CLB – With Capacitive Touch and Cover Lens Bezel		
	4DLCD-50800480	55.2		
Woight	4DLCD-50800480-RTP	74.6	_	
Weight	4DLCD-50800480-CTP	82.0	g	
	4DLCD-50800480-CTP-CLB	98.6		

Note 1: RoHS compliant

Note 2: LCD weight tolerance: ± 5%.

#### **Part Number Details:**

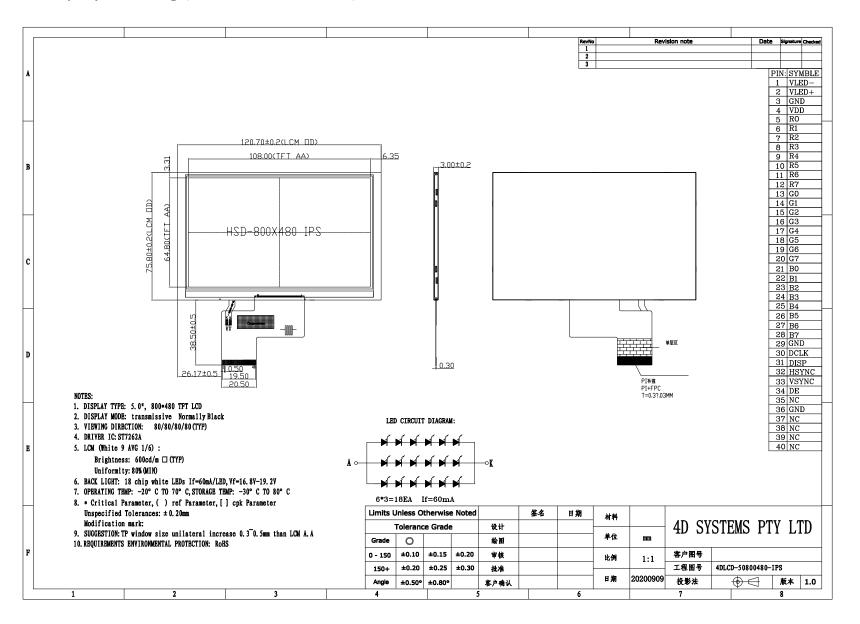
4DLCD 4D Systems LCD Display 50800480 5.0 inch, 800 x 480 Resolution

