## SIEMENS

Configuration Manual

## SENTRON

## Transfer Switching Equipment and Load Transfer Switches

## SENTRON

3KC transfer switching equipment up to 3200 A

## Transfer Switching Equipment and Load Transfer Switches

Configuration Manual

## Legal information

## Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

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indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

## WARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

## CAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

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indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.
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## Safety information

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## 3LD2 load transfer switches up to 250 A

### 2.1 Product description

### 2.1.1 Overview

The 3LD2 load transfer switches are based on the 3LD2 main control and EMERGENCY STOP switches and are manually operated switch disconnectors according to IEC 60947-3/VDE 0660 Part 107 (EN 60947-3) and comply with the conditions for switch disconnectors.

The load transfer switches from 25 to 250 A are approved according to UL 508 and can be used as "Manual Motor Controller" and "Motor Disconnect". The 3LD load transfer switches have CCC certification in addition.

### 2.1.2 Applications

The 3LD2 load transfer switches are used for alternate switching between two loads with an incoming power supply. They have the switch positions I-0-II, which means that one of the two loads can be switched on alternately. This makes it possible to switch between two three-phase motors and other loads.

Load transfer (schematic representation)


Figure 2-1 Load transfer switches (IEC 60947-3)

### 2.2 Overview of components


(1) 3LD2 load transfer switches
(2) 4 th contact element ( N conductor)
(3) Auxiliary switch $1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{NC}$, for mounting onto the left and/or right
(4) Terminal cover, 3-pole
(5) Terminal cover, 1-pole
(6) N or PE terminal

### 2.3 Technical specifications

### 2.3.1 Technical specifications of 3LD2

## General technical details

| Standards |  |  | DIN VDE 0660, IEC 60947 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch |  | Type | 3LD21 | 3LD22 | 3LD25 | 3LD27 | 3LD23 | 3LD24 |
| Rated insulation voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\text {e }}$ |  | V AC | 690 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated frequency |  | Hz | $50 \ldots 60$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{\text {imp }}$ |  | kV | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Rated short-time withstand current (1 s current, rms value) |  | A | 640 | 640 | 1260 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 |
| Short-circuit protection, max. back-up fuse ( gL ) |  | A | 25 | 40 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 |
| Rated conditional short-circuit current with upstream fuses at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}, 690 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | kA | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Maximum permissible let-through $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ value |  | $\mathrm{kA}^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 4 | 9 | 21 | 64 | 185 | 557 |
| Permissible let-through current of the fuse |  | kA | 3.5 | 4.5 | 6 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| Rated uninterrupted current $l_{u}$ |  | A | 25 | 32 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 |
| AC-21 A load switch | Rated operational current $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{e}}$ | A | 25 | 32 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 |
| AC-3 motor load switch for in-service switching of individual motors | Rated operational power |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | At 220 ... 240 V | kW | 4.0 | 5.5 | 11.0 | 18.5 | 35.0 | 55.0 |
|  | At $380 . . .440 \mathrm{~V}$ | kW | 7.5 | 9.5 | 18.5 | 30.0 | 50.0 | 110.0 |
|  | At 660/690 V | kW | 7.5 | 9.5 | 15.0 | 22.0 | 37.0 | 45.0 |
| AC-23A main control switch <br> Repair switch <br> Frequent, but not in-service switching of individual motors | Rated operational power |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | At 220 ... 240 V | kW | 5.0 | 6.0 | 11.0 | 18.5 | 45.0 | 75.0 |
|  | At $380 \ldots 440 \mathrm{~V}$ | kW | 9.5 | 11.5 | 22.0 | 37.0 | 75.0 | 132.0 |
|  | At 660/690 V | kW | 9.5 | 11.5 | 18.5 | 30.0 | 45.0 | 55.0 |
| Power loss per current path at $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{e}}$ |  | W | 1.1 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 36.0 | 36.0 |
| Endurance, mechanical | Operating cycles |  | 100000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switching frequency |  | 1/h | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Permissible ambient temperature |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25 ... +55 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isolating features | Up to max. | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3 Technical specifications

Conductor cross-sections for main conductors ${ }^{1)}$

| Standards |  |  | DIN VDE 0660, IEC 60947 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch |  | Type | 3LD21 | 3LD22 | 3LD25 | 3LD27 | 3LD23 | 3LD24 |
| Solid or stranded |  | mm ${ }^{2}$ | 1.5 ... 16 | $1.5 \ldots 16$ | 2.5 ... 35 | $4 \ldots 50$ | $16 . .185$ | $16 \ldots 185$ |
| Finely stranded with end sleeve (max.) |  | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 10 | 10 | 16 | 35 | 150 | 150 |
| Conductor crosssections | Cu conductor | AWG | $14 \ldots 8$ | $14 \ldots 8$ | $14 \ldots 6$ | $12 . .1$ | 1 ... M | M400 |
| Torque for terminal |  | Nm | $2 \ldots 2.5$ | $2 \ldots 2.5$ | $2.5 \ldots 3$ | $2.5 \ldots 3$ | 9.5 ... 10 | 9.5 ... 10 |
| Touch protection according to EN 50274 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1) Depending on the cable infeed, only small cross-sections may be possible with devices in molded-plastic enclosures.

## Auxiliary switches

| Standards |  |  | DIN VDE 0660, IEC 60947 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch |  | Type | 3LD21 | 3LD22 | 3LD25 | 3LD27 | 3LD23 | 3LD24 |
| Rated insulation voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | V | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ |  | V AC | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated uninterrupted current lu |  | A | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated operational current $l_{e}$, AC-15 | At 120 V | A | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | At 220 ... 240 V | A | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | At 380 ... 415 V | A | 1.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | At 500 V | A | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-circuit protection of auxiliary switch, max. back-up fuse (gL/gG) |  | A | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |

Conductor cross-sections for auxiliary conductors

|  |  | Standards |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch | Type | 3LD21 | 3LD22 | 3LD25 | 3LD27 | 3LD23 | 3LD24 |
| Connection type |  | Screw terminals |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid or stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times(0.75 \ldots 2.5), 1 \times 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finely stranded with end sleeve | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $2 \times(0.75 \ldots 1.5), 1 \times 2.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torque for terminal | Nm | 0.8 |  |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3.2 3LD switches for UL/CSA as "Manual Motor Controller"

The 3LD switches for UL/CSA are approved in accordance with UL/CSA as "manual motor controllers", and they can be used as repair switches in the molded-plastic enclosure, for example. However, they do not have UL approval as main control switches.

| Standards |  |  | UL / CSA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch |  | Type | 3LD21 | 3LD22 | 3LD25 | 3LD27 | 3LD23 | 3LD24 |
| Rated operational voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}$ |  | V AC | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| Rated uninterrupted current lu |  | A | 20 | 30 | 60 | 100 | 160 | 250 |
|  | Current rating |  | A 600 | A 600 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
|  | Pilot duty |  | P 600 | P 600 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Conventional thermal current Ith |  | A | 25 | 32 | 63 | 100 | 160 | 250 |
| Maximum rated power (AC-3) | $3 \sim 120 \mathrm{~V}$ | HP | 3 | 3 | 5 | 10 | -- | -- |
| Alternating current motors $40 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> (HP = horse power) | 240 V | HP | 7.5 | $10(7.5)^{1)}$ | 15 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
|  | 480 V | HP | 10 | $20(15)^{1}$ | 40 | 60 | 75 | 100 |
|  | 600 V | HP | 15 | $30(20)^{1}$ | 50 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
|  | 1 ~ 120 V | HP | 2 | 2 | 3 | -- | -- | -- |
|  | 240 V | HP | 3 | 3 | 10 | -- | -- | -- |
| Conductor cross-sections | Cu conductor | AWG | $14 \ldots 8$ | $14 \ldots 8$ | $14 \ldots 6$ | $12 \ldots 1$ | 1 ... MCM400 |  |
| Torque |  | Nm | $2 . . .2 .5$ | $2 \ldots 2.5$ | 2.5 ... 3 | 2.5 ... 3 |  |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Values in brackets apply to devices in molded-plastic enclosure.

[^0]
## 3KC transfer switching equipment up to 3200 A

### 3.1 Product description

### 3.1.1 Overview


(1)

(2)

(3)
(1) 3KC MTSE transfer switching equipment up to 1600 A
(2) $3 K C$ RTSE transfer switching equipment up to 160 A
(3) 3 KC ATSE transfer switching equipment up to 3200 A

3KC transfer switching equipment of class PC offers a convenient and safe solution for switching over from one supply network to an alternative network in the event of network fluctuations.

Systems are switched over with an interruption of the power supply during the switching operation. The fast transfer switching of the ATSE ensures a short load downtime. The integration of transfer switching and control in a single unit makes it possible to combine high performance and easy installation.

