HRS100/150 Series

Standard Type

No heater is required, as the circulating fluid is heated using only the heat exhausted by the refrigerating circuit.





(Only 400/460 VAC type)

(Pending) (Only 460 VAC type)

HRS-

HRS090

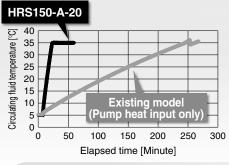
HRS200

HRSH090

HRSH

RoHS)

■ Heating-up time: 1/10

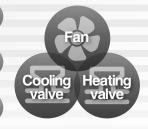


[Test conditions] Circulating fluid temperature: 5->35°C Ambient temperature: 32°C Power supply: 200 VAC/50 Hz Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow Circulating fluid: Water External piping: Bypass piping

Cooling valve control



Heating valve control



 $\pm 1.0^{\circ} \text{C}, \pm 0.1^{\circ} \text{C}$

(460 VAC type)

Cooling capacity 10 kW/15 kW

Set temperature 5°C to 35°C range

Max. ambient 45°C temperature

Temperature stability (When a load is stable)

Low-noise $70 \, dB(A)$ design

Outdoor installation IPX4

Compact, Space saving





Added Variations!

Option

With fluid fill port

Optional accessories

- Electric conductivity control set
- Relief valve set
- Snow protection hood (Air-cooled only)

Compatible with power supplies in Europe, Asia, Oceania, and North, Central,

- 3-phase 200 VAC
 - 3-phase 400 VAC

and South America

3-phase 460 VAC

HRR

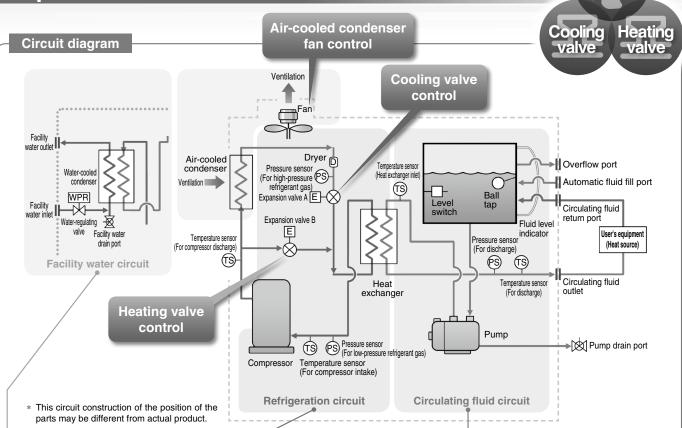
HRZD HRW

HECR

HEC

Thermo-chiller Standard Type HRS100/150 Series

Triple controller



Facility water circuit

For water-cooled refrigeration HRS□-W-□

 The water-regulating valve opens and closes to keep the refrigerant gas pressure consistent. The facility water flow rate is controlled by the waterregulating valve.

Refrigeration circuit

- The compressor compresses the refrigerant gas and discharges high-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas.
- In the case of air-cooled refrigeration, the high-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas is cooled down by fan ventilation in the air-cooled condenser, where it is then liquefied. In the case of water-cooled refrigeration, the refrigerant gas is cooled by the facility water in the facility water circuit in the water-cooled condenser, where it is then liquefied.
- The liquefied high-pressure refrigerant gas expands and its temperature lowers when it passes through expansion valve A, where it vaporizes after receiving heat from the circulating fluid in the evaporator.
- The vaporized refrigerant gas is sucked into the compressor and compressed again.
- When heating the circulating fluid, the high-pressure, hightemperature refrigerant gas is bypassed into the evaporator by expansion valve B to heat the circulating fluid.

Point

The combination of the precise control of expansion valve A for cooling and expansion valve B for heating allows for high temperature stability.

Circulating fluid circuit

- After the circulating fluid discharged from the pump is heated or cooled by the user's equipment, it returns to the thermo-chiller.
- The circulating fluid is controlled to remain at a set temperature by the refrigeration circuit. It will then be discharged to the user's equipment side again by the thermo-chiller.

Point)

Since the refrigeration circuit is controlled by the signals from

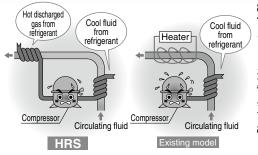
2 temperature sensors (for return and discharge), precise temperature control of the circulating fluid can be achieved. Therefore, there is no need for a tank with a large capacity to absorb the circulating fluid temperature difference, as high temperature stability can be achieved even with a small-size tank. This also contributes to space saving.

Variations

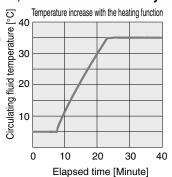
Model		Cooling method	Cooling capacity [kW] (50/60 Hz)	Power supply	Option (Pages 156, 157)	Optional accessories Pages 158 to 163
	HRS100	Air-cooled	9.0/9.5		With caster adjuster-footWith earth leakage	Caster adjuster-foot kit Electric conductivity control set Bypass piping set
	HRS150	refrigeration	13.0/14.5	· 3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)	breaker (For 400/460 V type as standard)	
1	HRS100	Water-cooled refrigeration	10.0/11.0	· 3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50 Hz/60 Hz) · 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	 With earth leakage breaker with handle (For 400/460 V type as standard) 	Relief valve setSnow protection hood(Air-cooled only)
	HRS150		14.5/16.5		With fluid fill portSI Unit Only	Particle filter setWired remote controller

Circulating fluid can be heated without a heater.

As the heating method uses discharged heat, a heater is unnecessary.



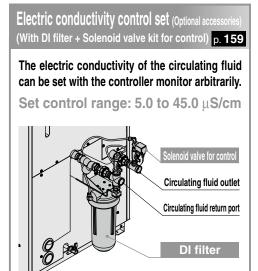
* This is just an example diagram.

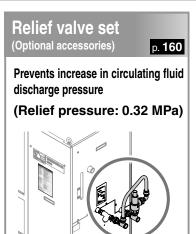


* For HRS150-A-20

- Circulating fluid temperature: 5→35°C
- Ambient temperature: 32°C
 Power supply: 200 V/50 Hz
- Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow Circulating fluid: Water
- External piping: Bypass piping



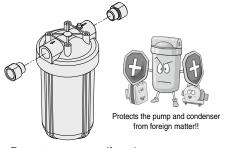






Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid

Effective in preventing foreign matter from entering the user's equipment and chiller



- Prevents pump malfunction
- Prevents the water-cooled condenser performance from falling

Improved maintenance performance

Circulating fluid fill port (Option)

Fluid fill port is equipped in the upper part of the tank in addition to the automatic fluid fill port for a tap water piping connection. (page 157)

Front side access

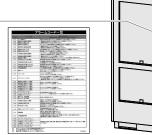
All the electrical components can be checked from the front side for the easier maintenance work.

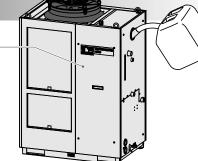
Alarm code list

Alarm code list stickers (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.) are included.

This can be put under the operation panel for reference.

(Alarm ▶ Page 154)





Operation display panel Easy maintenance with the check display

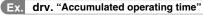
Alarm codes can be used for the notification of upcoming recommended maintenance.

The codes notify you when it's time to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance



Check display

The internal temperature, pressure, and operating time of the product are displayed.





		Circulating fluid outlet temperature				
	Temperature	Circulating fluid return temperature				
		Compressor gas temperature				
	Flow rate	Circulating fluid flow rate*1				
)		Circulating fluid outlet pressure				
	Pressure	Compressor gas discharge pressure				
J		Compressor gas return pressure				
n		Accumulated operating time				
)		Accumulated operating time of pump				
	Operating time	Accumulated operating time of fan*2				
,	unio	Accumulated operating time of compressor				
ne		Accumulated operation time of dustproof filter*2				

Displayed item

*1 This is not measurement value. Use it for reference. *2 These are displayed only for air-cooled refrigeration.

Convenient Details Page 154

Timer function, Anti-freezing function, Power failure auto-restart function, Warming-up function, Key-lock function, etc.

HRS-R

HRS090

p. **162**

HRS200 HRSH090

HRSH

HRSE HRR

HRZD HRW

HECR

HEC

HEB

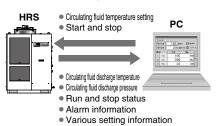
HED

Communication function

Serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. This allows for communication with the user's equipment and system construction, depending on the application. A 24 VDC output can be also provided and is available for use with flow switches (SMC's PF3W, etc.).

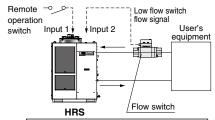
Ex.1 Remote signal I/O through serial communication

Remote operation is enabled (to start and stop operation) through serial communication.



Ex.2 Remote operation signal input

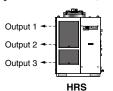
One of the contact inputs is used for remote operation and the other is used to monitor the flow of a flow switch. This is where their alarm outputs are taken in.



Power for flow switches (24 VDC) can be supplied by the thermo-chiller.

Ex.3 Alarm and operation status (start, stop, etc.) signal output

The alarm and status generated in the product are assigned to 3 output signals based on their contents, which can then be output.



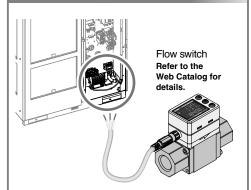
Output setting example

Output 1: Temperature rise Output 2: Pressure rise

Output 3: Operation status (start, stop, etc.)

Power supply (24 VDC) available

Preparation completion status



Power can be supplied from the terminal block of the thermochiller to external switches, etc.

IPX4

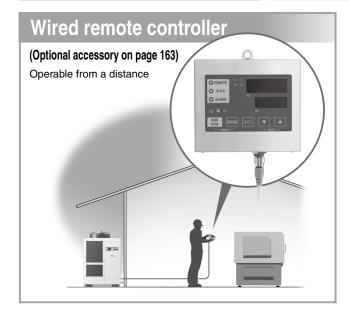
IP (International Protection) is the industrial standard for "Degrees of protection provided by outer defensive enclosures of electric equipment (IP Code)" according to IEC 60529 and JIS C 0920.

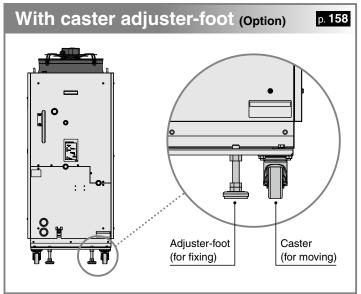
IPX4: No harmful influence by water splash is acceptable from every direction.



(Europe, Asia, Oceania, North, Central and South America) Step-down transformer Unnecessary 380 to 415 VAC 460 to 480 VAC (60Hz) Transformer unnecessary Power Applicable to 200 to 230 VAC,

Power Applicable to 200 to 230 VAC, supply 380 to 415 VAC, or 460 to 480 VAC Transformers are unnecessary even when used overseas.





Makes cooling water easily available, anytime, anywhere.



There is no cooling tower. Tap water is being used.



Even without a cooling tower, an air-cooled refrigerated chiller can be used to easily supply cooling water.





There is a cooling tower, but high temperatures in summer or low (freezing) temperatures in winter make cooling water temperatures unstable.







Cooling water at a consistent temperature can be supplied regardless of the season.



Applications



Laser beam machine/ Laser welding machine

Cooling of the laser oscillation part and power source



Printing machine

Temperature control of the roller



Cleaning machine

Temperature control of cleaning solution



HRS

HRS090 HRS-R

HRS200 100/15

HRSH HRSH090

HRR HRSE

HBL

HRZ

HRW HRZD

HEC HECR

HEB

Technical Data

Global Supply Network

SMC has a comprehensive network in the global market.

We now have a presence of more than 560 branch offices and distributors in 83 countries and regions worldwide, such as Asia, Oceania, North/Central/South America, and Europe. With this global network, we are able to provide a global supply of our substantial range of products and high-quality customer service. We also provide full support to local factories, foreign manufacturing companies, and Japanese companies in each country.