RTP Resistive Touch
CTP Capacitive Touch
CLB Cover Lens Bezel

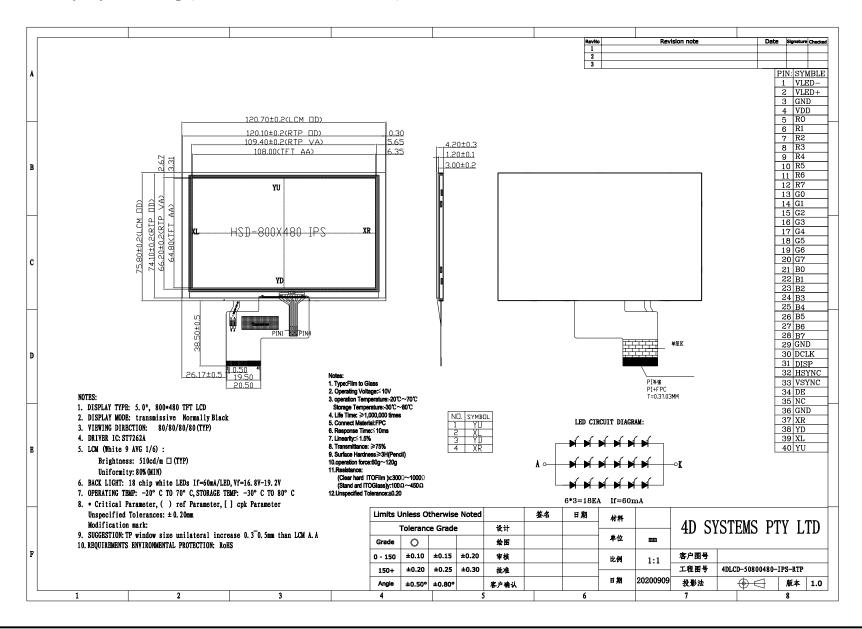




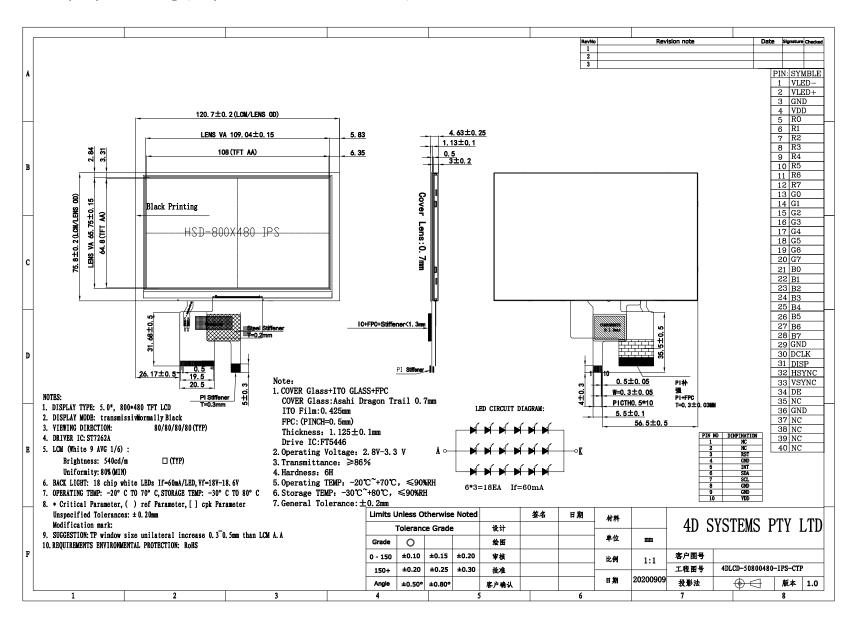
## 2. TFT LCD Display Drawing (Non Touch Version)



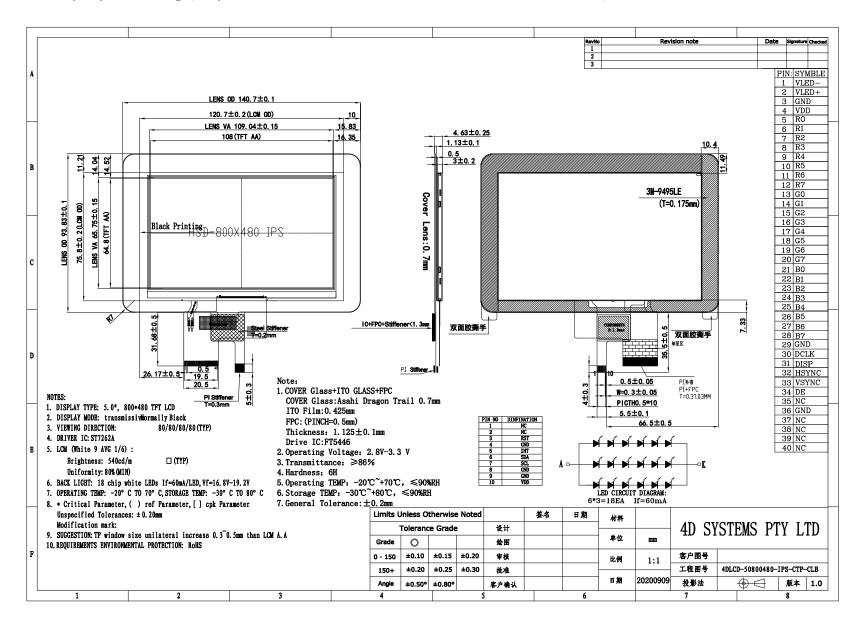
## 3. TFT LCD Display Drawing (Resistive Touch Version)