### 3.1.1.1 $3 K C 0$ manual transfer switching equipment (MTSE)

| Rated current $M_{1}(\mathrm{~A})$ | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 16 |  |  | 250 | 315 | 40 |  | 500 | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manual transfer switching equipment (MTSE) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Size (MTSE type) | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { (3KC0...- } \\ . M) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 2 (3KC0...-.N) |  |  |  | 3 (3KC0...-.P) |  |  |  |  | 4 (3KC0...-. 0 ) |  |  |  | 5 (3KC0...-.R) |  |  |
| Number of poles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 3-pole | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - 4-pole | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Connection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Flat terminals | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | - |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - Box terminals | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | -- | -- | -- | - |  | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

### 3.1.1.2 $3 K C 3 / 4$ remote transfer switching equipment (RTSE) with motorized operating mechanism

| Rated current $/ \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 | 250 | 400 | 630 | $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | 1250 | 1600 | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & 2500 \\ & 3200 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Remote transfer switching equipment (RTSE) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RTSE type | 3KC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3424 | 3426 | 3428 | 3430 | 3432 | 3434 | 4.38 | 4.42 | 4.46 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.48 \\ & 4.50 \end{aligned}$ | 4.52 | 4.54 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.56 \\ & 4.58 \\ & 4.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of poles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 3-pole | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - 4-pole | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Connection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Flat terminals | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - Box terminals | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

### 3.1.1.3 $3 K C 6 / 8$ automatic transfer switching equipment (ATSE) with motorized operating mechanism

| Rated current /h |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 | 250 | 400 | 630 | $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | 1250 | 1600 | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & 2500 \\ & 3200 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automatic transfer switching equipment (ATSE) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATSE type | 3KC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6424 | 6426 | 6428 | 6430 | 6432 | 6434 | 8.38 | 8.42 | 8.46 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.48 \\ & 8.50 \end{aligned}$ | 8.52 | 8.54 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.56 \\ & 8.58 \\ & 8.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of poles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 3-pole | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - 4-pole | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Connection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Flat terminals | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| - Box terminals | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

### 3.1.2 Features

## Common features

- Easy installation
- Conformity with IEC 60947-6-1 and IEC 60947-3


## Integrated solution

- Particularly easy installation of a complete solution with an integrated ATSE for the entire 40 ... 3200 A current range


## Modular design of MTSE and of RTSE/ATSE from 250 A

- Controller (electronic module) and motorized operating mechanism can be replaced individually on the RTSE/ATSE
- MTSE can be expanded by an additional pole


## Maximum safety

- Maximum safety thanks to electrical and mechanical interlocking of switches (I, II)
- RTSE/ATSE: Supplied as standard with a manual emergency handle to enable fast intervention in an emergency
- Switch position indication
- Locking with a padlock in position 0 enables safe maintenance work.
- In the case of RTSE/ATSE transfer switches up to 160 A, locking with a padlock can be configured for every position before installation: I, 0 or II.
- Ensuring device availability by means of constant monitoring of the device's operating conditions


## Easy installation of transfer switches up to 160 A

- Compact design of the ATSE with integrated controller, prewired ready for operation (including power supply)
- Easy access to network connection thanks to low mounting depth
- Fast and easy mounting on a DIN mounting rail or mounting plate
- Easy wiring thanks to box terminals and the bridging bars provided for them, enabling a common outgoing assembly point. Thanks to the bridging bars, the connection capacity of the box terminal is not reduced


## High switching capacity

- Closing and opening under load, also for inductive loads (AC-33)
- Resilient to voltage fluctuations in the supply system thanks to stable switch positions. The switching operations are fault-tolerant by a fail-safe power supply that is either integrated in the controller or is connected separately
- High dynamic strength for enhanced safety when switching to a short circuit
- For RTSE up to 160 A: Extremely low load downtimes (<90 ms) thanks to electromagnetic operating mechanism


## Note

The 3KD switch disconnector can be used as a disconnecting means in compliance with IEC 60204-1, see Switch Disconnectors Configuration Manual (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109769744).

### 3.1 Product description

### 3.1.3 Switch versions

The following versions of the 3KC transfer switching equipment are available:

- Manual transfer switching equipment (MTSE)
- Remote transfer switching equipment (RTSE)
- Automatic transfer switching equipment (ATSE)

| Number of poles | 3 -pole | 4-pole | 3-pole | 4-pole |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | $16 . . .160 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 200... 1600 A |  |
| MTSE <br> 3KC0 |  |  |  |  |


| Number of poles | 3 -pole | 4-pole | 3-pole | 4-pole |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | $40 . .160 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 250 ... 3200 A |  |
| RTSE | -- | 3KC3 | 3KC4 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ATSE | -- | 3KC6 | 3KC8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

### 3.1.4 Benefits

- 3 and 4-pole versions
- Transfer switching equipment up to 3200 A (MTSE up to 1600 A)
- Very short switching time (for transfer switches up to 160 A)
- Compact design of transfer switches up to 160 A
- Switching from network to network and from network to generator for ATSE from 250 A
- No additional software needed for parameterization
- Auto-configuration of voltage and frequency levels
- Watchdog relay ensures operability of the switch
- Direct control of the generator via a control signal for ATSE from 250 A
- Integrated dual power supply for ATSE from 250 A
- Resistant to shock and vibrations
- Additional fail-safe mechanical interlock
- External display for installation in control cabinet door


### 3.1.5 Applications

## Industries

## Non-residential/residential:

- Safety devices in tall buildings
- Computing centers (banks, insurance companies, etc.)
- Fire extinguishing pumps, air conditioning systems, cold rooms
- Lighting systems in shopping malls


## Industry:

- Production lines in continuous operation
- Engine rooms
- Auxiliary facilities in essentially important thermal power stations
- Pumps
- Cooling systems
- Fans


## Infrastructure:

- Installations in ports and rail loading stations
- Airports
- Lighting


## Network configurations

All versions of the 3KC transfer switching equipment can be used for all conventional network configurations, including:

- TT systems
- TN systems
- TN-C systems
- TN-C-S systems
- TN-S systems
- IT systems


### 3.1 Product description

### 3.1.6 Applications

## Network/generator transfer



Figure 3-1 Network/generator operation (IEC 60947-6-1)

## Network/network transfer



Figure 3-2 Network/network operation (IEC 60947-6-1)

## Load transfer



Figure 3-3 Load transfer switch (IEC 60947-3)

### 3.1.7 Direct connections

### 3.1.7.1 Infeed side



Infeed side, direct connection (2000 to 2500 A)


Infeed side, direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$ (2000 to 2500 A)

### 3.1.7.2 Load side



Load side, direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$ (2000 to 2500 A)


Load side, direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$, with bridging bar
(2000 to 2500 A)

### 3.2 Overview of components

### 3.2.1 Manual transfer switching equipment (MTSE)

### 3.2.1.1 $3 K C 0$ (MTSE) for 16 to 160 A, 3-/4-pole



### 3.2.1.2 $3 K C 0$ (MTSE) for 200 to 1600 A, 3-/4-pole



### 3.2.2 Remote transfer switching equipment

### 3.2.2.1 $3 K C 3$ (RTSE) for 40 to 160 A, 4-pole


(1) 3KC remote transfer switching equipment
(2) Terminal covers
(3) Sealing ribbon
(4) Bridging bar
(5) Auxiliary conductor terminal
(6) Auxiliary switches
(7) Autotransformer
(8) Dual power supply

### 3.2.2.2 $3 K C 4$ (RTSE) for 250 to 3200 A, 3-/4-pole



| Copper bar, connection kit for transfer switching equipment from 2000 to 3200 A |  | Cbracket | Bolt set, 45 mm | Bolt set, 35 mm | T-piece | Lbracket | Bridging bar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of poles | $\begin{gathered} 3 K C 9811- \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 3KC9811-1 | 3KC9811-2 | $\begin{gathered} 3 K C 9811- \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 K C 9811- \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 3KC9818-8 |
| Infeed side |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Direct connection $2 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$; $4 \times 100 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3 | -- | -- | 6 x | -- | -- | -- |
|  | 4 | -- | -- | 8 x | -- | -- | -- |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm} ; \\ & 4 \times 100 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 6 x | -- | -- | 6 x | 6 x | -- |
|  | 4 | 8 x | -- | -- | 8 x | 8 x | -- |
| Direct connection $3 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ (necessary for 3200 A) | 3 | $\checkmark^{1)}$ | 3 x | 3 x | -- | -- | -- |
|  | 4 | $\checkmark{ }^{1)}$ | 4 x | 4 x | -- | -- | -- |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$$\begin{aligned} & 3 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & \left.(\text { necessary for } 3200 \mathrm{~A})^{2}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 3 | $\checkmark^{1)}$ | -- | -- | 6 x | 6 x | -- |
|  | 4 | $\checkmark^{1)}$ | -- | -- | 8 x | 8 x | -- |
| Load side |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 4 \times 100 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm} \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 6 x | -- | -- | 6 x | 6 x | -- |
|  | 4 | 8 x | -- | -- | 8 x | 8 x | -- |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$, with bridging bar $2 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$; $4 \times 100 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3 | 6 x | 6 x | -- | -- | -- | 3 x |
|  | 4 | 8 x | 8 x | -- | -- | -- | 4 x |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$ $3 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ (necessary for 3200 A) | 3 | $\checkmark^{1)}$ | -- | -- | 6 x | 6 x | -- |
|  | 4 | $\checkmark{ }^{1)}$ | -- | -- | 8 x | 8 x | -- |
| Direct connection, rotated $90^{\circ}$, with bridging bar $3 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ (necessary for 3200 A) | 3 | $\checkmark^{1)}$ | 6 x | -- | -- | -- | 3 x |
|  | 4 | $\checkmark{ }^{1)}$ | 8 x | -- | -- | -- | 4 x |

1) $3 \mathrm{KC} 9811-0$ is included for all 3 KC transfer switches for 3200 A . The following must be ordered for the connection of 3KC transfer switches for 2000 ... 2500 A to $3 \times 100 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ busbars:

- 3KC9811-0, 6 units for 3-pole switches
- 3KC9811-0, 8 units for 4-pole switches

2) Vertical connection is approved up to 2900 A ; horizontal connection is approved up to 3200 A .