SMC Thermo-chiller Variations

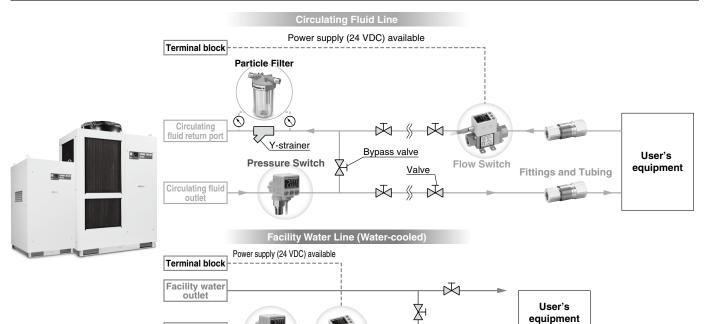
Lots of variations are available according to the users' requirements.

		Temperature Set temperature			Cooling capacity [kW]											International		
	Series		stability range [°C]		1.2	2 1.8 2.4 3 5 6 9 10 15 20 25 28		Environment	standards									
	HRSE Basic type		±2.0	10 to 30	•	•	•										Indoor use	((Only 230 VAC type)
HRS Standard type		±0.1	5 to 40	•	•	•	•	•	•							Indoor use	(€ ,, (Only 60 Hz)	
	HRS090	200 V, 400 V	±0.5	5 to 05													Indoor	(400/460 V as standard)
	Standard type	460 V	±0.1	5 to 35													use	(Only 460 VAC type, Pending)
	HRS100/150	200 V, 400 V	±1.0	5 to 35								•	•				Outdoor	(€ (400/460 V as standard)
	Standard type	460 V	±0.1	3 10 33														(Only 460 VAC type, Pending)
	HRSH090 Inverter type		±0.1	5 to 40							•						Indoor use	(400 V as standard, 200 V as an option) (II) (Only 200 V as an option)
	HRSH Inverter type		±0.1	5 to 35								•	•	•	•	•	Outdoor installation IPX4	(400 V as standard, 200 V as an option) (Only 200 V as an option)



Technical Data

Circulating Fluid/Facility Water Line Equipment



Flow Switch: Monitors the flow rate and temperature of the circulating fluid and facility water

Facility water inlet

Refer to the **Web Catalog** for details.

3-Color Display Digital Flow Switch for Water PF3W



Integrated flow adjustment valve and temperature sensor



3-Color Display Electromagnetic Type Digital Flow Switch LFE



Digital Flow Switch for Deionized Water and Chemical Liquids PF2D 4-Channel Flow Monitor PF2 200



For the control of pressure and flow rate: The digital display makes these aspects **visible**.



Pressure Switch: Monitors the pressure of the circulating fluid and facility water Refer to the **Web Catalog** for details.



S Coupler KK

2-Color Display **High-Precision Digital Pressure Switch** ISE80



Pressure Switch Flow Switch







Fittings and Tubing

S Coupler/Stainless Steel (Stainless Steel 304) KKA



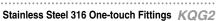


Refer to the Web Catalog for details. Tubing $T\Box$

Material

Nylon

PFA





Metal One-touch Fittings KQB2



TU Polyurethane FEP (Fluoropolymer) TH Modified PTFE TD (Soft fluoropolymer) Super PFA TL

Series

TLM

Stainless Steel 316 Insert Fittings KFG2







Fluoropolymer Fittings LQ



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HRS100/150 Series Standard Type



Thermo-chiller HRS100/150 Series

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HRSH090 HRS200 HRSH

HRW

HEC

Thermo-chiller Standard Type Air-cooled 200 V Type

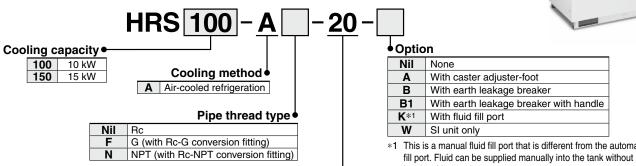
HRS100/150 Series





THERMO CHILLE

How to Order



Power supply

3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.

(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

		Model			HRS100-A□-20-□	HRS150-A□-20-□	
Cooling method					Air-cooled refrigeration		
Ref	rigerant				R410A (HFC)		
Ref	rigerant cha	rge		kg	1.3	1.65	
Co	ntrol method				PID co	ontrol	
Am	bient temper	ature/Altitude*1,9		°C	Temperature: -5 to 45°C, A	Altitude: less than 3000 m	
	Circulating	fluid* ²			Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol ac	queous solution, Deionized water	
	Set tempera	ture range*1		°C	5 to	35	
	Cooling cap	acity 50/60 Hz*3		kW	9.0/9.5	13.0/14.5	
	Heating cap	acity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0	
_	Temperatur	e stability*5		°C	±1.	.0	
le le	Director	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (C	utlet)*6	L/min	42/5	56	
system	Pump capacity	Maximum flow rate 50/	60 Hz	L/min	55/0	68	
	Сараспу	Maximum pump head		m	50)	
fluid	Minimum o	perating flow rate 50/60	Hz* ⁷	L/min	28/4	42	
g	Tank capac	ity		L	18	3	
affi	Circulating	fluid outlet, circulating	fluid return port		Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)		
Ĕ	Tank drain	oort			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)		
Circulating	Automatic Supply side pressure range		MPa	0.2 to 0.5			
-	fluid fill Supply side fluid temperature			°C 5 to 35			
	system	Automatic fluid fill por	t		Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)		
	(Standard)	Overflow port			Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)		
	Fluid conta	nt material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze,		
	Tiula conta	ot material			PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic		
톭	Power supp	dv			3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)		
system	r ower supp	···y			Allowable voltage range ±10% (Newson)	o continuous voltage fluctuation)	
	Annlicable e	arth leakage breaker*8	Rated current	Α	30	40	
1,22			Sensitivity of leak current	mA	30		
ectrical		ating current 50/60 Hz*5		Α	14/15	16/19	
▥		r consumption 50/60 H	<u>*</u> *5	kW (kVA)	3.8/4.8 (4.9/5.3)	4.7/6.1 (5.6/6.7)	
		nt 1 m/Height 1 m)*5		dB (A)	70	70	
Waterproof specification				IPX			
Accessories				Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump			
We	ight (dry stat	e)		kg	171	177	
					are the embient temperature and/or sireulating		

- *1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.
- *2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.
 - Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)
 - 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.

Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 M Ω -cm or lower)

*3 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200 VAC

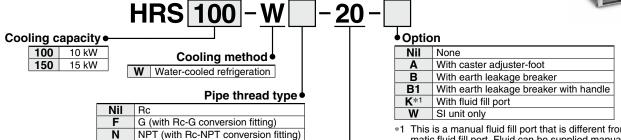
*4 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200 VAC

- *5 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 200 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest
- *6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.
- *7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
- *8 To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker] and B1 [With earth leakage breaker with handle].
- *9 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 166) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

HRS100/150 Series



How to Order



Power supply

3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz) This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.

(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

Model		HRS100-W□-20-□	HRS150-W□-20-□		
Cooling method		Water-cooled refrigeration			
Refrigerant		R410A (HFC)			
Refrigerant charge	kg	1.23	1.33		
Control method		PID co			
Ambient temperature/Altitude*1	°C	Temperature: 2 to 35°C, A	Ititude: less than 3000 m		
Circulating fluid*2		Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol ac	jueous solution, Deionized water		
Set temperature range*1	°C	5 to			
Cooling capacity 50/60 Hz*3	kW	10.0/11.0	14.5/16.5		
Heating capacity 50/60 Hz*4	kW	1.7/2.2	2.5/3.0		
Temperature stability*5	°C	±1.	0		
Temperature stability*5 Pump Rated flow 50/60 Hz (Outlet)*6 Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz	L/min	42/			
Maximum flow rate 50/60 Hz	L/min	55/0			
capacity Maximum pump head	m	50			
☐ Minimum operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7	L/min	28/-			
Tank capacity	L	18			
E Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid retu	rn port	Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4			
Tank drain port		Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)			
Minimum operating flow rate 50/60 Hz*7 Tank capacity Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid retu Tank drain port Automatic Fluid fill Supply side fluid temperature	MPa	0.2 to 0.5			
	°C	5 to 35			
system Automatic fluid fill port		Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2			
(Standard) Overflow port		Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)			
Fluid contact material		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic			
E Temperature range	°C	5 to			
Temperature range Pressure range Pressured flow 50/60 Hz	MPa	0.3 to 0.5			
Required flow 50/60 Hz	L/min	33/34	38/40		
ਵਿੱ Facility water pressure differential	MPa	0.3 or more			
Facility water inlet/outlet		Rc3/4			
Facility water pressure differential Facility water inlet/outlet Fluid contact material		Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass PTFE, NBR, EPDM			
F		3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)			
Power supply		Allowable voltage range ±10% (N			
ক Applicable earth leakage breaker*৪ Rated c		30	40		
.e sensitivity o	f leak current mA	30			
Rated operating current 50/60 Hz*5	Α	13/14	16/19		
	kW (kVA)	3.4/4.4 (4.4/5.0)	4.6/6.0 (5.6/6.6)		
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5	dB (A)	70	70		
Waterproof specification		IP)			
Accessories		Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump			
Weight (dry state)	kg	151	154		

- *1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit.
- *2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit. Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994) 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics. Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ-cm or lower)
- *3 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 200 VAC
- ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 200 VAC
- *5 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, 6 Power supply: 200 VAC, 7 Piping length: Shortest
- *6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.
- *7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.
- *8 To be prepared by the user. A specified earth leakage breaker is installed for option B [With earth leakage breaker] and B1 [With earth leakage breaker with handle].

HRS-R

HRS090

HRS200

HRSH090 HRSH

HRW

HECR

HEC

HEB

Technical Data

146

Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Air-cooled 400 V/460 V Type C €

HRS100/150 Series





How to Order

HRS 100 - A

Cooling capacity ● 100 10 kW

15 kW

Cooling method

A Air-cooled refrigeration

Pipe thread type

Nil	Rc
F	G (with Rc-G conversion fitting)
N	NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)

Power supply

3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)

· Option						
Nil*1	None					
A With caster adjuster-foot						
K *2	K*2 With fluid fill port					
W	SI unit only					

- *1 400/460 V type is provided with an earth leakage breaker with handle (-B1) as standard.
- *2 This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.

(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

		Model			HRS100-A□-40-□	HRS150-A□-40-□	HRS100-A□-46-□	HRS150-A□-46-□
Cooling method					Air-cooled refrigeration			
	frigerant				R410A (HFC)			
	frigerant cha			kg	1.3	1.3		
Control method					PID control			
Am	bient tempe			°C		-5 t		
	Circulating				Tap water	Tap water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water		
		ature range*1		°C		5 to		
		pacity 50/60 Hz*3		kW	9.0/9.5		13.0/14.5	
		pacity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2		2.5/3.0	
Ē	Temperatur	e stability*5		°C	±1		±C).1
system	Pump	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (C		L/min		42/		
S	capacity	Maximum flow rate 50/	60 Hz	L/min		55/		
	1 -	Maximum pump head		m		5		
Circulating fluid		perating flow rate 50/60	Hz*/	L/min		28/		
ρ	Tank capac			L		1	<u> </u>	
ı≣		fluid outlet, circulating	fluid return port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/		
3		Pump drain port Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/4, Symbol N: NPT1/4)						
ıξ	Automatic			MPa		0.2 to		
0	naid iii Supply side naid temperature C				5 to 35			
	system Automatic fluid fill port				Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)			
(Standard) Overflow port						Rc1 (Symbol F: G1		
Fluid contact material					Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze, PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic			
Electrical system				3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 4-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% Allowable voltage range ±4%, -10% (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)				
Ë	Earth leaka	ge breaker	Rated current	Α	20			
<u>9</u>		Vith handle)	Sensitivity of leak current	mA		3	0	
ш	Rated opera	ating current 50/60 Hz*5	•	Α	6.9/7.5		8.1/9.6	
	Rated power	er consumption 50/60 H	Z*5 k	(W (kVA)	3.7/4.7 (4.7/5.3)	4.8/6.1 (5.7/6.6)		
No				dB (A)	70 72			
Waterproof specification			IPX4					
Accessories			Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump 1 pc.		/Japanese 1 pc.),			
	ight (dry stat	te)		kg	171 177			
	mpliant	CE marking	EMC Directi		2014/30/EU			
sta	ndards	on marking	Machinery Dire	ective		2006/-	42/EC	
**1 Line a 45% of bullens about a great a solution if a poverties in a place where the ambient temperature and/or six ulating fluid temperature is 10% or less								

- *1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.
- *2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid.

 Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994)

 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics. Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)

- Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 µS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 MΩ·cm or lower)

 *3 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 400 VAC

 *4 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 400 VAC

 *5 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest

 *6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure return port pressure = 0.25 MPa.

 *7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.

- *8 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 166) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

Thermo-chiller Standard Type

Water-cooled 400 V/460 V Type C €

HRS100/150 Series







How to Order

HRS 100 - W

Cooling capacity • 100 10 kW

Cooling method W Water-cooled refrigeration

Pipe thread type

	i ipo unoda typo				
Nil	Rc				
F	G (with Rc-G conversion fitting)				
N	NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)				
N	NPT (with Rc-NPT conversion fitting)				

Power supply

40	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)
16	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)
	3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)

Option

- 10 11.0	••				
NiI*1 None					
A With caster adjuster-foot					
K *2	With fluid fill port				
W	SI unit only				

- *1 400/460 V type is provided with an earth leakage breaker with handle (-B1) as standard.
- This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel.

(Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option -K if the side panel is removed.)

Specifications

		Model			HRS100-W□-40-□	HRS150-W□-40-□	HRS100-W□-46-□	HRS150-W□-46-□
Cor	Cooling method			⊓n3100-W□-40-□			ппэ13U-W□-40-□	
	Refrigerant				Water-cooled refrigeration R410A (HFC)			
		horao		ka	1.23 1.33			
	Refrigerant charge kg Control method				1.23	PID c		
				°C			o 45	
AIII		na fluid*2			Top wot		gueous solution, Deionize	ad water
				°C	iap wate			eu water
	Set temperature range*1 °C Cooling capacity 50/60 Hz*3 kW			10.0/11.0	5 to 35 10.0/11.0 14.5/16.5			
		capacity 50/60 Hz*4		kW	1.7/2.2		2.5/3.0	
		ture stability*5		°C	1.772.2 ±1	0	2.5/3.0 ±0	11
system	Tellipera	Rated flow 50/60 Hz (O	\+lo+*6			.0	±0	'- 1
ste	Pump	(When circulating fluid outlet port pressure -		L/min		42	/56	
s		Maximum flow rate 50/	/60 Hz	L/min		55	/68	
fluid	capacity	Maximum pump head	00 112	m m			0	
⊒	Minimun	n operating flow rate 50	/60 Hz* ⁷	L/min			/42	
	Tank cap		100 112	L/IIIII			8	
Circulating		ng fluid outlet, circulating	n fluid return port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/		
<u>=</u>	Pump dr		y manu return port			Rc1/4 (Symbol F: G1/		
<u>5</u>		Supply side pressure	range	MPa		0.2 t		
Ö	fluid fill	Supply side fluid temp		°C			35	
	system	Automatic fluid fill por						
		Overflow port			Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2) Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)			
	(Otanuaru)	Overnow port			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze,			
	Fluid contact material			PTFE, PU, EPDM, PVC, NBR, PE, NR, PBT, PP, POM, Carbon, Ceramic				
system	Temperature range °C		5 to 40					
)st	Pressure range MPa			0.3 t				
Š		d flow 50/60 Hz		L/min	33/34 38/40			
/ate		water pressure different	tial	MPa			more	
- <u>5</u>	Facility v	water inlet/outlet			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)			
Facility water	Fluid co	ntact material			Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Brass PTFE, NBR, EPDM			
al system	Power supply			3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz), 3-p Allowable volta (No continuous vo	ge range ±10% oltage fluctuation)	3-phase 380 to 41 Allowable voltage range ±10% (N 3-phase 460 to 4 Allowable voltage range +4%, -10 and no continuous	lo continuous voltage fluctuation) 180 VAC (60 Hz) 0% (Max. voltage less than 500 V	
듣		akage breaker	Rated current	Α			0	
ectrical		d/With handle)	Sensitivity of leak current	mΑ		3	0	
ı		perating current 50/60 H		Α	6.4/7.2		7.7/9.5	
	Rated power consumption 50/60 Hz*5 kW (kVA)							
	Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5 dB (A)		70					
Wat	Waterproof specification			IPX4				
	essories				Alarm code list stickers 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 2 pcs. (English 1 pc./Japanese 1 pc.), Y-strainer 20A 1 pc., Barrel nipple 20A 1 pc., Drain pan for the pump 1 pc.			
	ght (dry s	state)		kg	151 154			
	npliant	CE marking	EMC Direct			2014/		
sta	ndards	CE marking	Machinery Dire	ective	2006/42/EC			
the cuttory attended according to a property of the complete temporative and/or sixulating fluid temporative in 1000 or le				1000 1 11				

- *1 Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature and/or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Also, when
- there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit.

 *2 Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Also, when there is a possibility of the facility water being frozen, make sure to discharge all the facility water from the facility water circuit. Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994) 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: diluted by tap water in condition above without any additives such as antiseptics.
- Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 $M\Omega$ ·cm or lower)
- *3 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 400 VAC
 *4 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ④ Power supply: 400 VAC
 *5 ① Facility water temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 400 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest
- *6 When circulating fluid outlet port pressure return port pressure = 0.25 MPa
- *7 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity and to keep the circulating fluid discharge pressure to 0.5 MPa or less. If the actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass piping.



HRS-R

HRS090

HRS200

HRSH090

HRW

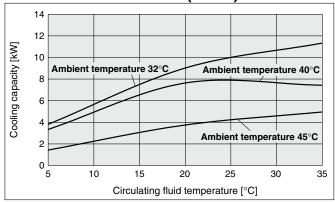
HEC

HRS100/150 Series Standard Type

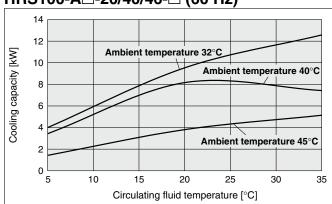
Cooling Capacity

If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment/ Storage Environment" (page 166) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."

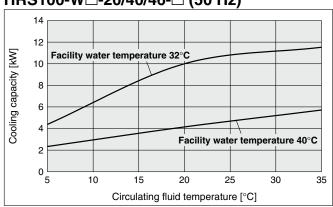
HRS100-A□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



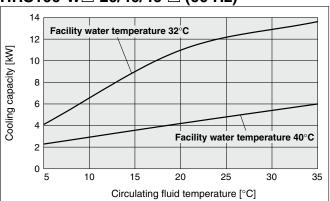
HRS100-A□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



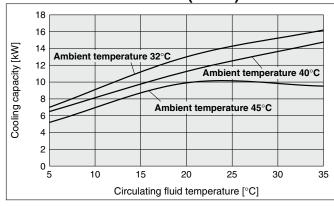
HRS100-W□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



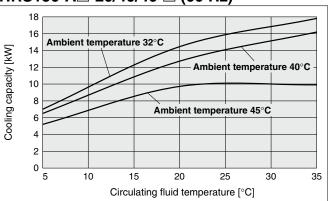
HRS100-W□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



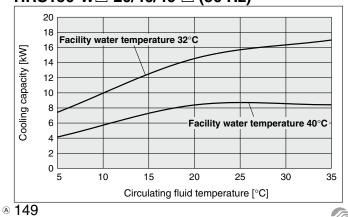
HRS150-A□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)



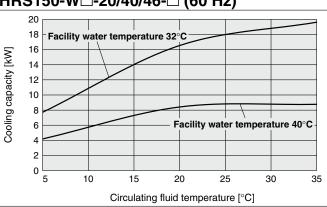
HRS150-A□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



HRS150-W□-20/40/46-□ (50 Hz)

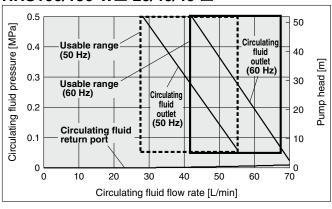


HRS150-W□-20/40/46-□ (60 Hz)



Pump Capacity

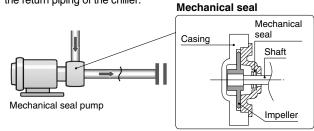
HRS100/150-A□-20/40/46-□ HRS100/150-W□-20/40/46-□



⚠ Caution

Mechanical Seal Pump

The pump used for the thermo-chiller HRS100/150 series uses a mechanical seal with the fixed ring and rotary ring used for the shaft seal part. If foreign matter enter the gap between the seals, this may cause a trouble such as leakage from the seal part or pump lock. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter in the return piping of the chiller.



HRS

HRS090 HRS-R

HRS200 100/150

HRSH HRSH090

R HRSE

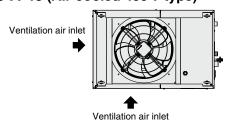
HBL

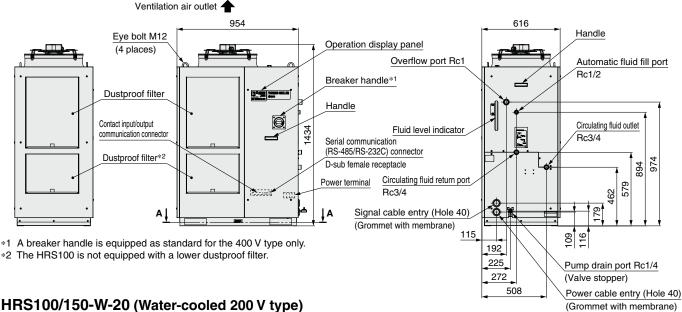
HRZD HRZ



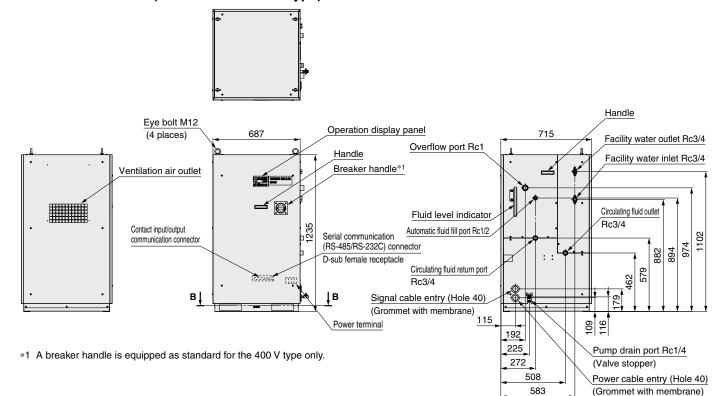
Dimensions

HRS100/150-A-20 (Air-cooled 200 V type) HRS100/150-A-40 (Air-cooled 400 V type) HRS100/150-A-46 (Air-cooled 460 V type)



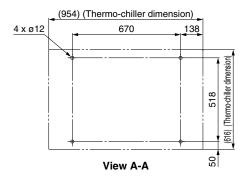


HRS100/150-W-20 (Water-cooled 200 V type) HRS100/150-W-40 (Water-cooled 400 V type) HRS100/150-W-46 (Water-cooled 460 V type)

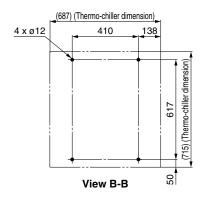


Dimensions

HRS100/150-A-20 (Air-cooled 200 V type) HRS100/150-A-40 (Air-cooled 400 V type) HRS100/150-A-46 (Air-cooled 460 V type) Anchor bolt fixing position A

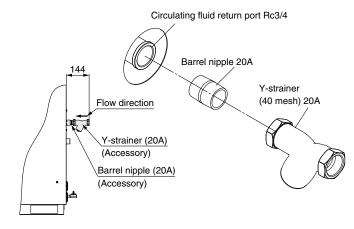


HRS100/150-W-20 (Water-cooled 200 V type) HRS100/150-W-40 (Water-cooled 400 V type) HRS100/150-W-46 (Water-cooled 460 V type) Anchor bolt fixing position B



Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view

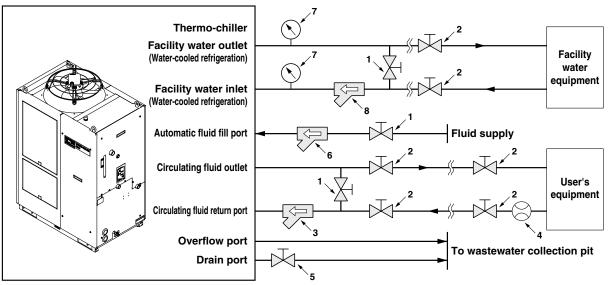
* Mount it by yourself on the circulating fluid return port.