## 4. TFT LCD Display Drawing (Capacitive Touch Version)



## 5. TFT LCD Display Drawing (Capacitive Touch Version with Cover Lens Bezel)



## 6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage for LCD Logic	VDD/VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Supply Voltage for TP Logic	VDD/VCC-VSS	-	3.6	V
Input Voltage for Logic	VIN	VSS-0.5	VDD	V
LED forward voltage (each LED)	IF	-	25	mA
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-30	80	°C
Humidity	RH	-	90% (Max 60°C)	RH

## 7. Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power Voltage	VDD/DCC	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
Input Current	IVDD	-	13	-	mA
Input Voltage 'H' Level	ViH	0.7 VDD	-	VDD	V
Input Voltage 'L' Level	VIL	0	-	0.3 VDD	V

## 8. Electro-Optical Characteristics

ITEM		SYM	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	REMARK
Response Time	Response Time		θ=0	-	30	40	ms	Figure 1 (4)
Contrast Ratio		Cr	0	800	1000	-	-	Figure 2 (1)
Luminance Unifo	rmity	δ WHITE	Ø=0	75	80	-	%	Figure 2 (3)
			4DLCD-50800480	-	600	-		
			4DLCD-50800480-RTP	-	510	ı		
Surface Luminance		Lv	4DLCD-50800480-CTP	-	540	-	cd/m <sub>2</sub>	Figure 2 (2)
			4DLCD-50800480-CTP- CLB	-	540	-		
			Ø = 90°	70	80	- deg		
Minusias Angla Dana		0	Ø = 270°		80	-	deg	Fig. 12 (C)
Viewing Angle Rang	ge	θ	Ø = 0°	70	80	-	deg	Figure 3 (6)
			Ø = 180°	70	80	-	deg	
	Dod	х			0.629			
	Red	У			0.326			
	Cuasu	х	θ=0°		0.337			
CIE (x,y)	Green	У	Ø=0°	0.1	0.546	.0.1		Fig. 12 (F)
Cromacity	Dluc	х	Ta=25	-0.1	0.136	+0.1		Figure 2 (5)
	Blue	У			0.143			
	) A / l- : 4	х			0.320			
	White	У			0.345			

## 9. Backlight Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Voltage for LED backlight (each LED)	Vı	2.8	3.0	3.2	V
Voltage for LED backlight (entire String – 18 LED's)	Vistring	16.8	18.0	19.2	V
Current for LED backlight (each LED)	lı	-	20	25	mA
Current for LED backlight (entire String – 18 LED's)	listring	-	60	75	mA
LED Life Time	-	30000	-	-	Hrs

Note: The LED life time is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C.

Note 1: Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as below, for more information see Figure 1.

Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

**Note 2**: Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information, see Figure 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

**Note 3**: The uniformity in surface luminance  $\delta$  WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information, see Figure 2.

δ WHITE = Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

**Note 4**: Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white (Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers ConoScope series.

**Note 5**: CIE (x, y) chromaticity, the x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value.

**Note 6**: Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information, see Figure 3.

**Note 7**: For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is based on Autronic-Melchers ConoScope series. Instruments for Contrast Ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance Uniformity, CIE the test data is based on TOPCONs BM-5 photo detector.

Figure 1. The definition of response time

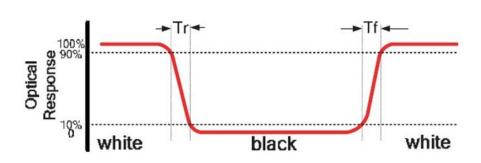


Figure 2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

A: 5 mm B:5 mm

H,V: Active Area

Light spot size ∅=5mm, 500mm distance from the

LCD surface to detector lens

measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance

meter BM-5

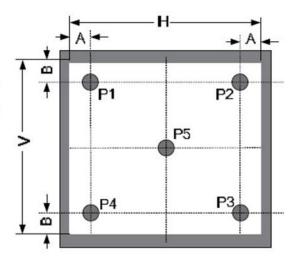
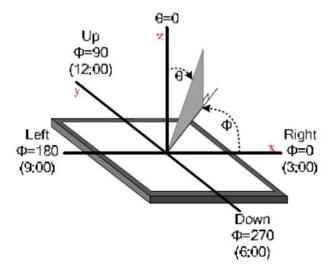