### 3.2 Overview of components

### 3.2.2.3 Integrated controllers of the ATSE

## ATS settings

|  |  | 3KC6 (40 to 160 A$)$ | 3KC8 $(250$ to 3200 A$)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Network variants |  | $3.3+\mathrm{N}$ | $1+\mathrm{N}, 3,3+\mathrm{N}$ |
| Transfer delay | s | $0 \ldots 30$ | $0 \ldots 60$ |
| Return transfer delay | min | $0 \ldots 30$ | $0 \ldots 60$ |
| Frequency deviation | $\%$ | 10 or 20 | $\pm 3 \ldots 10$ |
| Voltage | $\%$ | 10 or 20 | $\pm 5 \ldots 20$ |

## Measuring inputs

|  |  | 3KC6 (40 to 160 A) | 3KC8 (250 to 3200 A) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum rated voltage (Un): |  |  |  |
| Phase-phase | V AC | 415 | 480 |
| Phase-neutral | V AC | 230 | 277 |
| Metering range (L-N) | V | $166 \ldots 288$ | $30 \ldots 332$ |
| Metering range (L-L) | V | $288 \ldots 498$ | $30 \ldots 600$ |
| Measuring frequency | Hz | $30 \ldots 70$ | $30 \ldots 70$ |
| Input impedance (L-L) | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | 5.5 | 12 |
| Number of monitored phases |  | 3 | 1 or 3 |
| Measuring method |  | Three-phase, true RMS | True RMS |
| Relative error of measurement method | $\%$ | 1 | 0.5 |

## Auxiliary supply

|  |  | 3KC6 (40 to 160 A) | 3KC8 (250 to 3200 A) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connection type |  | Integrated dual power supply <br> with internal wiring | Integrated dual power supply |
| Rated voltage (AC) | V | 230 | 230 |
| Supply voltage range (AC) | V | $176 \ldots 288$ | $166 \ldots 332$ |
| Frequency | Wz | $45 \ldots 65$ | $45 \ldots 65$ |
| Power loss (230 V AC) ${ }^{1)}$ | 2 | 2.5 |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage $\left(U_{\text {imp }}\right)$ of the con- <br> trol circuit | kV | 2.5 | 4 |
| Overvoltage category of the control circuit |  | III | III |

1) In addition to power loss of motorized operating mechanism

## Digital inputs

|  |  | 3KC6 (40 to 160 A) | $3 \mathrm{KC8}$ (250 to 3200 A) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of inputs |  | 3 | Motorized operating mechanism: $5$ <br> Electronic module: 6 |
| Digital input ${ }^{1}$ |  | Position 0: Inhibition of automatic mode Selection of system priority | Motorized operating mechanism: <br> 0 position, I position, II position, <br> 0 position with priority <br> Release for remote control modules <br> Electronic module: Inhibition of automatic mode <br> Inhibition of automatic return transfer <br> Priority and selection of system <br> Test off load, test on load, priority for test on load <br> Deactivation of stabilization delay |
| Input delay | ms | 30 | 46 |
| Number of relay outputs |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { NO: } 2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \mathrm{/} 2 \mathrm{~A} / 30 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{DC} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Motor unit: } 4 \mathrm{NO} \\ \text { Electronic module: } 1 \mathrm{NO}+1 \mathrm{CO}: \\ 2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \mathrm{/} 2 \mathrm{~A} / 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Supplementary notes on relay outputs ${ }^{1)}$ |  | System availability | Motorized operating mechanism: Availability of the motorized operating mechanism <br> Switch positions I, 0, II <br> Electronic module: Availability of the device, generator start/stop signal |

1) For more information, see 3KC manual

## Connections

|  |  | 3KC6 (40 to 160 A) | 3KC8 (250 to 3200 A) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminals |  | Removable/plug-in | Removable/plug-in |
| Connectable conductor cross-section / <br> stranded, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.5 \ldots 1.5$ | $1.5 \ldots 2.5$ |
| Connectable conductor cross-section / solid | AWG | $20 \ldots 14$ | $16 \ldots 14$ |
| Connectable conductor cross-section / <br> stranded | AWG | $20 \ldots 16$ | $16 \ldots 14$ |
| Tightening torque | Nm | 0.5 | $0.5 \ldots 0.6$ |

### 3.2.3 Automatic transfer switching equipment

### 3.2.3.1 $3 K C 6$ (ATSE) for 40 to 160 A, 4-pole



### 3.2.3.2 $3 K C 8$ (ATSE) for 250 to 3200 A, 3-/4-pole



### 3.3 Technical specifications

### 3.3 Technical specifications

### 3.3.1 Manual transfer switching equipment (MTSE)

### 3.3.1.1 $3 K C 0$ from 16 to 160 A

## General technical details

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.1 \\ & 61 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 0.2 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.2 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 0.3 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 0.3 \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ according to IEC 60947-6-1 | V | 415 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-3 | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | V | 1000 AC |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) | kV | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | III |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 B, at 415 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-32 B, at 415 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-35 B, at 400 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-21 A, at AC-22 A, at $415 \ldots 690 \mathrm{~V}$ | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-23 A, at 415 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |

Operational power according to IEC 60947-3:

| AC-23 A, at 415 V | kW | 7.5 | 15 | 30 | 37 | 55 | 55 | 90 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | kW | 7.5 | 18.5 | 37 | 55 | 55 | 75 | 110 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | kW | 11 | 30 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | 110 |

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3KC0.1 } \\ & 61 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $3 K C 0.2$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 0.2 \\ 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 0.2 \\ 82 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{lcw}, 100 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 5 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Short-circuit current making capacity $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cm}}, 415 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | kA | 7.7 |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{lcw}, 1 \mathrm{~s}, 415 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 3 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cm}}, 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 7 |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream gG fuse, $500 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ | A | 63 |  |  | 160 |  |  |  |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 100 |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 100 |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (690 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 100 |  |  | 65 |  |  |  |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | kA | 8.1 |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | kA | 8.8 |  |  | 16 |  |  |  |
| $1^{2 t}$ value of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 13.3 |  |  | 135.6 |  |  |  |
| $I^{2 t}$ value of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 13.7 |  |  | 178.3 |  |  |  |

## Main conductor connections ${ }^{1)}$

| Size |  | $3 K C 0.1$ <br> 61 | $3 K C 0.2$ <br> 2 | $3 K C 0.2$ <br> 6 | $3 K C 0.2$ <br> 82 | $3 K C 0.3$ <br> 0 | $3 K C 0.3$ <br> 2 | $3 K C 0.3$ <br> 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times(1 \ldots 16)$ |  | $1 \times(2.5 \ldots 16)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times(6 \ldots 35)$ | $1 \times(10 \ldots 70)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- | -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cu busbar | mm | $1 \times 2 \times 9$ | $1 \times 3 \times 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | $5 \ldots 6.5$ | $6.5 \ldots 8$ |  |  |  |  |  |

1) Values for connection of aluminum cables can be found in the product data sheet, see Siemens Industry Online Support

### 3.3 Technical specifications

## Other properties

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.1 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 3 K C 0.2 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.2 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 0.3 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 16 | 32 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Power loss per pole with thermal current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {th }}$ | W | 0.1 | 0.4 | 1 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 4.6 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 15000 |  |  | 15000 |  |  |  |
| Electrical endurance (AC-23 A at $415 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  | 6000 |  |  | 1500 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP20 |  |  | IP20 |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-50 \ldots+80$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth (3-pole transfer switching equipment) | mm | $201.6 \times 119 \times 84.5$ |  |  | $255.6 \times 126 \times 84.5$ |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth <br> (4-pole transfer switching equipment) | mm | $237.6 \times 119 \times 84.5$ |  |  | $309.6 \times 126 \times 84.5$ |  |  |  |