Recommended External Piping Flow

External piping circuit is recommended as shown below.



* Ensure that the overflow port is connected to the wastewater collection pit in order to avoid damage to the tank of the thermo-chiller.

No.	Description	Size	Recommended part no.	Note
1	Valve	Rc1/2	_	_
2	Valve	Rc3/4		_
3	Y-strainer	Rc3/4 #40	Accessory	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 µm or more are likely to enter, install the particle filter. For the recom-
	Filter	Rc3/4 20 μm	HRS-PF005*1, 2	mended filter, refer to the optional accessory HRS-PF005 (page 162).
4	Flow meter	_		Prepare a flow meter with an appropriate flow range.
5	Valve (Part of thermo-chiller)	Rc1/4	_	_
6	Y-strainer	Rc1/2 #40	_	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 µm or more are likely to enter, install the parti-
	Filter	Rc1/2 20 μm	_	cle filter.
7	Pressure gauge	0 to 1.0 MPa		_
8	Y-strainer	Rc3/4 #40	HRS-S0378	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 µm or more are likely to enter, install the parti-
	Filter	Rc3/4 20 μm	FQ1012N-06-T020-B-X61*2	cle filter.

^{*1} Use the Rc3/4 bushing together as the HRS-PF005 is Rc1.

Cable Specifications

Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by user.

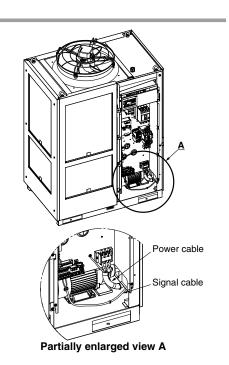
Power Cable Specifications

	Rated value for	r thermo-c	hiller	Power cable examples		
Applicable model	Power supply	Applicable breaker rated current	Terminal block screw dia.	Cable size	Crimped terminal on the thermo-chiller side	
HRS100-A□-20-□ HRS100-W□-20-□	3-phase 200 VAC (50 Hz)	30 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm ² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5	
HRS150-A□-20-□ HRS150-W□-20-□	3-phase 200 to 230 VAC (60 Hz)	40 A		4 cores x 8 mm ² (4 cores x AWG8) (Including grounding cable R8-5)	R8-5	
HRS100-A□-40-□ HRS100-W□-40-□	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5	
HRS150-A□-40-□ HRS150-W□-40-□						
HRS100-A□-46-□ HRS100-W□-46-□	3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz)	20 A	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable R5.5-5)	R5.5-5	
HRS150-A□-46-□ HRS150-W□-46-□	3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	20 A				

^{*} An example of the cable specifications is when two kinds of vinyl insulated wires with a continuous allowable operating temperature of 70°C at 600 V, are used at an ambient temperature of 30°C. Select the proper size of cable according to an actual condition.

Signal Cable Specifications

Terminal sp	Cable specifications	
Terminal block screw diameter	Recommended crimped terminal	0.75 mm ² (AWG18)
M3	Y-shape crimped terminal 1.25Y-3	Shielded cable





^{*2} The filter shown above cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system.

Operation Display Panel

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



		_						
No.	Description		Function					
(1)	Digital display (7 segment,	PV	Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).					
	4 digits)	sv	Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.					
2	[°C] [°F] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the tof displayed temperature (default setting: $^{\circ}$ C).					
3	[MPa] [PSI] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the tof displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).					
4	[REMOTE] lamp		ables remote operation (start and stop) by nmunication. Lights up during remote operation.					
(5)	[RUN] lamp	it is	nts up when the product is started, and goes off when stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti- ezing function, or independent operation of the pump.					
6	[ALARM] lamp	Fla	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.					
7	[⊟] lamp	Light	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level					
8	[🕘] lamp	Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.						
9	[O] lamp	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due to a power failure. Lights up when this function is operated.						
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Ма	kes the product start or stop.					
11)	[MENU] key		Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).					
12	[SEL] key	Cha	anges the item in menu and enters the set value.					
13	[▼] key	Dec	creases the set value.					
14)	[▲] key	Inc	reases the set value.					
15)	[PUMP] key		Press the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts running independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).					
16	[RESET] key		ss the $[\P]$ and $[\blacktriangle]$ keys simultaneously. The alarm zer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.					

List of Function

No.	Function	Outline
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.
3	Inspection monitor menu	Product temperature, pressure and accumulated operating time can be checked as daily inspection. Use these for daily inspection.
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade (°C) ⇔ Fahrenheit (°F)
11	Changing pressure unit	Pressure unit can be changed. MPa ⇔ PSI
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.
14	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.
15	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.
16	Anti-snow coverage function	If there will be a possibility of the snow coverage due to the change of the installation environment (season, weather), set beforehand.
17	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.
18	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.
19	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.

Alarm

This unit has alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temp.
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
AL05	High circulating fluid return temp.
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
AL10	High compressor intake temp.
AL11	Low compressor intake temp.
AL12	Low super heat temp.
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure
AL15	Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
AL16	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise

Code	Alarm message
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance
AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL31	Contact input 1 signal detection

Code	Alarm message		
AL32	Contact input 2 signal detection		
AL37	Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure		
AL38	Compressor discharge temp. rise		
AL40	Dustproof filter maintenance*1		
AL41	Power stoppage		
AL42	Compressor waiting		
AL43	Fan failure*1		
AL45	Compressor over current		
AL47	Pump over current		
AL49	Air exhaust fan stoppage*2		
AL50	Incorrect phase error		
AL51	Phase board over current		
10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

- *1 Does not occur on the product of water-cooled refrigeration type.
- *2 Does not occur on the product of air-cooled refrigeration type.
- * For details, read the Operation Manual.

For details, refer to the Operation Manual. Please download it via our website, https://www.smcworld.com



HRS100/150 Series Standard Type

Communication Functions

Contact Input/Output

Item		Specifications		
Connector type		M3 terminal block		
Insulation method		Photocoupler		
	Rated input voltage	24 VDC		
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 VDC		
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP		
	Input impedance	4.7 kΩ		
0	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less		
Contact output signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (Resistance load)		
Signal	Minimum load current	5 VDC 10 mA		
0	utput voltage	24 VDC ±10% 500 mA MAX (No inductive load)		
Circuit diagram		To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side 24 VDC output (500 mA MAX)*2 24 VCOM output 15 16 24 VCOM output 24 VCOM output Signal description Contact input signal 2 Contact input signal 1 Run/stop signal input Alarm status signal output Contact output signal 2 Remote status signal output Contact output signal 1 Operation status signal output Contact output signal 1 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 1 Operation status signal output Contact output signal 1 Operation status signal output		

- *1 The pin numbers and output signals can be set by user. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.
- *2 When using with optional accessories, depending on the accessory, the allowable current of 24 VDC devices will be reduced. Refer to the operation manual of the optional accessories for details.

Serial Communication

The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

Γ
Circ
Circ
Sta
Ala

Circulating fluid present temperature
Circulating fluid discharge pressure
Status information
Alarm occurrence information

Item	Specifications		
Connector type	D-sub 9-pin, Female connector (Mounting screw: M2.6 x 0.45)		
Protocol	Modicon Modbus compliant/Simple communication protocol		
Standards	EIA standard RS-485	EIA standard RS-232C	
Circuit diagram	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side	

Fig. 12 The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.



HRS100/150 Series **Options**

* Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

HRS-R

HRS090

HRS200

HRSH090

HRSH

HRW

HEC

Option symbol

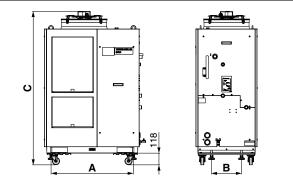
With Caster Adjuster-foot

With caster adjuster-foot

Unfixed casters and adjuster feet stops are mounted.

Appliable model	Dimension [mm]			Additional weight*1
Applicable model	Α	В	С	[kg]
HRS100/150-A-20/40/46-A	830	302	1552	Approx. 16
HRS100/150-W-20/40/46-A	570	401	1353	Approx. 18

^{*1} Refers to the amount of increase from the standard weight



Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker

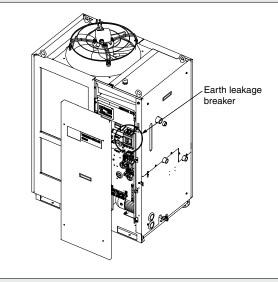
HRS -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- B

With earth leakage breaker

A leakage breaker is built in to automatically stop the supply power when it has short-circuit, over current or electrical leakage.

Applicable model	Rated current [A]	Sensitivity of leak current [mA]	Short circuit display method	
HRS100-A/W-20	30	30	Mechanical	
HRS150-A/W-20	40	30	button	

- 400 V/460 V type is equipped as standard.
- Cannot be selected together with option B1.

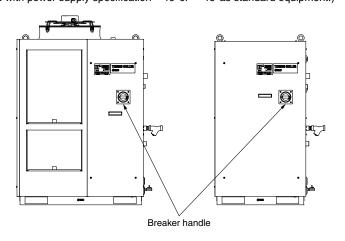


Option symbol

With Earth Leakage Breaker with Handle

With earth leakage breaker with handle

A breaker operation handle that can be operated without removing the front panel for the electrical unit is mounted. The capacity, sensitivity of leak current, and operating characteristics of the breaker are the same as option B. (It is not necessary to select this option since an earth leakage breaker with a handle is installed for the models with power supply specification '-40' or '-46' as standard equipment.)



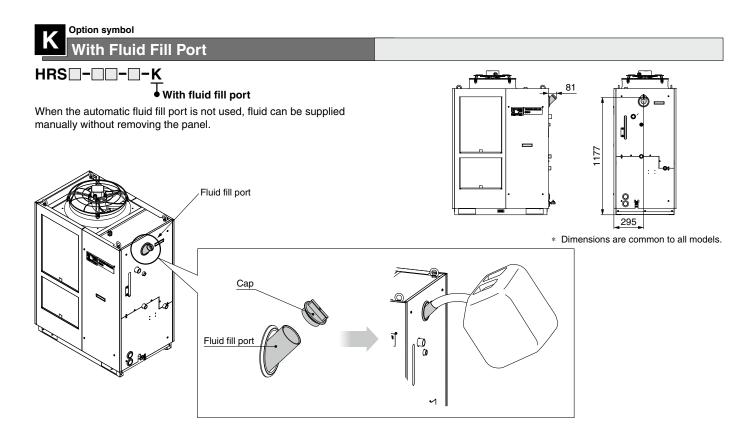
OFF The front panel of the electrical unit cannot be removed without turning off the breaker.

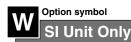
400 V/460 V type is equipped as standard.

Cannot be selected together with option B.



HRS100/150 Series





HRS - - - - W SI unit only

The circulating fluid temperature and pressure are displayed in SI units [MPa/°C] only. If this option is not selected, a product with a unit selection function will be provided by default.

