

鋰電池 UN38.3 測試報告

Lithium Battery UN38.3 Test Report

樣品名稱	SDL-4867102-3S	11.1V	37.74Wh
(Sample Description)		
委託單位			
(Applicant)	_ 泰儀電子		
生產單位	Cyber-Power Elec	tronic	
(Manufacturer)			

No.: 1120105-Prova Date:2023/1/5



I , SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sample	Lithium-ion Polymer		Sample	SDL4867102-3S	
Name	Battery		Model		
Applicant	Cyber-Power Electronic Corporation				
Manufacturer	Cyber-Power				
Nominal				Limited Charge	
Voltage	11.1V	Rated Capacity	3400mAh	Voltage	12.6V
Chargo	4700 4	Mavimum	2400 4	End Charge	470 4
Charge	Charge 1700mA Maximum 3400m	3400mA	Current	170mA	
		Continuous			
Current		Charge Current			
Cut-off	0.014	Maximum	2400 4		Night Vision
Cut-on	9.0V	iviaxiiiiuiii	3400mA	Use	Sight
Voltage		Discharge			
		Current			
Cells Number	1PCS	Cell Model	CYL-4867102	Cell Capacity	3400mAh

${ m I\hspace{-.1em}I}$ 、 REFERENCE METHOD

《United Recommendations On The Transport Of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests And Criteria》 (ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.5/Amend.1 & ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.5/Amend.2).

${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I\hspace{-.1em}I} \ , \ \ {\rm TEST\ ITEM}$

- 1. Altitude simulation
- 2. Thermal test
- 3. Vibration
- 4. Shock

- 5. External short circuit
- 6. Crush
- 7. Overcharge
- 8. Forced discharge

IV, CONCLUSION

ITEM	SAMPLE NUMBER	STANDARD	CONCLUSION
Altitude simulation			PASS
Thermal test			PASS
Vibration	N1~N10		PASS
Shock		UN38.3	PASS
External short circuit			PASS
Crush	N11~N15		PASS
Overcharge	N16~N19 C1~C4		PASS
Forced discharge	N20~N29 C5~C14		PASS
1.2m drop test	N1~N10	UN38.3	PASS

The submitted battery and component cell were complied with the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3.



Prepared by: Checked by: Approved by:

Report ID: Page 2 of 6



Notes:

N1 \sim N10, N16 \sim N19: Cells at first cycle in fully charged states;

N11~N15: Cells at first cycle at 50% of the design rated capacity;

N20~N29: Cells at first cycle in fully discharged states;

C1~C4: Cells after 50 cycles ending in fully charged states;

C5 \sim C14: Cells after 50 cycles ending in fully discharged states.

V 、 PHOTO OF THE SAMPLE





VI TEST METHOD

Tests T.1 to T.5 shall be conducted in sequence on the same cell or battery. Test T.6 and T.8 shall be conducted using not otherwise tested cells or batteries. Test T.7 may be conducted using undamaged batteries previously used in test T.1 to T.5 for purposes of testing on cycled batteries.

In order to quantify the mass loss, the following procedure is provided:

$$Mass loss(\%) = (M_1-M_2) / M_1 X 100$$

Where M₁ is the mass before the test and M₂ is the mass after the test. When mass loss does not exceed the values in Table blow, it shall be considered as "no mass loss".

Mass M of cell or battery	Mass loss limit	
M<1g	0.5%	
1g≦M≦75g	0.2%	
M > 75g	0.1%	

T.1 Altitude simulation

Test cells and batteries shall be stored at a pressure of 11.6 kPa or less for at least six hours at ambient temperature (20 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C).

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there us no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if he open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

T.2 Thermal test

Test cells and batteries are to be stored for at least six hours at a test temperature equal to $72 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, followed by storage for at least six hours at a test temperature equal to $-40 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$. The maximum time interval between test temperature extremes is 30 minutes. This procedure is to be repeated until 10 total cycles are complete, after which all test cells and batteries are to be stored for 24 hours at ambient temperature (20 \pm 5 $\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$). For large cells and batteries the duration of exposure to the test temperature extremes should be at least 12 hours.

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.



T.3 Vibration

Cells and batteries are firmly secured to the platform of the vibration machine without distorting the cells in such a manner as to faithfully transmit the vibration. The vibration shall be a sinusoidal waveform with a logarithmic sweep between 7 Hz and 200 Hz and back to 7 Hz traversed in 15 minutes. This cycle shall be repeated 12 times for a total of 3 hours for each of three mutually perpendicular mounting positions of the cell. One of the directions of vibration must be perpendicular to the terminal face.

The logarithmic frequency sweep shall differ for cells and batteries with a gross mass of not more than 12 kg (cells and small batteries), and for batteries with a gross mass of more than 12 kg (large batteries). For cells and small batteries: from 7 Hz a peak acceleration of 1 gn is maintained until 18 Hz is reached. The amplitude is then maintained at 0.8mm (1.6mm total excursion) and the frequency increased until a peak acceleration of 8 gn occurs (approximately 50 Hz).