### 3.3.1.2 $3 K C 0$ from 200 to 500 A

General technical details

| Size |  | $3 \mathrm{KC0.363}$ | 3KC0. 38 | 3KC0.40 | 3 KCO .42 | 3KC0.444 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-6-1 | V | 415 |  |  |  |  |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-3 | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | V | 1000 AC |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\text {imp }}$ ) | kV | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | IV |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 B, at 415 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-32 B, at 415 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-35 B, at 400 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |

Operational current according to IEC 60947-3:

| AC-21 A, at AC-22 A, at $415 \ldots 690$ V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AC-23 A, at 415 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| Operational power according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-23 A, at 415 V | kW | 110 | 132 | 160 | 220 | 280 |


| Size |  | $3 K C 0.363$ | $3 K C 0.38$ | $3 K C 0.40$ | $3 K C 0.42$ | $3 K C 0.444$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | kW | 132 | 160 | 220 | 250 | 355 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | kW | 185 | 220 | 280 | 355 | 500 |

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | 3KC0.363 | $3 \mathrm{KC0.38}$ | $3 \mathrm{KC0.40}$ | $3 \mathrm{KC0.42}$ | 3KC0.444 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{Icw}, 100 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 18 |  |  |  | 30 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{lcm}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 36 |  |  |  | 63 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{cw},} 1 \mathrm{~s}, 415 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 13 |  |  |  | 30 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{Icm}, 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 26 |  |  |  | 63 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream gG fuse, $500 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ | A | 250 |  | 400 |  | 630 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 100 |  | 65 |  | 100 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 100 |  | 65 |  | 100 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (690 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 65 |  | 35 |  | 65 |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | kA | 24.8 |  | 34.3 |  | 65.5 |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | kA | 25 |  | 33 |  | 54 |
| ${ }^{12 t}$ value of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 426.5 | 426.5 | 1165 | 1165 | 3687.5 |
| I2t value of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 348 | 348 | 1157.5 | 1157.5 | 4450 |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

## Main conductor connections ${ }^{1)}$

| Size |  | 3KC0.363 | 3KC0. 38 | 3 KCO .40 | 3 KCO .42 | 3KC0.444 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- |  |  |  | -- |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- |  |  |  | -- |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | mm ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times(6 \ldots 240), \\ & 2 \times(6 \ldots 150) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1 \times(25 \ldots \\ 240), \\ 2 \times(25 \ldots \\ 240) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Cu busbar | mm | $1 \times 30 \times 10$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 40 \times 10, \\ & 2 \times 40 \times 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | $30 . . .44$ |  |  |  | $50 \ldots 75$ |

1) Values for connection of aluminum cables can be found in the product data sheet, see Siemens Industry Online Support

## Other properties

| Size |  | 3KC0.363 | 3KC0. 38 | 3KC0.40 | 3 KCO .42 | 3KC0.444 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 200 | 250 | 315 | 400 | 500 |
| Power loss per pole with thermal current $\mathrm{l}_{\text {th }}$ | W | 4 | 6 | 10 | 14 | 12 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 10000 |  |  |  | 8000 |
| Electrical endurance (AC-23 A at $415 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  | 1000 |  |  |  | 1000 |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP00 / IP20 |  |  |  | IP00 / IP20 |
| Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
| Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-50 \ldots+80$ |  |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth <br> (3-pole transfer switching equipment) | mm | $235 \times 164 \times 197.2$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 319 \times 235 x \\ & 232.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Width x height x depth <br> (4-pole transfer switching equipment) | mm | $279 \times 164 \times 197.2$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 379 \times 235 x \\ & 232.5 \end{aligned}$ |

### 3.3.1.3 $3 K C 0$ from 630 to 1600 A

## General technical details

| Size |  | 3KC0.464 | 3KC0.48 | 3KC0.505 | $3 \mathrm{KC0.52}$ | $3 \mathrm{KC0.54}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ according to IEC 60947-6-1 | V | 415 |  |  |  |  |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-3 | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | V | 1000 AC |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\text {imp }}$ ) | kV | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | IV |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 B, at 415 V | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| AC-32 B, at 415 V | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1250 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 500 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 800 |
| AC-35 B, at 400 V | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1250 |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-21 A, at AC-22 A, at 415 .. 690 V | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| AC-23 A, at 415 V | A | 630 | 670 | 800 | 800 | 800 |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | A | 630 | 630 | 800 | 800 | 800 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | A | 500 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 800 |
| Operational power according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-23 A, at 415 V | kW | 355 | 355 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| AC-23 A, at 500 V | kW | 400 | 400 | 560 | 560 | 560 |
| AC-23 A, at 690 V | kW | 500 | 500 | 800 | 800 | 800 |

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | 3KC0.464 | 3KC0.48 | $3 \mathrm{KC0.505}$ | $3 \mathrm{KC0.52}$ | 3 KCO .54 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current (low, $100 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 30 |  | 50 |  |  |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{Icm}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 63 |  | 105 |  |  |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current (Icw, 1 s, 415 V / 690 V) | kA | 30 |  | 50 |  |  |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{lcm}, 690 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 63 |  | 105 |  |  |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

| Size |  | 3KC0.464 | $3 \mathrm{KC0.48}$ | 3KC0.505 | $3 \mathrm{KC0.52}$ | 3KC0.54 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream gG fuse, $500 \mathrm{~V} / 690 \mathrm{~V}$ | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 / - | 1250 / - | 1600 / - |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 100 | 65 | 100 | 80 | 80 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 100 | 65 | 100 | 80 | 80 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with gG fuse ( 690 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 65 | 50 | -- | -- | -- |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | kA | 65.5 | 70.8 | 95.2 | 112.6 | 112.6 |
| Let-through current of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | kA | 54 | 65 | -- | -- | -- |
| ${ }^{2 t}$ value of gG fuse, 500 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 3687.5 | 7471.7 | 15400 | 25960 | 30900 |
| I2t value of gG fuse, 690 V ; max. permissible | $k^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 4450 | 103000 | -- | -- | -- |

## Main conductor connections ${ }^{1)}$

| Size |  | $3 K C 0.464$ | $3 K C 0.48$ | $3 K C 0.505$ | $3 K C 0.52$ | $3 K C 0.54$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- | -- |  |  |  |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- | -- | $1 \times(120 \ldots 240)$, <br> $2 \times(95 \ldots 240)$ |  |  |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times(25 \ldots 240)$, <br> $2 \times(25 \ldots 240)$ | $2 \times 60 \times 10$ |  |  |  |
| Cu busbar | mm | $1 \times 40 \times 10$, <br> $2 \times 40 \times 5$ | $50 \times 75$ |  |  |  |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | $50 \ldots 75$ |  |  |  |  |

1) Values for connection of aluminum cables can be found in the product data sheet, see Siemens Industry Online Support

## Other properties

| Size |  | $3 K C 0.464$ | $3 K C 0.48$ | $3 K C 0.505$ | $3 K C 0.52$ | $3 K C 0.54$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Power loss per pole with thermal current $I_{\text {th }}$ | W | 17 | 25 | 20 | 32 | 57 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 8000 | 6000 |  |  |  |
| Electrical endurance <br> (AC-23 A at 415 V / 690 V) | 1000 | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP00 / IP20 | IP00 / IP20 |  |  |  |


| Size |  | $3 K C 0.464$ | $3 K C 0.48$ | $3 K C 0.505$ | $3 K C 0.52$ | $3 K C 0.54$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 630 | 800 | 1000 | 1250 | 1600 |
| Ambient temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-50 \ldots+80$ | $475 \times 310 \times 311.5$ |  |  |  |
| Storage | mm | $319 \times 235 \times 232.5$ | $565 \times 310 \times 311.5$ |  |  |  |
| Width $x$ height $x$ depth <br> $(3-p o l e ~ t r a n s f e r ~ s w i t c h i n g ~ e q u i p m e n t) ~$ | mm | $379 \times 235 \times 232.5$ |  |  |  |  |
| Width $\times$ height $\times$ depth <br> (4-pole transfer switching equipment) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 3.3.2 Remote transfer switching equipment (RTSE) and automatic transfer switching equipment (ATSE)

### 3.3.2.1 $3 K C 3 / 3 K C 6$ from 40 to 160 A

## General technical details

| Size |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 3424 \\ 3 K C 6424 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 K C 3426 \\ 3 K C 6426 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3428 \\ & 3 K C 6428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3430 \\ & 3 K C 6430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3432 \\ & 3 K C 6432 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3434 \\ & 3 K C 6434 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ | V | 415 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage | V | 800 AC |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $U_{i m p}$ ) of the main circuit | kV | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ) of the control circuit | kV | RTSE: 4 / ATSE: 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | RTSE: III / ATSE: II |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 A/B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 100/125 | 100/160 |
| AC-32 A/B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 100/125 | 100/160 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125 |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-21 A/B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125/160 |
| AC-21 A/B, at 690 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125 |
| AC-22 A/B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125/160 |
| AC-22 A/B, at 690 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 80 | 100/125 | 100/125 |
| AC-23 A/B, at 415 V | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 125/160 |
| AC-23 A/B, at 690 V | A | 40 | 63 | 63 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| Operational power according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-23 A/B, at 415 V | kW | 22 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 60 | 75 |
| AC-23 A/B, at 690 V | kW | 37 | 55 | 55 | 75 | 75 | 75 |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3424 \\ & 3 K C 6424 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3426 \\ & 3 K C 6426 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3428 \\ & 3 K C 6428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3430 \\ & 3 K C 6430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3432 \\ & 3 K C 6432 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3434 \\ & 3 K C 6434 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{lcw}, 1 \mathrm{~s}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current (Icw, $50 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{cm}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA |  |  |  | 88 |  |  |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream fuse | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 40 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 40 |
| Let-through current of gG fuse at 415 V ; max. permissible | kA | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 17 |
| $I^{2 t}$ value of the $g G$ fuse, $400 / 500 \mathrm{~V}$; max. permissible | $\mathrm{kA}^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 61.3 | 61.3 | 61.3 | 61.3 | 64.3 | 109 |