* No change in external dimensions

HRS100/150 Series **Optional Accessories**

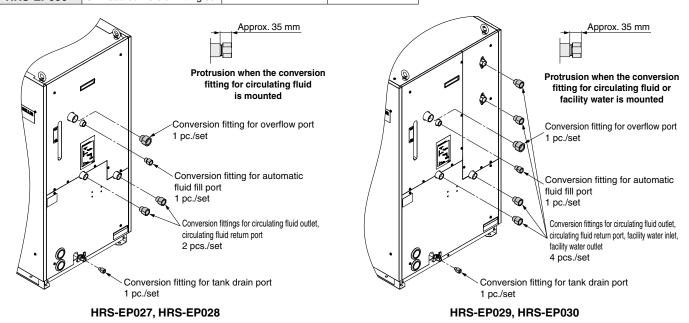
1 Piping Conversion Fitting

This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

- · Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port Rc3/4 → NPT3/4 or G3/4
- · Overflow port Rc1 \rightarrow NPT1 or G1
- · Automatic fluid fill port Rc1/2 \rightarrow NPT1/2 or G1/2
- \cdot Facility water inlet, Facility water outlet Rc3/4 \rightarrow NPT3/4 or G3/4 (for HRS-EP029 or HRS-EP030)

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	Material
HRS-EP027	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS100/150-A-□	
HRS-EP028	G thread conversion fitting set		Stainless steel
HRS-EP029	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS100/150-W-□	Stairtiess steet
HRS-EP030	G thread conversion fitting set	HP3100/120-M-	



② Caster Adjuster-foot Kit

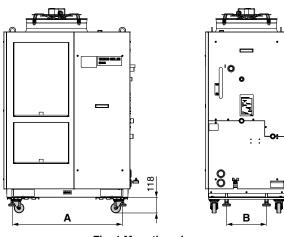
HRS-KS002

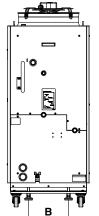
This is a set of unfixed casters and adjuster feet stop.

HRS100/150-W□-□

When installed by user, it is necessary to lift the thermo-chiller by a forklift or sling work. Carefully read the procedure manual included with this kit before performing the installation.

Dout no	Applicable model Dimens		on [mm]	Weight	
Part no.	Applicable model	A B		[kg]	
HRS-KS003	HRS100/150-A□-□	830	302	Approx. 16	





401

Approx. 18

Fig. 1 Mounting view

Parts List

Description	
Procedure manual	
Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)	
Fixing bolt (M8) (8 pcs.)	



Fig. 2 Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)

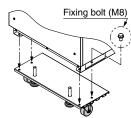
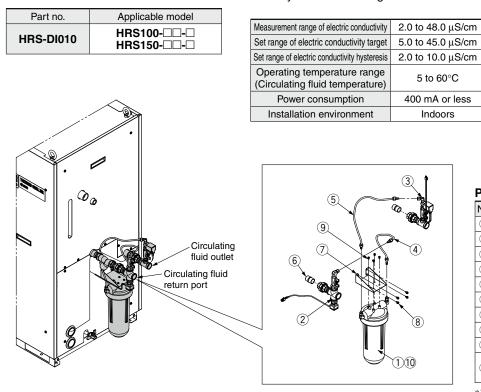


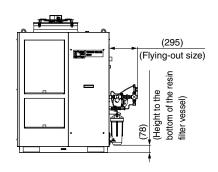
Fig. 3 Fixing bolt (8 pcs.)

HR\$100/150 Series

③ Electric Conductivity Control Set

The set indicates and controls the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.





Parts List

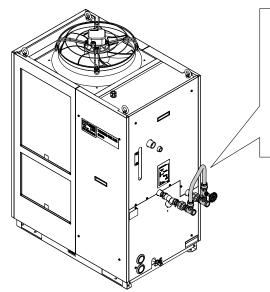
No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
1	DI filter vessel	PC, PP	1
2	DI sensor assembly	Stainless steel, PPS	1
3	DI control piping assembly	Stainless steel, EPDM	1
4	DI filter outlet tube	PFA, POM	1
(5)	DI filter inlet tube	PFA, POM	1
6	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2
7	Mounting bracket	_	1
8	Mounting screw (M5 screw)	_	4
9	Tapping screw (M5 screw)	_	4
10	DI filter cartridge (Part no.: HRS-DF001)*1	PP, PE	1

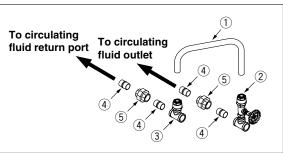
^{*1} The product should be replaced when it can no longer preserve the electrical conductivity set value.

4 Bypass Piping Set

Ensure that the circulating fluid flow rate will be more than the minimum required flow rate using a bypass piping set so that the circulating fluid discharge pressure would be 0.5 MPa or less. Otherwise, an alarm due to circulating fluid discharge pressure or pump over current may occur.

Part no.	Applicable model	Minimum operating flow rate [L/min] (50/60 Hz)
UDC DD007	HRS100-□□-□	- 28/42
HRS-BP007	HRS150-□□-□	28/42







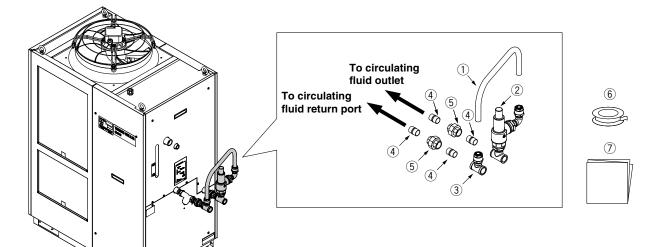
Parts List

	4. 10 2.01						
No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.				
1	Hose (I.D.: 15 mm)	PVC	1 (Approx. 700 mm)				
2	Outlet piping assembly (With globe valve)	Stainless steel, Brass, Bronze	1				
3	Return piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1				
4	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	4				
(5)	Union (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2				
6	Sealant tape	PTFE	1				
7	Operation Manual	_	1				

5 Relief Valve Set

If a solenoid valve is installed in the user's system and the circulating fluid supply stops or decreases during thermo-chiller operation, the circulating fluid discharge pressure of the thermo-chiller increases and an alarm may occur. The relief valve set opens the valve when the pressure exceeds the set pressure level, which prevents pressure increase.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-BP008	HRS100-□□-□
	HRS150-□□-□



(The figure shows the HRS150-A-20.)

- · Relief valve set pressure: 0.32 MPa (The relief valve starts to open when the circulating fluid discharge pressure reaches 0.32 MPa.)
- The setting is made so that the circulating fluid discharge pressure of the thermo-chiller does not exceed 0.5 MPa even when the thermo-chiller is operated at 60 Hz and the water is no longer supplied to the user's system.
- The set pressure of the relief valve should not be adjusted (or changed) by the user. If the set pressure needs to be adjusted, it should be conducted by authorized engineers.

Parts List

No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
1	Hose (I.D.: 15 mm)	PVC	1 (Approx. 700 mm)
2	Outlet piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
3	Return piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
4	Nipple (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	4
(5)	Union (Size: 3/4)	Stainless steel	2
6	Sealant tape	PTFE	1
7	Operation Manual	_	1

HRS

S090 HRS-R

HRS200 100/150

HRSH HRSH090 H

HRSE

IBL

HR.

HRW +

HEC HECR

HED

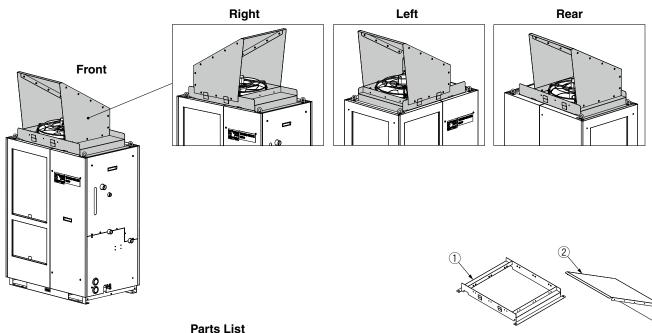
Technical Data



HRS100/150 Series

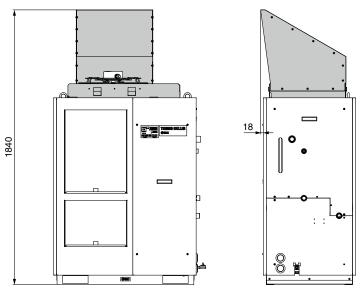
6 Snow Protection Hood

Snow protection hood for air-cooled chiller. According to the mounting direction of the snow protection hood, the ventilation from the fan can be selected from four directions, front, rear, left and right.



Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-BK005	HRS100-A□-□
כטטאם-פחח	HRS150-A□-□

ı arts L	-131			
No.	Description			
1	Snow protection hood base	1		
2	Snow protection hood A	1		
3	Snow protection hood B	2		
4	Assembly/Mounting screw	18		



Mounting condition for HRS-BK005

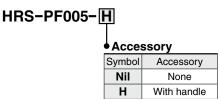
^{*} This hood does not completely prevent snow from entering the inside of the chiller.

Optional Accessories HRS100/150 Series

7 Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. If foreign matter such as scales in the piping enter the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter set. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

Particle Filter Set



Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	0.65 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 35°C
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

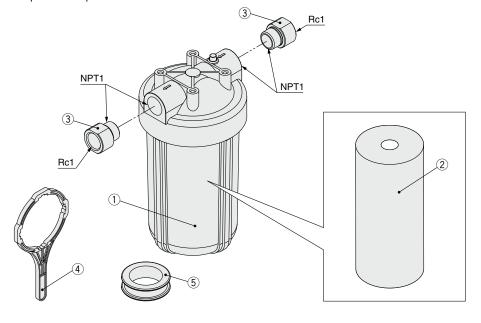
Parts List

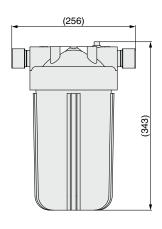
No.	Description	Material	Qty.	Note
1	Body	PC, PP	1	_
2	Element	PP	1	_
3	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
4	Handle	_	1	When -H is selected
(5)	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	_

st The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

Replacement Element HRS-PF006

The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.





SMC

HRS

SO90 HRS-F

HRS200 100/15

HRSH HRSH090

HRSE

HRZ || HRL

HRW HRZD

HEC HECR

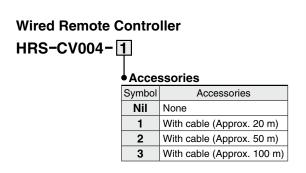
ED HEB

Technical Data

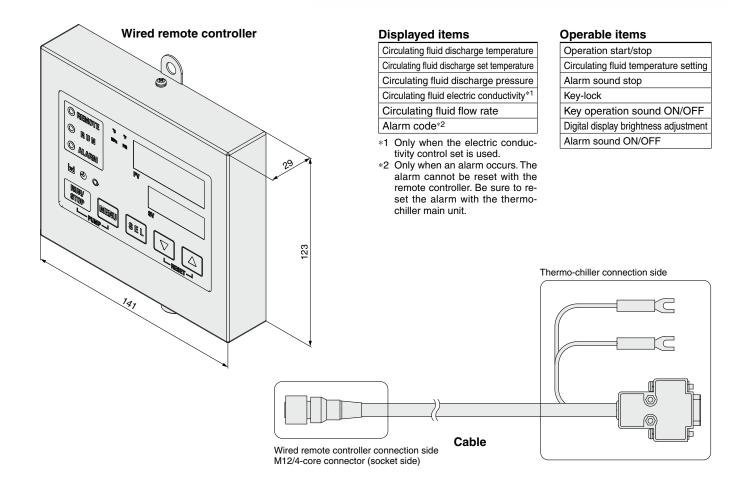
HRS100/150 Series

8 Wired Remote Controller

When the wired remote controller is connected to the thermo-chiller, the operation start/stop setting or the set temperature can be changed from a place apart from the thermo-chiller. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.