Figure 3. The definition of viewing angle



## 10. Interface Descriptions

#### 10.1 LCD Interface

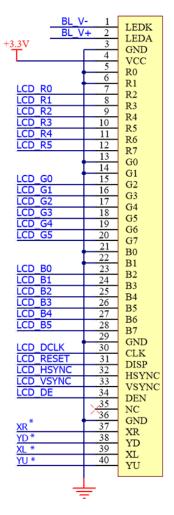
PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	LED-		KLIVIAIKK
2	LED+	Cathode of LED Backlight  Anode of LED Backlight	
3	GND	Ground	
4	DVDD	Power supply (Logic)	
5	RO	Red data input R0	Note1
6	R1	Red data input R1	Note1
7	R2	Red data input R2	Note1
8	R3	Red data input R3	Note1
9	R4	Red data input R4	Note1
10	R5	Red data input R5	Note1
11	R6	Red data input R6	Note1
	R7	Red data input R7	Note1
12	G0		
14	G1	Green data input G1	Note1
15	G2	Green data input G1 Green data input G2	Note1 Note1
16	G3	Green data input G3	
17	G3	·	Note1
18	G5	Green data input G4 Green data input G5	Note1 Note1
	G6		
19		Green data input G7	Note1
20	G7	Green data input G7	Note1
21	B0	Blue data input B0	Note1
22	B1	Blue data input B1	Note1
23	B2	Blue data input B2	Note1
24	B3	Blue data input B3	Note1
25	B4	Blue data input B4	Note1
26	B5	Blue data input B5	Note1
27	B6	Blue data input B6	Note1
28	B7	Blue data input B7	Note1
29	GND	Ground	
30	DCLK	Clock for input data. Data latched at rising/falling edge of this signal. Default is falling edge.	
31	DISP	Standby mode control. (Normally pull high) STBYB="L", enter standby mode for power saving. Timing controller source driver will turn off, all outputs are Hi-Z. STBYB="H", normal operation.	
32	HS	Horizontal sync input	
33	VS	Vertical sync input	
34	DE	Input data enable control. When DE mode, active High to enable data input(Normally pull low)	
35	NC	No Connect	
36	GND	Ground	
37	XR	The touch panel X right pin (RTP only – NC for others)	Note2
38	YD	The touch panel Y down pin (RTP only – NC for others)	Note2
39	XL	The touch panel X left pin (RTP only – NC for others)	Note2
40	YU	The touch panel Y up pin (RTP only – NC for others)	Note2

**Note1:** For applications that uses less than 24 bits, pins are tied to ground to reduce the total bits used.

Note2: Pins 37, 38, 39 and, 40 are only applicable to touch screen displays (4DLCD-xxxxxxxxx-RTP).

BL_V		LEDK						
BL_V	+ 2	LEDA						
-3.3V	3	GND						
T	4	VCC						
LCD_R0	5	R0						
LCD_R1	6	R1						
LCD_R2	. 7	R2						
LCD_R3	8	R3						
LCD_R4	9	R4						
LCD_R5	10	R5						
LCD_R6	11	R6						
LCD_R7	12	R7						
LCD_G0	13	G0						
LCD_G1	14	G0 G1						
LCD_G2	15	G2						
LCD_G3	16	G2 G3						
LCD_G4	17	G3 G4						
LCD_G5	18	G5						
LCD_G6	19	G6						
LCD_G7	20	G6 G7						
LCD_B0	21	B0						
LCD_B1	22	B0 B1						
LCD_B2	23	B2						
LCD_B3	24	B2 B3						
LCD_B4	25	B4						
LCD_B5	26	B5						
LCD_B6	27	B6						
LCD_B7	28	B7						
	29	GND						
LCD_DCLK	30	CLK						
LCD_DISP	31	DISP						
LCD_HSYNC	32	HSYNC						
LCD_VSYNC	33	VSYNC						
LCD_DE	34	DEN						
	35	NC						
*	36	GND						
XR "	37	XR						
YD*	38	YD						
XL *	39	XL						
YU*	40	YU						
		10						
_	L							
-	=							
* This has no connection (NC)								