## Transfer switching properties

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3424 \\ & 3 K C 6424 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3426 \\ & 3 K C 6426 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3428 \\ & 3 K C 6428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3430 \\ & 3 K C 6430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3432 \\ & 3 K C 6432 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3434 \\ & 3 K C 6434 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Switching time I-0 \& II-0 | ms | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch-off time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | ms | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | ms | 180 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 with line monitoring | S | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motorized operating mechanism rated apparent power at 230 V AC | VA | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motorized operating mechanism peak inrush current at 230 V AC | A | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Main conductor connections ${ }^{1)}$

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3424 \\ & 3 K C 6424 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3426 \\ & 3 K C 6426 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3428 \\ & 3 K C 6428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3430 \\ & 3 K C 6430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3432 \\ & 3 K C 6432 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3434 \\ & 3 K C 6434 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times(10 \ldots 70)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times(10 \ldots 70)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cu busbar | mm | -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Values for connection of aluminum cables can be found in the product data sheet, see Siemens Industry Online Support

## Other properties

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3424 \\ & 3 K C 6424 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3426 \\ & 3 K C 6426 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3428 \\ & 3 K C 6428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3430 \\ & 3 K C 6430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3432 \\ & 3 K C 6432 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 3434 \\ & 3 K C 6434 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 40 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| Power loss per pole | W | 0.5 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 4 | 5.2 | 8.7 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 8500 |  |  |  | 7000 |  |
| Electrical endurance (AC-23 A at 415 V ) |  | 1500 |  |  |  | 1000 |  |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP00 / IP20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth (4-pole breaker) | mm | $340 \times 245 \times 73.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

### 3.3.2.2 $3 K C 4 / 3 K C 8$ from 250 to 1000 A

## General technical details

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.38 \\ & 3 K C 8.38 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.42 \\ & 3 K C 8.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.46 \\ & 3 K C 8.46 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.48 \\ & 3 K C 8.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.50 \\ & 3 K C 8.50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-6-1 | V | 415 |  |  |  |  |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ AC according to IEC 60947-3 | V | 690 |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation voltage | V | 1000 AC / 1000 DC |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ) of the main circuit | kV | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ) of the control circuit | kV | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | RTSE: IV / ATSE: III |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 B, at 415 V | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| AC-32 B, at 415 V | A | 250 | 400 | 500 | 800 | 1000 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 250 | 200 | 400 | 800 | 800 |

Operational current according to IEC 60947-3:

| AC-21 A/B, at 415 V | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC-21 A/B, at 690 V | A | 200 | 200 | 500 | 800 | 1000 |
| AC-22 A/B, at 415 V | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| AC-22 A/B, at 690 V | A | 160 | 160 | 400 | 630 | 800 |
| AC-23 A/B, at 415 V | A | 200 | 400 | $500 / 630$ | 800 | 1000 |
| AC-23 A/B, at 690 V | A | 125 | 125 | 400 | 630 | 630 |
| DC-21/-22 A, at 220 V | A | 250 | 250 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| DC-21/-22/-23 A 440 V; DC-23 220 V | A | 200 | 200 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |

Operational power according to IEC 60947-3:

| $A C-23$ A/B, at 415 V | kW | 110 | 220 | 335 | 450 | 700 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A C-23$ A/B, at 690 V | kW | 110 | 110 | 400 | 400 | 630 |

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.38 \\ & 3 K C 8.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.42 \\ & 3 K C 8.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.46 \\ & 3 K C 8.46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.48 \\ & 3 K C 8.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.50 \\ & 3 K C 8.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{lcw}, 60 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 10 at 30 ms | 10 at 30 ms | 12.6 | 20 | 20 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{Icm}_{\mathrm{cm}} 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 17 | 17 | 25.2 | 40 | 40 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current ( $\mathrm{lcw}, 60 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 8 at 690 V | 8 at 690 V | 10 at 690 V | 35 | 35 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity ( $\mathrm{cm}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 22 at 690 V | 30 at 690 V | 17 at 690 V | 73.5 | 73.5 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream fuse | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (690 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Let-through current of gG fuse at 415 V ; max. permissible | kA | 22 | 30 | 42 | 51 | 60 |
| ${ }^{12 t}$ value of the gG fuse, $400 / 500 \mathrm{~V}$; max. permissible | $\mathrm{kA}^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | 200 | 600 | 3000 | 6000 | 6300 |

## Transfer switching properties

| Size |  | $3 K C 4.38$ <br> $3 K C 8.38$ | $3 K C 4.42$ <br> $3 K C 8.42$ | $3 K C 4.46$ <br> $3 K C 8.46$ | $3 K C 4.48$ <br> $3 K C 8.48$ | $3 K C 4.50$ <br> $3 K C 8.50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Switching time I-0 \& II-0 | s | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Switch-off time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | s | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | s | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 <br> with line monitoring | s | 1 | 1 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Motorized operating mechanism rated ap- <br> parent power at 230 V AC | VA | 115 | 115 | 150 | 184 | 184 |
| Motorized operating mechanism peak inrush <br> current at 230 V AC | A | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2 | 2 |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

## Main conductor connections

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.38 \\ & 3 K C 8.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.42 \\ & 3 K C 8.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.46 \\ & 3 K C 8.46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.48 \\ & 3 K C 8.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.50 \\ & 3 K C 8.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \times \\ (95 \ldots 150) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 x \\ (185 \ldots 240) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 x \\ (150 \ldots 300) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 x \\ (185 \ldots 300) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 240 \ldots 4 \\ \times 185 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \times \\ (95 \ldots 150) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 x \\ (185 \ldots 240) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 x \\ (150 \ldots 300) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 x \\ (185 \ldots 300) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 240 \ldots 4 \\ \times 185 \end{gathered}$ |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | mm² | $1 \times 150$ | $1 \times 240$ | $2 \times 300$ | $2 \times 300$ | $4 \times 185$ |
| Cu busbar | mm | $1 \times 32 \times 5$ | $1 \times 32 \times 8$ | $2 \times 40 \times 5$ | $2 \times 50 \times 5$ | $2 \times 60 \times 5$ |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | $20 . . .26$ | $20 . . .26$ | 40 ... 45 | 8.3 ... 13 | $8.3 \ldots 13$ |

## Other properties

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.38 \\ & 3 K C 8.38 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.42 \\ & 3 K C 8.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.46 \\ & 3 K C 8.46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.48 \\ & 3 K C 8.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.50 \\ & 3 K C 8.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 250 | 400 | 630 | 800 | 1000 |
| Power loss per pole | W | 5.9 | 15.1 | 32.4 | 41.7 | 46.9 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 7000 | 4000 | 4000 | 2500 | 2500 |
| Electrical endurance (AC-23 B at 415 V ) |  | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 500 |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP00 / IP20 |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
| Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 ... +70 |  |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth (3-pole switch) | mm | $\begin{gathered} 328 \times 160 \mathrm{x} \\ 292 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 328 \times 170 \mathrm{x} \\ 292 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 377 \times 260 \mathrm{x} \\ 369 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 504 \times 370 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 504 \times 370 x \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ |
| Width x height x depth (4-pole breaker) | mm | $\begin{gathered} 378 \times 160 \mathrm{x} \\ 292 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 378 \times 170 \mathrm{x} \\ 292 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 437 \times 260 \mathrm{x} \\ 369 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 584 \times 370 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 584 \times 370 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ |

### 3.3.2.3 $3 K C 4 / 3 K C 8$ from 1250 to 3200 A

## General technical details

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.52 \\ & 3 K C 8.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.54 \\ & 3 K C 8.54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.56 \\ & 3 K C 8.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.58 \\ & 3 K C 8.58 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.60 \\ & 3 K C 8.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ according to IEC 60947-6-1 | V |  |  | 415 |  |  |
| Operational voltage at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$ according to IEC 60947-3 | V |  |  | 690 |  |  |
| Insulation voltage | V | 1000 AC / 1000 DC |  |  |  |  |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $U_{i m p}$ ) of the main circuit | kV | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Impulse withstand voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ ) of the control circuit | kV | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Overvoltage category with pollution degree 3 |  | RTSE: IV / ATSE: III |  |  |  |  |
| Operational current according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC-31 B, at 415 V | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| AC-32 B, at 415 V | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| AC-33 B, at 415 V | A | 1000 | 1000 | 1250 | 1250 | 1250 |