- * To use the wired remote controller, the thermo-chiller main unit setting is needed.
- * Use the wired remote controller indoors.
- * Pass the cable through the duct, etc. so that it is not exposed to rain water or direct sunlight.

Q: Heat generation

HRS100/150 Series Cooling Capacity Calculation

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.*

1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 7 [kW]

$$Q = P = 7 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7 [kW] x 1.2 = |8.4 [kW]|

V: Power supply voltage

Power consumption

② Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 8.8 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 8.8 [kVA] \times 0.85 = 7.5 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

③ Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 5.1 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{5.1}{0.7}=7.3$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q**: Unknown [W] ([J/s]) Circulating fluid: Tap water*1

Circulating fluid $= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{rap water}^{-1}$ Circulating fluid mass flow rate $\operatorname{qm} = \frac{1}{2} (= \rho \times \operatorname{qv} + 60) [\operatorname{kg/s}]$

Circulating fluid density p : 1 [kg/L]
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate av : 35 [l /min]

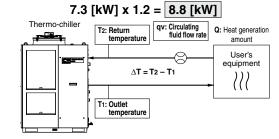
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate ${\bf qv}$: 35 [L/min] Circulating fluid specific heat ${\bf C}$: 4.186 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] Circulating fluid outlet temperature ${\bf T}_1$: 293 [K] (20 [°C])

Circulating fluid return temperature T2 : 296 [K] (23 [°C]) Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT : 3 [K] (= T2 – T1) Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units) : 60 [s/min]

*1 Refer to page 165 for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

Q = qm x C x (T₂-T₁)
=
$$\frac{\rho \times \text{qv} \times \text{C} \times \Delta \text{T}}{60}$$
 = $\frac{1 \times 35 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 3.0}{60}$
= 7325 [J/s] \approx 7325 [W] = 7.3 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat generation amount by user's equipment \mathbf{Q} : Unknown [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]

Circulating fluid : Tap water*1

Circulating fluid weight flow rate $\mathbf{qm}: (= \rho \ x \ \mathbf{qv} \ x \ 60) \ [kgf/h]$

Circulating fluid weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L] Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 35 [L/min]

Circulating fluid specific heat **C** : 1.0 x 10³ [cal/(kgf.°C)]

Circulating fluid outlet temperature $T_1: 20 \ [^{\circ}C]$ Circulating fluid return temperature $T_2: 23 \ [^{\circ}C]$

Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T : 3$ [°C] (= $T_2 - T_1$)

Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{\text{qm x C x } (12-11)}{860}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma \text{ x qv x } 60 \text{ x C x } \Delta T}{860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ x } 35 \text{ x } 60 \text{ x } 1.0 \text{ x } 10^3 \text{ x } 3.0}{860}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

^{*1} The examples above calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Q: Unknown [W] ([J/s]) Cooled substance : Water

Cooled substance mass m : $(= \rho \times V)$ [kg] : 1 [kg/L] Cooled substance density p Cooled substance total volume V : 150 [L]

: 4.186 x 103 [J/(kg·K)] Cooled substance specific heat C Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To: 303 [K] (30 [°C])

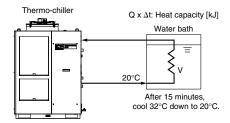
Cooled substance temperature after t hour Tt : 293 [K] (20 [°C]) Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 10 [K] (= To - Tt) Cooling time Δt : 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Q} &= \frac{\mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{C} \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \times \mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{C} \times \Delta T}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 10}{900} = 6977 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 7.0 \text{ [kW]} \end{aligned}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

7.0 [kW] x 1.2 =
$$8.4$$
 [kW]



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) \mathbf{Q} : Unknown [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]

Cooled substance · Water

: $(= \rho \times \mathbf{V})$ [kgf] Cooled substance weight m Cooled substance weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L] Cooled substance total volume V : 150 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat C : 1.0 x 103 [cal/(kgf.°C)]

Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To: 30 [°C] Cooled substance temperature after t hour Tt: 20 [°C]

Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 10 [$^{\circ}$ C] (= T0 – Tt)

Cooling time Δt : 15 [min] Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 150 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^{3} \times 10}{15 \times 860}$$

≈ 6977 [W] = 7.0 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 7.0 [kW] x 1.2 = 8.4 [kW]

This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only. Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation

1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

2. Pump capacity

<Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

<Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density ρ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional units, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kgf/L])

Specific heat **C**: 4.19 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional units, 1 x 10³ [cal/(kgf·°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

Water

Physical property	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional units	
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]
5°C	1.00	4.2 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
10°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
15°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
20°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
25°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
30°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
35°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³
40°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³

15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property	Density ρ	nsity p Specific heat C Conventional units		
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf⋅°C)]
5°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³
10°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³
15°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93×10^3
20°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³
25°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³
30°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94×10^3
35°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³
40°C	1.01	3.92 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³

Shown above are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for details.

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Design

This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.

- Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
- 2) Although a protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating conditions. Also, the user is requested to carry out a safety design for the whole system.

When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

3. Use non-corrosive materials for circulating fluid contact parts.

The recommended circulating fluid is tap water or 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution. Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit. Therefore, take sufficient care when selecting fluid contact part materials such as piping.

4. Design the piping so that no foreign matter enters the chiller.

If foreign matter, such as scales in the piping, enters the circulating fluid, this may cause the pump to malfunction. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to install the particle filter.

5. The facility water outlet temperature (water-cooled type) may increase up to around 60°C.

When selecting the facility water pipings, consider the suitability for temperature.

Selection

Marning

Model selection

When selecting a thermo-chiller model, the amount of heat generation from the user's equipment must be known. Obtain this value, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 164 and 165 before selecting a model.

Handling

Marning

Thoroughly read the operation manual.

Read the operation manual completely before operation, and keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

⚠ Warning

1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.

- In locations where water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
- 2) In locations where there are dust and particles.
- In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
- In locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.

During transportation/storage: -15°C to 50°C (But as long as water or circulating fluid

as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

are not left inside the pipings)
During operation: –5°C to 45°C (However, use a

15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less.)

- 5) In locations where condensation may occur.
- 6) In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- 7) In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 8) In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
 (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 10) In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 11) In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 12) In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 13) In locations at an altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except during storage and transportation)
 - * For altitudes of 1000 m or higher

 Because of lower air density, the h

Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at an altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below. Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.

- ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
- ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]	① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	② Cooling capacity coefficient
Less than 1000 m	45	1.00
Less than 1500 m	42	0.85
Less than 2000 m	38	0.80
Less than 2500 m	35	0.75
Less than 3000 m	32	0.70

- 14) In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 15) In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 16) In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 17) In locations where liquid that exceeds the conditions required for the degrees of protection IPX4 may splash on the product.
- 18) Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.



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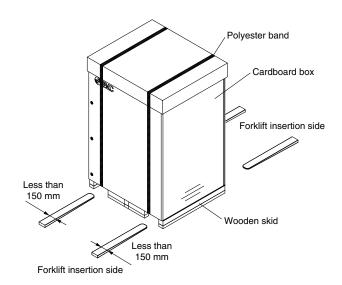
Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

⚠ Warning

 This product will require an acceptance with the product not unloaded from the truck, and the user will need to unload the product by himself. Prepare a forklift.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.



<When packaged>

Model Weigh		Dimensions [mm]
HRS100-A□-□	212	Height 1585 x Width 1185 x Depth 955
HRS150-A□-□	218	
HRS100-W□-□	186	Height 1485 x Width 925 x Depth 955
HRS150-W□-□	189	Height 1465 x Width 925 x Depth 955
HRS100-A□-□-A	236	Height 1710 x Width 1185 x Depth 955
HRS150-A□-□-A	242	Height 1710 x width 1165 x Depth 955
HRS100-W□-□-A	210	Height 1610 x Width 925 x Depth 955
HRS150-W□-□-A	213	Height 1010 x whath 925 x Depth 955

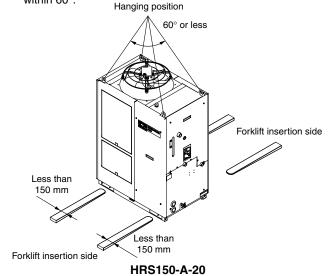
2. Transporting with forklift

- 1) A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2) The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the insert position, and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side.
- Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

Marning

3. Hanging transportation

- Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
- 2) Do not grip the piping on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the center of gravity and hold it within 60°.



<When using option A>

4. Transporting with casters

- 1) This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- 2) Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out the other side.
- 4) Do not get across steps with casters.

⚠ Caution

If this product is to be transported after delivery, please use the original packaging the product was delivered in. If other packaging is to be used, carefully package the product so as to prevent the product from incurring any damage during transport.

Mounting/Installation

🕂 Warning

Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

⚠ Caution

- 1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

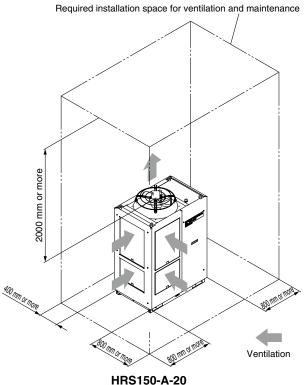
Mounting/Installation

⚠ Caution

3. Refer to the operation manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.

<Air-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45°C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.



3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

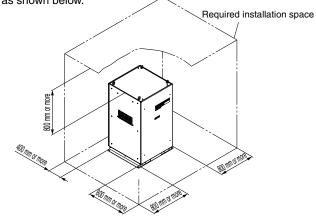
<Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

	Heat	Required ventilation rate [m³/min]		
Model	Model radiation amount		Differential temp. of 6°C between inside and outside of installation area	
HRS100-A-□	Approx. 18	305	155	
HRS150-A-□	Approx. 26	440	220	

Caution

<Water-cooled refrigeration>

When installing the product, keep the space for maintenance as shown below.



Piping

 The circulating fluid and facility water piping should be prepared by the customer with consideration of the operating pressure, temperature, and circulating fluid/facility compatibility.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Also, the use of corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts, such as piping, may not only lead to clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid and facility water circuits but also refrigerant leakage and other unexpected problems. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

- 2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 4. Supply water pressure to the automatic fluid fill port of this product should be 0.2 to 0.5 MPa.

This product has a built-in ball (float) tap. If you attach it to the faucet of a sink, etc. it will automatically supply water to the rated fluid level of the tank (halfway between HIGH and LOW.) If the water supply pressure is too high, the pipes may burst during use. Proceed with caution.

- 5. Ensure that piping is connected to the overflow port so that the circulating fluid can be exhausted to the drainage pit when the fluid level in the tank increases.
- For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 7. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

8. The facility water flow rate is adjusted automatically according to the operating conditions.
In addition, the facility water return temperature is 60°C at maximum.

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Technical Data



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Electrical Wiring

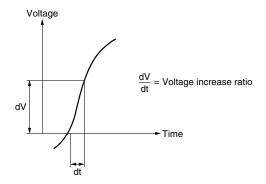
⚠ Warning

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

∕!∖ Caution

- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in malfunction.

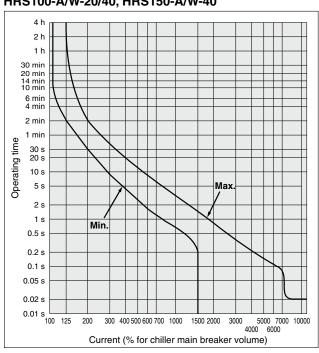


<For option B [With earth leakage breaker]>

3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

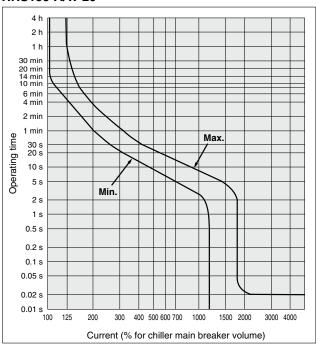
For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.