<sup>\*</sup> This has no connection (NC) for Non-touch displays



\* This has no connection (NC) for Non-touch displays

24 Bit mode

18 Bit mode

#### 10.2 CTP Interface

PIN No.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	NC	No Connect	
2	NC	No Connect	Only connected
3	RST	Reset pin	to the CTP Panel,
4	GND	Ground	not connected to
5	INT	Interrupt signal from CTP	the LCD itself
6	SDA	I2C SDA	
7	SCL	I2C SCL	N/A for Non-
8	GND	Ground	touch and RTP
9	GND	Ground	models.
10	VDD	Power Supply (3.3V)	

The Capacitive Touch is driven by a **Focaltech FT5446** capacitive touch driver IC, which utilizes an I2C interface, and is capable of 5-point touch.

## 11. Backlight Example Circuit

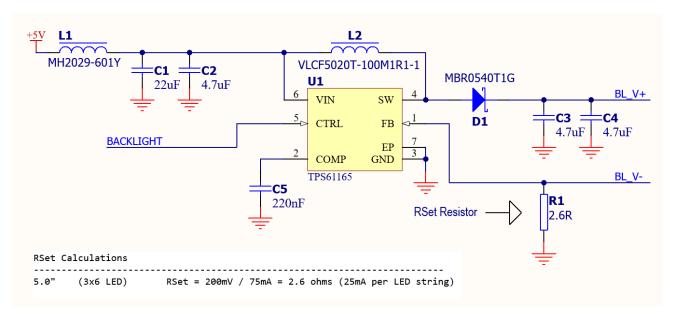
The backlight circuit of this LCD needs an appropriate backlight driver. It can not be simply driven directly by a 3.3V or 5.0V supply like smaller displays, this is because of the number of LED's connected in series and parallel, which is known as an LED String. A backlight driver is required to boost the voltage from the input supply to the requirements for the LED string.

There are many backlight driver IC's on the market. Some examples are:

Texas Instruments TPS61165 Texas Instruments TPS61080 On-Semi FAN5333B

On selecting of the backlight driver, ensure it is capable of driving the number of LED's in the string featured in this display, and it supports the input voltage you are looking to supply. Often 3.3V or 5V is possible to supply into the backlight drivers, and it will boost it to the required output based on the requirements of the LED's. The current can then be set with a resistor. Please refer to the datasheet for the selected Driver IC of your choice.

In this example, the TPS61165 is depicted.



The RSet calculation is found in the Datasheet for the backlight driver. Each one will vary, as well as the circuit and the components required. Please refer to their datasheets.

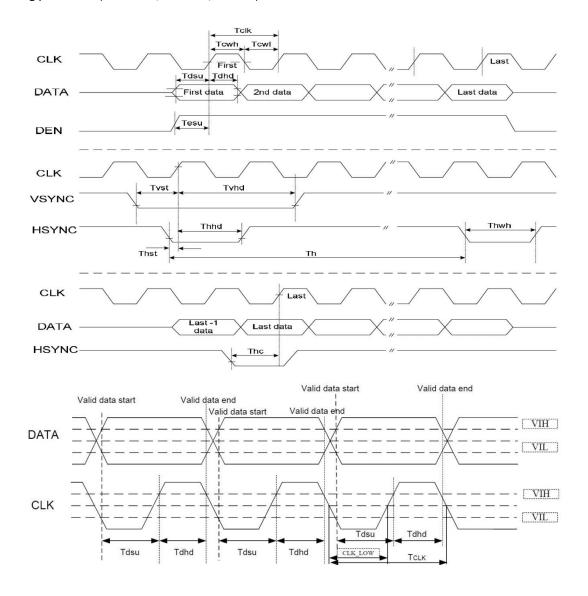
Refer to Section 9 of this document for information specific to the backlight requirements, as well as the drawing of the display to see the configuration of the backlight LED string.