Operational current according to IEC 60947-3:

| AC-21 A/B, at 415 V | A | 1250 | 1600 | $-/ 2000$ | $-/ 2500$ | $-/ 3200$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC-21 A/B, at 690 V | A | 1250 | 1600 | $-/ 2000$ | $-/ 2000$ | $-/ 2000$ |
| AC-22 A/B, at 415 V | A | 1250 | 1600 | $-/ 2000$ | $-/ 2500$ | $-/ 3200$ |
| AC-22 A/B, at 690 V | A | 1000 | 1000 | -- | -- | -- |
| AC-23 A/B, at 415 V | A | 1250 | 1250 | $-/ 1600$ | $-/ 1600$ | $-/ 1600$ |
| AC-23 A/B, at 690 V | A | 800 | 800 | -- | -- | -- |
| DC-21/-22 A, at 220 V | A | 1250 | 1250 | -- | -- | -- |
| DC-21/-22/-23 A 440 V; DC-23 220 V | A | 1250 | 1250 | -- | -- | -- |

Operational power according to IEC 60947-3:

| AC-23 A/B, at 415 V | kW | 800 | 900 | -- | -- | -- |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AC-23 A/B, at 690 V | kW | 800 | 800 | -- | -- | -- |

### 3.3 Technical specifications

## Short-circuit behavior

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.52 \\ & 3 K C 8.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.54 \\ & 3 K C 8.54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.56 \\ & 3 K C 8.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.58 \\ & 3 K C 8.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.60 \\ & 3 K C 8.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-6-1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current (Icw, $60 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 25 | 32 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity $\left(I_{\mathrm{cm}}, 415 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | kA | 52.5 | 67.2 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| Short circuit current ratings according to IEC 60947-3: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short-time withstand current (low, $60 \mathrm{~ms}, 415 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | kA | 35 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Short-circuit current making capacity $\left(I_{\mathrm{cm}}, 415 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | kA | 73.5 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uninterrupted current of upstream fuse | A | 1250 | $2 \times 800$ | -- | -- | -- |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (690 V), IEC 60947-3 | kA | 100 | 100 | -- | -- | -- |
| Conditional short-circuit current with fuse (415 V), IEC 60947-6-1 | kA | 100 | 100 | -- | -- | -- |
| Let-through current of gG fuse at 415 V ; max. permissible | kA | 100 | 100 | -- | -- | -- |
| ${ }^{12 t}$ value of the gG fuse, $400 / 500 \mathrm{~V}$; max. permissible | kA ${ }^{2}$ s | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

## Transfer switching properties

| Size |  | $3 K C 4.52$ <br> $3 K C 8.52$ | $3 K C 4.54$ <br> $3 K C 8.54$ | $3 K C 4.56$ <br> $3 K C 8.56$ | $3 K C 4.58$ <br> $3 K C 8.58$ | $3 K C 4.60$ <br> $3 K C 8.60$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| Switching time I-0 \& II-0 RTSE/ATSE | s | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Switch-off time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | s | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 | s | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Transfer time I-0-II \& II-0-I, IEC 60947-6-1 <br> with line monitoring | s | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Motorized operating mechanism rated ap- <br> parent power at 230 V AC | VA | 184 | 230 | 322 | 322 | 322 |
| Motorized operating mechanism peak inrush <br> current at 230 V AC | A | 2 | 2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |

## Main conductor connections

| Size |  | $3 K C 4.52$ <br> $3 K C 8.52$ | $3 K C 4.54$ <br> $3 K C 8.54$ | $3 K C 4.56$ <br> $3 K C 8.56$ | $3 K C 4.58$ <br> $3 K C 8.58$ | $3 K C 4.60$ <br> $3 K C 8.60$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| Cu conductor, solid | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $4 \times 185$ | $6 \times 185$ | -- | -- | -- |
| Cu conductor, stranded | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $4 \times 185$ | $6 \times 185$ | -- | -- | -- |
| With cable lug (DIN 46234) | mm 2 | $4 \times 185$ | $6 \times 185$ | -- | -- | -- |
| Cu busbar | mm | $2 \times 60 \times 7$ | $2 \times 100 \times 5$ | $3 \times 100 \times 5$ | $2 \times 100 \times$ | $3 \times 100 \times$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| Tightening torque for main contacts | Nm | $20 \ldots 26$ | $20 \ldots 45$ | $40 \ldots 45$ | $40 \ldots 45$ | $40 \ldots 45$ |

## Other properties

| Size |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.52 \\ & 3 K C 8.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.54 \\ & 3 K C 8.54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.56 \\ & 3 K C 8.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.58 \\ & 3 K C 8.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 K C 4.60 \\ & 3 K C 8.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uninterrupted current | A | 1250 | 1600 | 2000 | 2500 | 3200 |
| Power loss per pole | W | 93.3 | 122 | 178 | 255 | 330 |
| Mechanical endurance |  | 2500 | 2500 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 |
| Electrical endurance (AC-23 B at 415 V ) |  | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Degree of protection at the front/with cover |  | IP00 / IP20 |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
| Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -40 ... +70 |  |  |  |  |
| Width x height x depth (3-pole switch) | mm | $\begin{gathered} 504 \times 370 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 596 \times 380 \times \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 596 \times 380 \mathrm{x} \\ 569 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 596 \times 380 \times \\ 569 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 596 \times 380 \times \\ 569 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Width x height x depth (4-pole breaker) | mm | $\begin{gathered} 584 \times 370 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 716 \times 380 \mathrm{x} \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 716 \times 380 \mathrm{x} \\ 569 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 716 \times 380 \mathrm{x} \\ 569 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 716 \times 380 \mathrm{x} \\ 569 \end{gathered}$ |

[^1]
## Transfer control devices

### 4.1 Product description

### 4.1.1 Overview

| Devices | Applications | Used in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Industry |
| 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device | When combined with two circuit breakers with motorized operating mechanism or with remote transfer switching equipment (RTSE), the 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device forms a transfer control system that automatically or manually switches between two power supply systems in low-voltage power distribution applications. <br> The 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device offers <br> - Several programmable inputs and outputs <br> - Optional communication link <br> - LCD <br> Settings are defined via user-friendly software. | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| 3KC ATC6500 transfer control device | The 3KC ATC6500 transfer control device can do everything the 3KC ATC6300 can. <br> The 3KC ATC6500 also offers the option of controlling an additional tie breaker. It can be used to implement a wide range of applications with critical load management. Load shedding of non-critical loads can therefore be implemented. <br> The ATC6500 also features a permanently integrated RS 485 interface. | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device | When combined with two circuit breakers with motorized operating mechanism, the 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device forms a transfer control system. It is a simplified version of the 3KC ATC6300 and enables fast parameterization without software. | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  |  |  |

### 4.1.2 Automatic transfer control with the transfer control device


(1)

(2)

(3)
(1) 3 KC ATC6300
(2) 3 KC ATC6500
(3) 3 KC ATC3100

When combined with two circuit breakers with motorized operating mechanism or with remote transfer switching equipment, the 3KC ATC transfer control devices form an open transfer control system. The 3KC ATC transfer control devices control the transfer automatically, while incorporating set limit values and delay times. They immediately detect fluctuations in the priority power supply and transfer to the standby power supply if the standby power supply can provide the required power supply quality. When the required power supply quality is restored in the priority power supply, the control device automatically initiates a return transfer.
If a generator is feeding the standby and/or the priority power supply, the control device also offers suitable setting options, such as the generator lead time.

As well as the ability to control two circuit breakers, the ATC6500 offers the additional option of controlling a third breaker, the tie breaker. Load shedding of non-priority loads can therefore be implemented.

LV main distribution board


### 4.1.3 Implementation of an automatic transfer

The following switching devices have been tested in conjunction with 3KC ATC6300/6500/3100 transfer control devices:

- 3VA molded case circuit breakers
- 3VL molded case circuit breakers (3KC ATC6300/3100 only)
- 3VT molded case circuit breakers (3KC ATC3100 only)
- 3WL10 air circuit breakers (3KC ATC6500 only)
- 3WL air circuit breakers FSI-III
- 3WT air circuit breakers
- 3KC3/4 remote transfer switching equipment (3KC ATC6300 only)

The circuit breakers must be equipped with the following accessories (please see the corresponding manual for exact circuit diagrams)

- 3VL/3VA/3VT molded case circuit breakers:
- One motorized operating mechanism
- One alarm switch
- Two auxiliary switches 1 NO/1 NC
- 3WL/3WT air circuit breakers:
- One motorized operating mechanism
- One closing solenoid
- One auxiliary release (shunt release)
- One tripped signal switch
- One auxiliary switch block 2 NO / 2 NC (standard equipment)



### 4.1.4 Configuration

Automatic transfer control with 1 or 2 switching devices (3KC ATC3100, 6300, 6500)

Table 4-1 Connection of one of the two sources according to setting


In this application, 2 motorized circuit breakers or one RTSE (remote transfer switching equipment) can be used. The 3KC ATC connects one of the two sources according to the setting. Note: The 3KC ATC3100 is only suitable for one network/network or network/generator application.