HRS100-A/W-20/40, HRS150-A/W-40

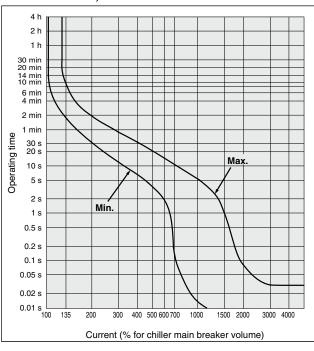


Caution

HRS150-A/W-20



HRS100-A/W-46, HRS150-A/W-46





Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Circulating Fluid

⚠ Caution

- Avoid oil or other foreign matter entering the circulating fluid.
- When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

Tap Water (as a Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water"

Item		Unit	Standard value	Corrosion	Scale generation
					generation
pH (at 25°C)		_	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
Electric conductivity	(25°C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 300*1	0	0
Chloride ion (CI-) Sulfuric acid ion (SC Acid consumption amount (a Total hardness		[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
Sulfuric acid ion (SC) ₄ 2-)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
Acid consumption amount (a	nt (at pH4.8) [mg/L] 50 or less			0	
Total hardness		[mg/L]	70 or less		0
Calcium hardness (C	aCO ₃)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
Ionic state silica (Si	O ₂)	[mg/L]	30 or less		0
[Iron (Fe)		[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	0
<u>च</u> Copper (Cu)		[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Sulfide ion (S₂⁻)		[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Ammonium ion (NH,	ı ⁺)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Copper (Cu) Sulfide ion (S ₂ -) Ammonium ion (NH. Residual chlorine (C	(1)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
Free carbon (CO ₂)		[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

- *1 In the case of [M Ω ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- 3. Use an ethylene glycol that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- When using an ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%.

Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload. Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or lower and cause the thermo-chiller to break down.

5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1 μ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 M Ω ·cm or lower).

Facility Water Supply

⚠ Warning

<Water-cooled refrigeration>

- 1. The water-cooled refrigeration type thermo-chiller radiates heat to the facility water.
 - Prepare the facility water system that satisfies the heat radiation and the facility water specifications below.
- Required facility water system

<Heat radiation amount/Facility water specifications>

Model	Heat radiation [kW]	Facility water specifications	
HRS100-W- □ Approx. 19		Refer to "Facility water system"	
HRS150-W-□	Approx. 28	in the specifications on page 146.	

2. When using tap water as facility water, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below. If the water quality standards are not met, clogging or leakage in the facility water piping, or other problems such as refrigerant leakage, etc., may result.

Tap Water (as Facility Water) Quality Standards The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

	Item	Unit	Standard value	Influence	
	item	Offic Standard value		Corrosion	Scale generation
tem	pH (at 25°C)	_	6.5 to 8.2	0	0
	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 800*1	0	0
	Chloride ion (Cl-)	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
5	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻)	[mg/L]	200 or less	0	
lga	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	100 or less		0
Standard item	Total hardness	[mg/L]	200 or less		0
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃)	[mg/L]	150 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
Reference	Sulfide ion (S ₂ ⁻)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	0	
	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
L	Free carbon (CO ₂)	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

- *1 In the case of [MΩ·cm], it will be 0.001 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
- Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- Set the supply pressure between 0.3 to 0.5 MPa. Ensure a pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet of 0.3 MPa or more.

If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage. If the supply pressure and pressure difference at the facility water inlet/outlet is low, it will cause an insufficient flow rate of the facility water, and poor temperature control.

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Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Operation

⚠ Warning

1. Confirmation before operation

 The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW."

When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.

2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed. Pump can be operated independently.

2. Confirmation during operation

· Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35°C.

When the amount of heat generated from the user's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

3. Emergency stop method

 When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After the machine has stopped, make sure to turn off the breaker of the user's equipment (on the upstream side).

Operation Restart Time/Operation and Suspension Frequency

⚠ Caution

- Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.
- Operation and suspension frequency should not exceed 10 times per day. Frequently switching between operation and suspension may result in the malfunction of the refrigeration circuit.

Protection Circuit

⚠ Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of $\pm 10\%$.
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- · Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is over 45°C.
- · Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

Maintenance

<Periodical inspection every one month> Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

<Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionized water
 - Replacement of circulating fluid
 Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
- 2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution
 Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

<Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid and facility water freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid and facility water in advance.

2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function", "warming-up function", and "anti-snow coverage function." Read the operation manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.

■ Refrigerant with GWP reference

	Global warming potential (GWP)			
Refrigerant	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 (Based on the IPCC AR4)	Revised Fluorocarbons Recovery and Destruction Law (Japanese law)		
R134a	1,430	1,430		
R404A	3,922	3,920		
R407C	1,774	1,770		
R410A	2,088	2,090		

- * This product is hermetically sealed and contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (HFC). When this product is sold on the market in the EU after January 1, 2017, it needs to be compliant with the quota system of the F-Gas Regulation in the EU.
- See specification table for refrigerant used in the product.

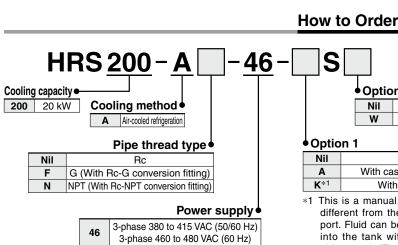


Thermo-chiller Air-cooled 460 V Type

HRS200 Series

Standard Type





Option 2 Nil None SI unit only Option 1 Nil None

Α

K*1 With fluid fill port *1 This is a manual fluid fill port that is different from the automatic fluid fill port. Fluid can be supplied manually into the tank without removing the side panel. (Fluid can be supplied manually for models without option K

if the side panel is removed.)

With caster adjuster-foot



Specifications

Model				HRS200-A□-46-□S		
Cooling method				Air-cooled refrigeration		
Refrigerant				R410A (HFC)		
_	Refrigerant charge kg			1.65		
Co	Control method			PID control		
Am	Ambient temperature/Altitude*1, 7, 9 °C			Temperature: -5 to 45, Altitude: less than 3000 m		
	Circulating fluid*1, 2			Tap water, 15% Ethylene glycol aqueous solution, Deionized water		
	Set temperature range*1 °C		°C	5 to 35		
	Cooling capacity*3, 7 (50/60 Hz) kW		Hz) kW	17.5/20.5		
	Heating capacity*4 (50/60 Hz) kW		lz) kW	3.3/5.3		
	Temperature stability*5 °C		°C	±1		
E E	Pump	Rated flow (Outle	et) L/min	45 (0.31/0.45 MPa)		
yst		Maximum flow ra		110/130		
S	(50/60 Hz)	Maximum pump l	head m	36/50		
∄	Minimum operating flow rate*6 L/min		te*6 L/min	25		
Circulating fluid system	Tank capacity L		L	25		
	Circulating fluid outlet, circulating fluid return port		fluid return port	Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)		
딩	Tank drain port			Rc3/4 (Symbol F: G3/4, Symbol N: NPT3/4)		
ö	Automatic	Supply side pressure	range MPa	0.2 to 0.5		
	fluid fill	Supply side fluid tempe	rature °C	5 to 35		
	system			Rc1/2 (Symbol F: G1/2, Symbol N: NPT1/2)		
	(Standard) Overflow port			Rc1 (Symbol F: G1, Symbol N: NPT1)		
	Fluid contact material Metal Resin		Metal	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Brass, Bronze		
			Resin	PTFE, PU, FKM, EPDM, PVC, NBR, POM, PE, NR		
Electrical system	Power supply			3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10% (No continuous voltage fluctuation) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±4%, -10% (Max. voltage less than 500 V and no continuous voltage fluctuation)		
ij	Applicable earth leakage breaker (Standard) Rated current A Sensitivity of leak current mA		rrent A	30		
ect			eak current mA	30		
Ш	Rated operating current*5 (50/60 Hz) A		0 Hz) A	13.4/14.2		
	Rated power consumption*5 (50/60 Hz) kW(kVA)		60 Hz) kW(kVA)	6.8/9.1 (9.4/11.4)		
Noise level (Front 1 m/Height 1 m)*5 dB(A)			^{₹5} dB(A)	75		
Waterproof specification				IPX4		
	Accessories			Alarm code list sticker 1 pc. (English), Operation Manual (for installation/operation) 1 pc. (English), Y-strainer (40 meshes) 25A, Barrel nipple 25A, Anchor bolt fixing brackets 2 pcs. (including 6 M8 bolts)*8		
Weight (dry state) kg			kg	214		

- *1 When the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or below, refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature" (page 188).
- Use fluid in condition below as the circulating fluid. Tap water: Standard of The Japan Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-
 - 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution: Diluted with clean water, without any additives such as antisep-
- Deionized water: Electric conductivity 1 μ S/cm or higher (Electric resistivity 1 μ S/cm or lower) ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ④ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑤ Power supply: 460.000
- ply: 460 VAC

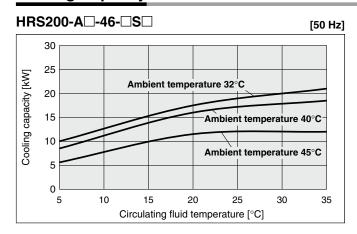
 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ② Power supply: 460 VAC

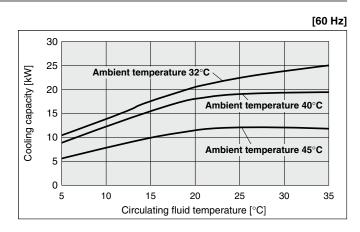
 ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ② Circulating fluid: Tap water, ③ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ④ Circulating fluid: Tap water, ⑥ Circulating fluid: Tap wate
- Load: Same as the cooling capacity, ⑤ Circulating fluid flow rate: Rated flow, ⑥ Power supply: 460 VAC, ⑦ Piping length: Shortest*6 Fluid flow rate to maintain the cooling capacity. If the
- actual flow rate is lower than this, install a bypass
- *7 If the product is used at an altitude of 1000 m or higher, refer to "Operating Environment" (page 187) Item 13 "For altitudes of 1000 m or higher."
- *8 The anchor bolt fixing brackets (including 6 M8 bolts) are used for fixing to wooden skids when packaging the thermo-chiller. No anchor bolt is included.
- For the product operation in the UL compliant conditions, refer to "Operating Environment/Storage Environment" (page 187).



HRS200 Series Standard Type

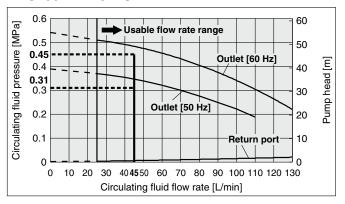
Cooling Capacity





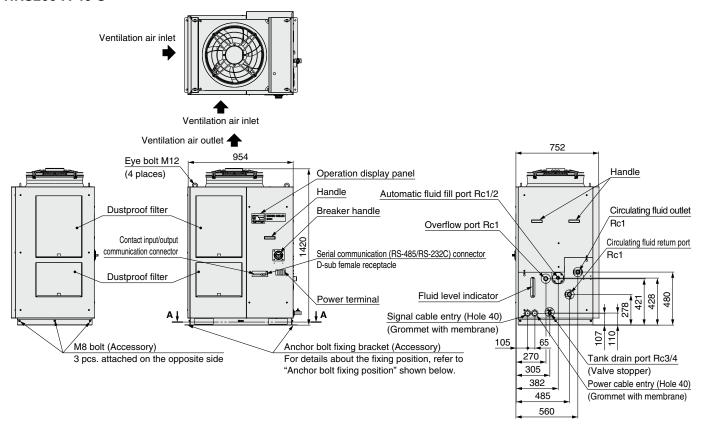
Pump Capacity

HRS200-A□-46-□S□

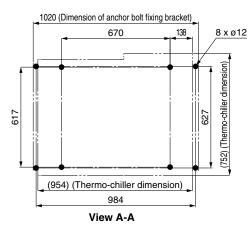


Dimensions

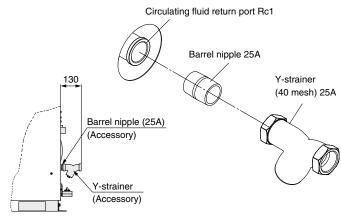
HRS200-A-46-S



Anchor bolt fixing position

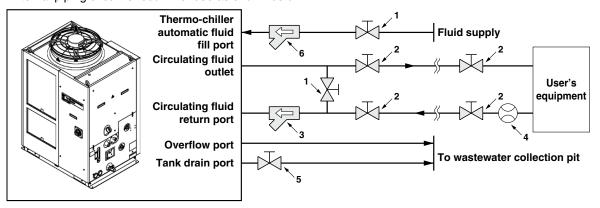


Accessory: Y-strainer mounting view



Recommended External Piping Flow

External piping circuit is recommended as shown below.