## 12. LCD Timing Details

#### 12.1 Timing Chart

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	CONDITION
CLK Clock Time	Tclk	1/Max(Fclk)	-	1/Min(Fclk)	ns	-
CLK Pulse Duty	Tchw	40	50	60	%	Тськ
HSYNC to CLK	Thc	-	-	1	CLK	-
HSYNC Width	Thwh	1	-	-	CLK	-
VSYNC Width	Tvwh	1	-	-	ns	-
HSYNC Period Time	Th	60	63.56	67	ns	-
VSYNC Set-up Time	T <sub>vst</sub>	12	-	-	ns	-
VSYNC Hold Time	Tvhd	12	-	-	ns	-
HSYNC Setup Time	Thst	12	-	-	ns	-
HSYNC Hold Time	Thhd	12	-	-	ns	-
Data Set-up Time	Tdsu	12	-	-	ns	D00~D23 to CLK
Data Hold Time	Tdhd	12	-	-	ns	D00~D23 to CLK
DEN Set-up Time	Tesu	12	-	-	ns	DEN to CLK

Timing parameter (VDD=3.3V, GND=0V, Ta=25C)

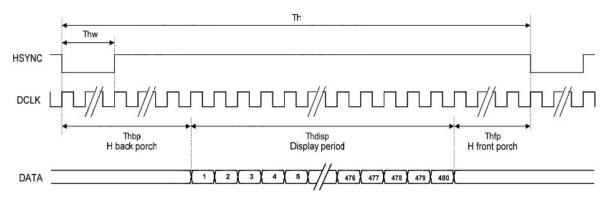


Timing parameter (VDD=3.3V, GND=0V, Ta=25C)

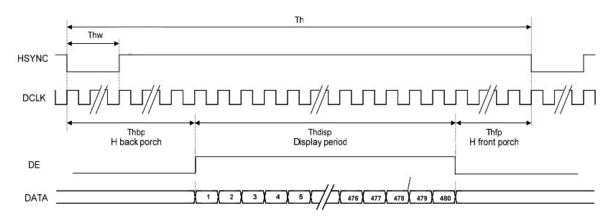
## 12.2 Timing Characteristic

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DCLK Frequency		Fclk	23	25	27	MHz	
	Period Time	Th	808	816	896	DCLK	
	Display Period	Thdisp		800	•	DCLK	
Hsync	Back Porch	Thbp	4	8	48	DCLK	By H BLANKING setting
	Front Porch	Thfp	4	8	48	DCLK	
	Pulse Width	Thw	2	4	8	DCLK	
	Period Time	Tv	488	496	504	Н	
	Display Period	Tvdisp	-	480	-	Н	
Vsync	Back Porch	Tvbp	4	8	12	Н	By V BLANKING setting
	Front Porch	Tvfp	4	8	12	Н	
	Pulse Width	Tvw	2	4	8	Н	