Automatic transfer control with 3 switching devices (only possible with 3KC ATC6500)

Table 4-2 Source 1 (SRC1) supplies all loads, source 2 (SRC2) only the priority load (LOAD)


In this application, only the priority load is supplied by the secondary source (source 2 here) when the priority source fails (source 1 here). In the normal case (source 1 available), both sources are supplied by the priority network.

Table 4-3 The source which is still available supplies all loads (NPL and LOAD)


In this application, the two loads are supplied by one source each in the normal case (both sources available). If one source fails, the priority load (LOAD) and the non-priority load (NPL) are supplied by the source that is still available.

Table 4-4 Source 1 (SRC1) supplies all loads, source 2 (SRC2) only the priority load (LOAD)

|  | Source 1 <br> (SRC1) | Source 2 <br> (SRC2) | Breaker 1 <br> (BRK1) | Breaker 2 <br> (BRK2) | Breaker 3 (TB, TB/NPL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Off | Off | 1 | 1 | $1^{1}$ |
|  | On | Off | \| | 1 | \| |
|  | Off | On | 1 | , | 1 |
|  | On | On | \| | \| | 1 |

In this application, the two loads are supplied by one source each in the normal case (both sources available). If source 2 fails, both the priority load and the non-priority load are supplied by source 1 . Source 2 only supplies the priority load however.

Table 4-5 Source 1 (SRC1) supplies all loads, source 2 (SRC2) only the priority load; the TB/NPL switches off the nonpriority load


In this application, only the priority load is supplied by the secondary source (source 2 here) when the priority source fails (source 1 here). In the normal case (source 1 available), both sources are supplied by the priority network.

## Explanations

|'Breaker open
|Breaker closed
BRK 1/2: Switching device $1 / 2$
Load: Priority load in this case
NPL: Non-priority load
TB: Tie breaker (switching device 3)
TB/NPL: Tie breaker/non-priority load = Breaker for non-priority load (switching device 3)
On: Source is fully functional
Off: Source has failed completely or is not providing the required power supply quality

### 4.1.5 $3 K$ ATC6300 transfer control device

### 4.1.5.1 Overview



## Expandability thanks to communication interfaces

The 3KC ATC6300 can be integrated into a communication environment using expansion modules. For communication, the 3KC ATC6300 supports the optional interfaces Ethernet with Modbus TCP, RS 485 with Modbus RTU and USB. The 3KC ATC6300 provides all available transfer control system and supply data via these interfaces. The 3KC ATC6300 can also be controlled via these interfaces. These functions make it possible to integrate the ATC6300 into an additional monitoring software (e.g. SCADA) or other intelligent devices that support Modbus (e.g. Siemens PLCs) and to control it.

## Compatibility with 3VA

The 3KC ATC6300 enables transfer between two energy sources in combination with two motorized 3VA molded case circuit breakers.

## Simple parameterization using powerconfig or via the front LCD

In addition to operation and parameterization via the front LCD, you can also monitor and set the parameters of the controller using powerconfig. Thanks to the optionally available USB front interface, the device can also be parameterized without opening the control cabinet door. The 3KC ATC6300 thus offers a high level of convenience and quick access to all device settings, such as complex settings that arise when connecting generators.

## Metering functions

The 3KC ATC6300 offers the following metering functions:

- Phase sequence
- Phase failure
- Minimum/maximum voltage
- Minimum/maximum frequency
- Voltage unbalance


### 4.1.5.2 Benefits

- Backlit graphic LCD, $128 \times 80$ pixels, for displaying measurements, events and alarms in five languages (English, German, French, Italian, Spanish)
- Easy parameterization via the user interface of the device or via powerconfig (powerconfig version 3.10 and higher)
- Control of functions with microprocessor with virtual real-time clock
- Auxiliary voltage supply is possible by means of taps from the supply sources (110$240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) or by means of a separate DC source (12-24 V DC)
- Measurement of three-phase networks with or without neutral conductor, of two-phase networks, and of single-phase networks
- Control of circuit breakers with motorized operating mechanism, remote transfer switching equipment or contactors
- Suitable for network/network, network/generator or generator/generator applications
- 6 freely programmable digital inputs and 7 programmable relay outputs fitted to the device
- Expandable using up to 2 expansion modules with digital inputs and outputs, and by means of communications interfaces (RS 485, Ethernet)


### 4.1.5.3 Integration

## Implementation of an automatic transfer

The 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device is used to automatically and manually switch from a main power supply to a standby power supply and vice versa. In the event of system faults, the 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device controls the transfer sequence fully automatically. This ensures a very high level of operational continuity.
The following devices are ideally matched to the 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device:

- 3WL, 3WT air circuit breakers
- 3VA, 3VL molded case circuit breakers
- 3KC3, 3KC4 remote transfer switching equipment


### 4.1.6 $3 K$ ATC6500 transfer control device

### 4.1.6.1 Overview



## Load management with the ATC6500

As well as transferring between 2 sources and 2 switching devices, the 3KC ATC6500 can control an additional tie breaker.

It can therefore be used to implement a wide range of applications that distinguish between priority and non-priority loads. The ATC automatically assumes control of the tie breaker according to the configured application.

## In-phase transition

The ATC6500 is capable of in-phase transition. In this application, the ATC measures the deviation between the voltage, the frequency and the phase displacement angle cos phi of both sources. If the requirements for synchronism are attained on a return to the priority source, transfer is initiated. During the transfer, one breaker is opened before the other can be closed. In other words, parallel network operation is not present.

In-phase transition offers the advantage that transfer times can be reduced to a minimum during the return, as transfer only takes place when synchronism is present. A stable load transfer is also achieved. If the state of synchronism is not attained within a defined time, transfer takes place with standard conditions.

## Compatibility with 3VA

The 3KC ATC6500 enables transfer between two energy sources in combination with two motorized 3VA molded case circuit breakers.

## Simple parameterization using powerconfig or via the front LCD

The transfer control device offers the same convenience as the 3KC ATC6300 in this respect.

## Integrated RS 485 interface and expandability

The 3KC ATC6500 features an integrated RS 485 interface. It can also be expanded with the optional communication interfaces Ethernet with Modbus TCP and USB. The 3KC ATC6500 provides all available transfer control system and line data via these interfaces. The 3KC ATC6500 can also be controlled via these interfaces. The ATC6500 can therefore be integrated into additional monitoring software (e.g. SCADA) or other intelligent devices that support Modbus (e.g. Siemens PLCs) for control purposes.

## Metering functions

In addition to the metering functions of the 3KC ATC6300, the 3KC ATC6500 offers the following:

- Difference in phase displacement angle cos
- Voltage difference of the two sources
- Frequency difference of the two sources


### 4.1.6.2 Benefits

The 3KC ATC6500 transfer control device offers all the advantages and functions of the 3KC ATC6300.

In addition, it offers

- 8 freely programmable digital inputs and 7 programmable relay outputs fitted to the device
- Integrated RS 485 interface
- Expandable with additional expansion modules (max. 3) with digital inputs and outputs, and with communications interfaces (Ethernet with Modbus TCP) and USB interface


### 4.1.6.3 Integration

## Implementation of an automatic transfer

The 3KC ATC6500 transfer control device is used to automatically and manually switch from a main power supply to a standby power supply and vice versa.

In the event of system faults, the 3KC ATC6300 transfer control device controls the transfer sequence fully automatically. This ensures a very high level of operational continuity.

The following devices are ideally matched to the 3KC ATC6500 transfer control device:

- 3WL10, 3WL FSI-III, 3WT air circuit breakers
- 3VA, 3VA27 molded case circuit breakers


### 4.1.7 $3 K$ ATC3100 transfer control device

### 4.1.7.1 Overview



Convenient handling
The 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device offers customers flexible and fast commissioning for implementing simple applications. The 3KC ATC3100 can be mounted in a control cabinet door, on a DIN rail or on a rear panel without additional accessories. The transfer control device is supplied with a lockable safety cover (IP41) as standard.

The connecting cable is pre-assembled to assist fast cabling. The 3KC ATC3100 can be configured without software. Automatic transfer applications can be implemented with ease thanks to the well thought-out concept.

3KC ATC3100 connecting cable for MCCB/ACB
You need the pre-assembled connecting cable (3KC9000-8EL62) to connect 3VL or 3WL molded case circuit breakers.

With this cable, connection of the molded case circuit breakers is fast and easy.

### 4.1.7.2 Benefits

Costs of installing the transformer are dispensed with

- Integrated DPS (dual power supply) powers the motorized operating mechanisms of the connected circuit breakers for reliable switching
- Good readability of the system status by means of 10 LEDs
- 3 mounting options without additional accessories: door installation, DIN rail mounting and floor mounting
- Pre-assembled cable set for fast wiring to 3VL and 3WL molded case circuit breakers
- Terminal available for external 24 V DC power supply unit


### 4.1.7.3 Integration

Implementation of an automatic transfer
The 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device is used to automatically and manually switch from a main power supply to a standby power supply and vice versa.