A peak acceleration of 8 gn is then maintained until the frequency is increased to 200 Hz.

For large batteries: from 7 Hz to a peak acceleration of 1 g_n is maintained until 18 Hz is reached. The amplitude is then maintained at 0.8mm (1.6mm total excursion) and the frequency increased until a peak acceleration of 2 g_n occurs (approximately 25 Hz). A peak acceleration of 2 g_n is then maintained until the frequency is increased to 200 Hz.

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire during the test and after the test and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery directly after testing in its third perpendicular mounting position is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

T.4 Shock

Test cells and batteries shall be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which will support all mounting surfaces of each test battery. Each cell or battery shall be subjected to a half-sine shock of peak acceleration of 150 gn and pulse duration of 6 milliseconds. Each cell or battery shall be subjected to three shocked in the positive direction followed by three shocks in the negative direction of three mutually perpendicular mounting positions of the cell or battery for a total of 18 shocks.

However, large cells and large batteries shall be subjected to a half-sine shock of peak acceleration of 50 gn and pulse duration of 11 milliseconds. Each cell or battery is subjected to three shocks in the positive direction followed by three shocks in the negative direction of each of three mutually perpendicular mounting positions of the cell for a total of 18 shocks.



Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

T.5 External short circuit

The cell or battery to be tested shall be temperature stabilized so that its external case temperature reaches 55 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C and then the cell or battery shall be subjected to a short circuit condition with a total external; resistance of less than 0.1 ohm at 55 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C. This short circuit condition is continue for at least one hour after the cell or battery external case temperature has returned to 55 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C.

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if their external temperature does not exceed 170 °C and there is no disassembly, no rupture and no fire during the test and within six hours after the test.

T.6 Impact / Crush

Impact (applicable to cylindrical cells not less than 18 mm in diameter)

The sample cell or component cell is to be placed on a flat smooth surface. A 15.8 mm ± 0.1 mm diameter, at least 6 cm long, or the longest dimension of the cell, whichever is greater, Type 316 stainless steel bar is to be placed across the centre of the sample. A 9.1 kg ± 0.1 kg mass is to be dropped from a height of 61 ± 2.5 cm at the intersection of the bar and sample in a controlled manner using a near frictionless, vertical sliding track or channel with minimal drag on the falling mass. The vertical track or channel used to guide the falling mass shall be oriented 90 degrees from the horizontal supporting surface.

The test sample is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8 mm ± 0.1 mm diameter curved surface lying across the centre of the test sample. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact.

Crush (applicable to prismatic, pouch, coin/button cells and cylindrical cells less than 18 mm in diameter) A cell or component cell is to be crushed between two flat surfaces. The crushing is to be gradual with a speed of approximately 1.5 cm/s at the first point of contact. The crushing is to be continued until the first of the three options below is reached.

- (a) The applied force reaches 13 kN ± 0.78kN;
- (b) The voltage of the cell drops by at least 100 mV; or
- (c) The cell is deformed by 50% or more of its original thickness.

Once the maximum pressure has been obtained, the voltage drops by 100mV or more, or the cell is deformed by at least 50% of its original thickness, the pressure shall be released.





A prismatic or pouch cell shall be crushed by applying the force to the widest side. A button/coin cell shall be crushed by applying the force on its flat surfaces. For cylindrical cells, the crush force shall be applied perpendicular to the longitudinal axis.

Each test cell or component cell is to be subjected to one crush only. The test sample shall be observed for a further 6 h. The test shall be conducted using test cells or component cells that have not previously been subjected to other tests.

Cells and component cells meet this requirement if their external temperature does not exceed 170 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and there is no disassembly and no fire during the test and within six hours after this test.

T.7 Overcharge

The charge current shall be twice the manufacturer's recommended maximum continuous charge current. The minimum voltage of the test shall be as follows:

- (a) When the manufacturer's recommended charge voltage is not more than 18V, the minimum voltage of the test shall be the lesser of two times the maximum charge voltage of the battery or 22V.
- (b) When the manufacturer's recommended charge voltage is more than 18V, the minimum voltage of the test shall be 1.2 times the maximum charge voltage.

Tests are to be conducted at ambient temperature; the duration of the test shall be 24 hours.

Rechargeable batteries meet this requirement if there is no disassembly and no fire during the test and within seven days after the test.

T.8 Forced discharge

Each cell shall be forced discharged at ambient temperature by connecting it in series with a 12V D.C. power supply at an initial current equal to the maximum discharge current specified by the manufacturer. The specified discharge current is to be obtained by connecting a resistive load of the appropriate size and rating in series with the test cell. Each cell shall be forced discharged for a time interval (in hours) equal to its rated capacity divided by the initial test current (in ampere).

Primary or rechargeable cells meet this requirement if there is no disassembly and no fire during the test and within seven days after the test.

T.9 1.2m Drop test

1.2m height for 6 faces, Cells shall be mechanically and electrically normal, no explosion