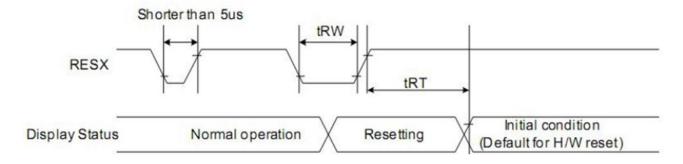
## 12.3 SYNC Mode Timing Diagram



## 12.4 SYNC-DE Mode Timing Diagram



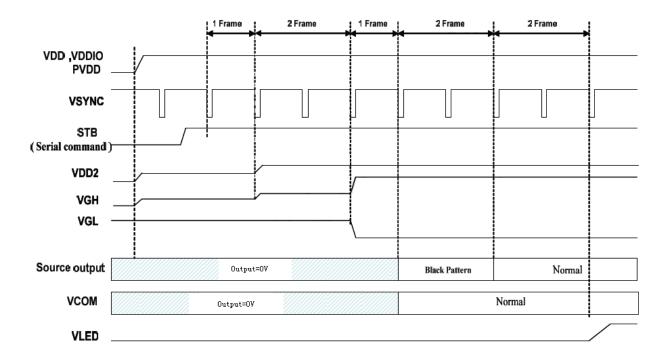
## 12.5 Reset Timing



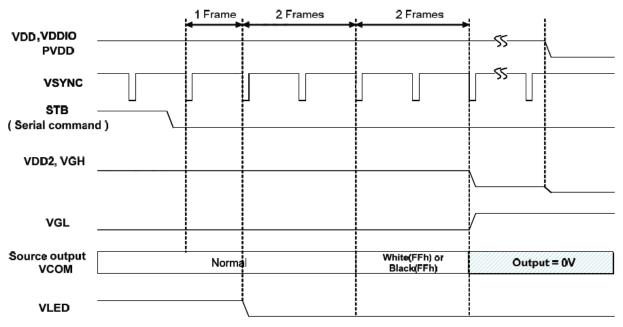
SIGNAL	SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
RESET	tRW	Reset low pulse width	40	1	us
	tRT	Reset complete time	-	5 (note1)	ms
			-	120 (note2)	ms

**Note 1**: When reset applied during SLPIN mode **Note 2**: When reset applied during SLPOUT mode.

#### 12.6 Power On Sequence



## 12.7 Power-off Sequence



#### Note:

When normally-black LC is used, please send black pattern to discharge the panel. When normally-white LC is used, please send white pattern to discharge the panel

## 13. Reliability Test

No.	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	REMARK	
		80°C±2°C 96H		
1	High Temperature Storage	Restore 2H at 25°C		
		Power off		
		-30°C±2°C 96H		
2	Low Temperature Storage	Restore 2H at 25°C		
		Power off		
3	High Temperature Operation	70°C±2°C 96H		
3	riigii reiriperature Operation	Power on		
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20°C±2°C 96H		
	Low remperature operation	Power on	After test cosmetic and	
		60°C±2°C	electrical defects should not happen.	
5	High Temperature & Humidity Operation	90%RH 96H	·	
		Power on		
		-20°C←→25°C←→70°C		
		30min 5min 30min		
6	Temperature Cycle			
		After 10 cycles, restore 2H at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$		
		Power off		
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s², 120min		
8	Shock Test	Half-sinewave, 300m/s <sup>2</sup> , 11ms		

**Note:** The Displays are of the highest rated 'Grade A', which allows for 0-4 defective pixels. A defective pixel could be solid Black (Dead), White, Red, Green or Blue.

## 14. Precautions for Using LCD Modules

#### 14.1 Handing Precautions

- The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. The glass is fragile. It tends to be chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Please be careful not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it on impact.
- If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any of it in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or to the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined by the polarizer).
- The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (e.g., glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on it. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold temperature will damage, stain or contaminate the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming into contact with room temperature air.
- If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten the cloth with one of the following solvents
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard as it might damage the display surface.

- Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially the following.
  - Water
  - o Ketone
  - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contact with oil and fat.

- Take necessary precautions to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module, make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything on it.
- If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply input signals.
- Control Electro-Static Discharge. Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, ensure that an optimum work environment is maintained.

- Before removing the LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure that the module and your body has the same electric potential. Be sure to ground your body when handling the LCD modules.
- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity, please ensure that the air in the work environment is not too dry. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As much as possible, make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be careful when peeling off this
  protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- Since the LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
  - o Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
  - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
  - o Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
  - o Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
  - o Do not drop, bend or twist the LCM.

#### 14.2 Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precautions are necessary.

- Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the desiccant.
- Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
- The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in an
  anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Some Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature
  (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black
  or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subjected to low temperature.
- If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., please avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules'
  - o Exposed area of the printed circuit board
  - Terminal electrode sections

#### 15. Legal Information

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