In the event of system faults, the 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device controls the transfer sequence fully automatically. This ensures a very high level of operational continuity.

The 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device allows implementation of an automatic transfer in conjunction with molded case circuit breakers, air circuit breakers and switch disconnectors.
The following devices are ideally matched to the 3KC ATC3100 transfer control device:

- 3VA, 3VL, 3VT molded case circuit breakers
- 3WL, 3WT air circuit breakers


### 4.2 Technical specifications

## Measuring inputs

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. rated voltage Un | V AC |  |  |  |
| $\bullet$ Phase-phase | V AC | 480 | 600 | 400 |
| $\bullet$ Phase-neutral conductor | V AC | 277 | 346 | 230 |
| Phase-phase metering range | V AC | $50 \ldots 576$ | $50 \ldots 720$ | -- |
| Phase-neutral conductor metering <br> range |  | $50 \ldots 333$ | $30 \ldots 415$ | $161 \ldots 264$ |
| Frequency range | Hz | $46 \ldots 65$ | $45 \ldots 65$ | $50 \ldots 60$ |
| Measuring method |  | RMS value (true RMS) |  |  |
| Measuring input impedance |  | $>1.0$ | $>1.1$ | $>1.1$ |
| $\bullet$ Phase-phase | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $>0.5$ | $>0.55$ | $>1.1$ |
| $\bullet$ Phase-neutral conductor | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.25$ |  | $\pm 0.25$ |
| Connection method |  | $\%$ |  |  |
| Relative error of measurement method | $\%$ |  |  |  |

## Power supply

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliary power supply |  |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{AC})$ | V AC | 100 ... 240 | 100 ... 240 | 220 ... 240 |
| Rated voltage $U_{n}$ (DC) | V DC | 110 ... 250 | 110 ... 250 | -- |
| Operating range (AC) | $V$ AC | 90 ... 264 | $90 . .264$ | 161... 264.5 |
| Operating range (DC) | V DC | 93.4 ... 300 | 93.5 ... 300 | -- |
| Frequency | Hz | $45 . . .66$ | $45 . . .66$ | $50 \ldots 60$ |
| Battery power supply |  |  |  |  |
| - Rated voltage $U_{n}$ (DC) | V DC | 12/24 | 12/24/48 | 24 |
| - Operating range (DC) | V DC | 7.5 ... 33 | 7.5 ... 57.6 | $18 . .36$ |
| Max. power consumption at $U_{n}=$ 240 V AC | VA | 9.5 | 12.5 | 6 |
| Max. power loss |  |  |  |  |
| - At 240 V AC | W | 3.8 | 5.5 | 4.5 |
| - At 250 V DC | W | 3.6 | 4.7 | -- |
| - At 24 V DC | W | 2.9 | 4.5 | 4 |
| - At 48 V DC | W | -- | 4.2 | -- |


|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. power consumption |  |  |  |  |
| - At 12 V DC | mA | 230 | 400 | -- |
| - At 24 V DC | mA | 120 | 220 | 120 |
| - At 48 V DC | mA | -- | 100 | -- |

$\checkmark$ Available
-- Not available

## Digital inputs/input signal

|  |  |  |  |  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digital inputs |  | 6, programmable | 8, programmable | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of inputs |  | Negative | Negative | -- |  |  |  |  |
| Design of the switching input | mA | $\leq 8$ | $\leq 8$ | $\leq 8$ |  |  |  |  |
| Input current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input signal | V DC | $\leq 2$ | $\leq 2$ | -- |  |  |  |  |
| $\bullet$ Logic state "0" | V DC | $\geq 3.4$ | $\geq 3.4$ | -- |  |  |  |  |
| $\bullet$ Logic state "I" | ms | $\leq 50$ | $\leq 50$ | $\leq 40$ |  |  |  |  |
| Input signal delay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Relay outputs

|  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of outputs | 7, programmable | 7, programmable | 9 |
| Contact configuration | $6 \times 1 \mathrm{NO}: 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $2 \times 1 \mathrm{NO}: 12 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $6 \times 1 \mathrm{NO}, 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | AC $(\mathrm{AC}-1)$ | AC $(\mathrm{AC}-1)$ | AC |
|  | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{CO}: 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $2 \times 1 \mathrm{NO}: 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $3 \times 1 \mathrm{NO}, 16 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | AC $(\mathrm{AC}-1)$ | AC $(\mathrm{AC}-1)$ | AC |
|  |  | $3 \times 1 \mathrm{CO}: 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
|  |  | AC $(\mathrm{AC}-1)$ |  |

4.2 Technical specifications

## Expandability

|  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Can be expanded using expansion modules | Yes, max. 2 | Yes, max. 3 | -- |
| Can be expanded by | 4 DI | 4 DI | -- |
|  | $4 \mathrm{DO}, \mathrm{SSR}$ | $4 \mathrm{DO}, \mathrm{SSR}$ |  |
|  | $2 \mathrm{DI} / 2 \mathrm{DO}, \mathrm{SSR}$ | $2 \mathrm{DI} / 2 \mathrm{DO}, \mathrm{SSR}$ |  |
|  | $2 \mathrm{DI} / 2 \mathrm{DO}$, relay | $2 \mathrm{DI} / 2 \mathrm{DO}$, relay |  |
|  | 2 DO, relay | 2 DO, relay |  |
|  | RS 485 | RS 485 |  |

## Application

|  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfer possible between | Network/network, net- <br> work/generator, gener- <br> ator/generator | Network/network, net- <br> work/generator, gener- <br> ator/generator | Network/network, net- <br> work/generator |
| Controllable switching devices with motorized <br> operating mechanism | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| In-phase transition | -- | $\checkmark$ | -- |
| Implementation of a transfer in combination <br> with: | 3WL FSI-III, 3WT, <br> 3KC3, 3KC4, 3VA, 3VL | 3WL FSI-III, 3WL10, <br> 3WT, 3VA | 3VA, 3VL, 3VT, 3WL, <br> 3WT |

$\checkmark$ Available
-- Not available

## Communication

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Integrated RS 485 interface |  | -- | $\checkmark$ | -- |
| Optional RS 485 interface |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | -- |
| $\bullet$ Settable transmission rate | bit/s | $1200 \ldots 11500$ | $1200 \ldots 11500$ | -- |
| Optional Ethernet interface |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | -- |
| $\bullet$ Settable transmission rate |  | $1200 \ldots 11500$ | $1200 \ldots 11500$ | -- |

## Real-time clock

|  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATC component | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | -- |
| Operating time without voltage | 300 s | 14 days |  |

## Insulation voltage

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | V AC | 480 (at the measuring <br> inputs) | 600 (at the measuring <br> inputs) | 400 |
|  |  | 250 (at the auxiliary <br> power supply and relay <br> outputs) | 250 (at the auxiliary <br> power supply and relay <br> outputs) |  |

## Ambient conditions

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-30 \ldots 70$ | $-30 \ldots 70$ | $-25 \ldots 70$ |
| Storage temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-30 \ldots 80$ | $-30 \ldots 80$ | $-40 \ldots 80$ |
| Relative humidity | $\%$ | 80 | 80 | 95 |
| Max. pollution degree |  | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Overvoltage category |  | 3 | 3 | 4 |

## Connections

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal type |  | Removable/plug-in | Removable/plug-in | Removable/plug-in |
| Cable cross-section | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.2 \ldots 2.5(24 \ldots 12$ <br> AWG) | $0.2 \ldots 2.5(24 \ldots 12$ <br> AWG) | $0.5 \ldots 2.5(20 \ldots 12$ <br> AWG) |
| Cable cross-section acc. to UL 508 | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.75 \ldots 2.5(18 \ldots 12$ <br> AWG) | $0.75 \ldots 2.5(18 \ldots 12$ <br> AWG) | -- |
| Max. tightening torque | Nm | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.4 |

## Enclosure

|  |  | ATC6300 | ATC6500 | ATC3100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enclosure material |  | Polycarbonate | Polycarbonate | Thermoplastic <br> Bayblend <br> FR3010 |
| Version |  | Door installation | Door installation | Door installation <br> DIN rail mounting <br> Floor mounting |
| Degree of protection |  | IP40 front, IP20 rear | IP40 front, IP20 rear | IP41 front, IP20 rear |
| Weight | g | 600 | 680 | 1050 |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D})$ | mm | $144 \times 144 \times 43.3$ | $180 \times 240 \times 32.6$ | $171.2 \times 131.2 \times 99$ |

4.2 Technical specifications

## More information

You can find more information in the manual for the transfer control devices (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109755149) or on the web pages devoted to the switching devices.

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## Further Information

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| SI LP |
| :--- |
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|  |


[^0]:    2.3 Technical specifications

[^1]:    3.3 Technical specifications