* Ensure that the overflow port is connected to the wastewater collection pit in order to avoid damage to the tank of the thermo-chiller.

No.	Description	Size	Recommended part no.	Note
1	Valve	Rc1/2	_	_
2	Valve	Rc1	_	_
3	Y-strainer	Rc1 #40	Accessory	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μ m or more are likely to enter, install
3	Filter	Rc1 20 μm	HRS-PF005*1	the particle filter. For the recommended filter, refer to the optional accessory HRS-PF005 (page 182).
4	Flow meter	_	_	Prepare a flow meter with an appropriate flow range.
5	Valve (Part of thermo-chiller)	Rc3/4	_	_
6	Y-strainer	Rc1/2 #40	_	Install either the strainer or filter. If foreign matter with a size of 20 μm or more
6	Filter	Rc1/2 20 μm	_	are likely to enter, select and prepare a particle filter.

^{*1} The filter shown above cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system.

Cable Specifications

Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by user.

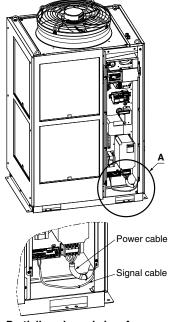
Power Cable Specifications

Rated value for thermo-chiller			Power cable examples	
Power supply	Applicable breaker rated current	Terminal block thread size		Crimped terminal on the thermo-chiller side
3-phase 380 to 415 VAC (50 Hz) 3-phase 460 to 480 VAC (60 Hz)	· '3Ω Δ	M5	4 cores x 5.5 mm² (4 cores x AWG10) (Including grounding cable)	R5.5-5

^{*} An example of the cable specifications is when two kinds of vinyl insulated wires with a continuous allowable operating temperature of 70°C at 600 V, are used at an ambient temperature of 30°C. Select the proper size of cable according to an actual condition.

Signal Cable Specifications

<u> </u>			
Terminal specifications		Cable specifications	
Terminal block screw diameter	Recommended crimped terminal	0.752 (Δ)Δ(C10)	
M3	Y-shape crimped terminal	0.75 mm ² (AWG18) Shielded cable	



Partially enlarged view A

Operation Display Panel

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



No.	Description		Function	
(1)	Digital display	PV	Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).	
	(7-segment, 4 digits)		Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.	
2	[°C] [°F] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the of displayed temperature (default setting: $^{\circ}$ C).	
3	[MPa] [PSI] lamp		uipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the of displayed pressure (default setting: MPa).	
4	[REMOTE] lamp		ables remote operation (start and stop) by nmunication. Lights up during remote operation.	
(5)	[RUN] lamp	it is	Lights up when the product is started, and goes off when it is stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or antifreezing function, or independent operation of the pump.	
6	[ALARM] lamp	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.		
7	[🖃] lamp	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.		
8	[4] lamp	Equipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated. $ \\$		
9	[C] lamp	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due to a power failure. Lights up when this function is operated.		
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Makes the product start or stop.		
11)	[MENU] key	Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).		
12	[SEL] key	Changes the item in menu and enters the set value.		
13	[▼] key	Decreases the set value.		
14)	[▲] key	Inc	reases the set value.	
15)	[PUMP] key		Press the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts running independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).	
16	[RESET] key		ss the [▼] and [▲] keys simultaneously. The alarm zer is stopped and the [ALARM] lamp is reset.	

List of Function

No.	Function	Outline	
1	Main display	Displays the current and set temperature of the circulating fluid, discharge pressure of the circulating fluid. Changes the circulating fluid set temperature.	
2	Alarm display menu	Indicates alarm number when an alarm occurs.	
3	Inspection monitor menu	Product temperature, pressure and accumulated operating time can be checked as daily inspection. Use these for daily inspection.	
4	Key-lock	Keys can be locked so that set values cannot be changed by operator error.	
5	Timer for operation start/stop	Timer is used to set the operation start/stop.	
6	Signal for the completion of preparation	A signal is output when the circulating fluid temperature reaches the set temperature, when using contact input/output and serial communication.	
7	Offset function	Use this function when there is a temperature offset between the discharge temperature of the thermo-chiller and user's equipment.	
8	Reset after power failure	Start operation automatically after the power supply is turned on.	
9	Key click sound setting	Operation panel key sound can be set on/off.	
10	Changing temp. unit	Temperature unit can be changed. Centigrade (°C) \Leftrightarrow Fahrenheit (°F)	
11	Changing pressure unit	Pressure unit can be changed. MPa ⇔ PSI	
12	Data reset	Functions can be reset to the default settings (settings when shipped from the factory).	
13	Accumulation time reset	Reset function when the pump, the fan or the compressor is replaced. Reset the accumulated time here.	
14	Anti-freezing function	Circulating fluid is protected from freezing during winter or at night. Set beforehand if there is a risk of freezing.	
15	Warming-up function	When circulating fluid temperature rising time at starting needs shortening during winter or at night, set beforehand.	
16	Anti-snow coverage function	If there will be a possibility of the snow coverage due to the change of the installation environment (season, weather), set beforehand.	
17	Alarm buzzer sound setting	Alarm sound can be set to on/off.	
18	Alarm customizing	Operation during alarm condition and threshold values can be changed depending on the alarm type.	
19	Communication	This function is used for contact input/output or serial communication.	

Alarm

This unit has 39 types of alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Alarm message
Low level in tank
High circulating fluid discharge temp.
Circulating fluid discharge temp. rise
Circulating fluid discharge temp. drop
High circulating fluid return temp.
Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise
Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop
High compressor intake temp.
Low compressor intake temp.
Low super heat temp.
High compressor discharge pressure
Refrigeration circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop
Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise

Code	Alarm message
AL17	Refrigeration circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop
AL18	Compressor running failure
AL19	Communication error
AL20	Memory error
AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temp. sensor failure
AL23	Circulating fluid return temp. sensor failure
AL24	Compressor intake temp. sensor failure
AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL28	Pump maintenance
AL29	Fan maintenance

Alarm message
Compressor maintenance
Contact input 1 signal detection
Contact input 2 signal detection
Compressor discharge temp. sensor failure
Compressor discharge temp. rise
Dustproof filter maintenance
Power stoppage
Compressor waiting
Fan failure
Compressor over current
Pump over current
Incorrect phase error
Phase board over current

For details, refer to the Operation Manual. Please download it via our website, https://www.smcworld.com



HS090 HRS-R

200 100/15

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ED #

Communication Functions

Contact Input/Output

Item		Specifications		
Connector type		M3 terminal block		
Insulation method		Photocoupler		
	Rated input voltage	24 VDC		
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 to 26.4 VDC		
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP		
	Input impedance	4.7 kΩ		
0	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less		
Contact output signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (Resistance load)		
Signal	Minimum load current	5 VDC 10 mA		
0	utput voltage	24 VDC ±10% 500 mA MAX (No inductive load)		
Circuit diagram		To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side 24 VDC output (500 mA MAX)*2 24 VCOM v 18 Signal description Contact input signal 2 Contact input signal 1 Run/stop signal input Alarm status signal output Contact output signal 2 Remote status signal output Contact output signal 1 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 2 Contact output signal 1 Contact output signal 1		

- *1 The pin numbers and output signals can be set by user. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.
- *2 When using with optional accessories, depending on the accessory, the allowable current of 24 VDC devices will be reduced. Refer to the operation manual of the optional accessories for details.

Serial Communication

The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

r Writing	
Run/Stop	
Circulating fluid temperature	
setting (SV)	
1	

Circulating fluid present temperature
Circulating fluid discharge pressure
Status information
Alarm occurrence information

Item	Specifications			
Connector type	D-sub 9-pin, Female connector (Mounting screw: M2.6 x 0.45)			
Protocol	Modicon Modbus compliant/S	Modicon Modbus compliant/Simple communication protocol		
Standards	EIA standard RS-485	EIA standard RS-232C		
Circuit diagram	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side	To the thermo-chiller User's equipment side User's equipment side		

^{*} The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.



HRS200 Series **Options**

* Options have to be selected when ordering the thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

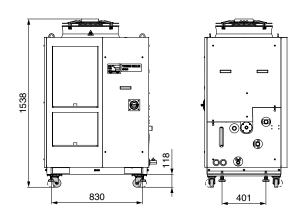


With Caster Adjuster-foot

HRS200-A□-46-AS

With caster adjuster-foot

Unfixed casters and adjuster feet stops are mounted





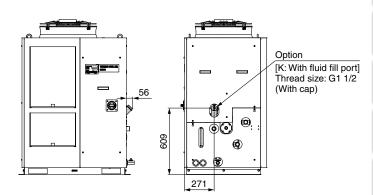
Option symbol

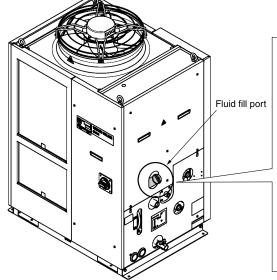
With Fluid Fill Port

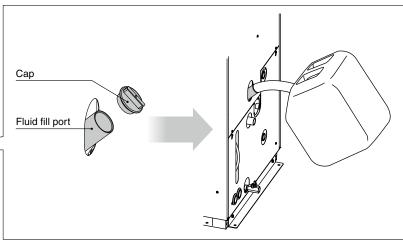
HRS200-A□-46-KS

With fluid fill port

When the automatic fluid fill in port is not used, water can be supplied manually without removing the panel.









Option symbol

SI Unit Only HRS200-A □ -46-S W

SI unit only

The circulating fluid temperature and pressure are displayed in SI units [MPa/°C] only. If this option is not selected, a product with a unit selection function will be provided by default.

* No change in external dimensions



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HRS 100/150 HRS090 HRS-R

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HRS200 Series Optional Accessories

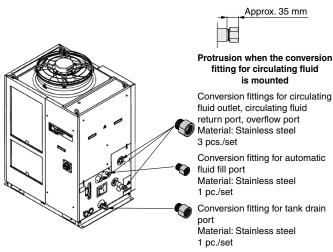
1 Piping Conversion Fitting

This is a fitting to change the port from Rc to G or NPT.

- Circulating fluid outlet, Circulating fluid return port, Overflow port Rc1 → NPT1 or G1
- \cdot Drain port Rc3/4 \rightarrow NPT3/4 or G3/4
- \cdot Automatic fluid fill port Rc1/2 \rightarrow NPT1/2 or G1/2

(It is not necessary to purchase this when pipe thread type F or N is selected in "How to Order" since it is included in the product.)

Part no.	Contents	Applicable model	
HRS-EP013	NPT thread conversion fitting set	HRS200-A-46-□S	
HRS-EP014	G thread conversion fitting set	HR5200-A-46-⊔5	



HRS-EP013, HRS-EP014

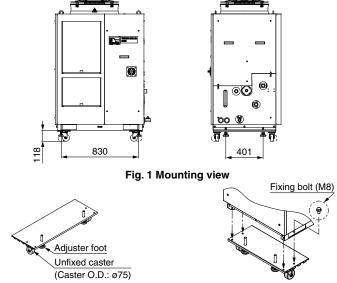
2 Caster Adjuster-foot Kit

This is a set of unfixed casters and adjuster feet stop.

When installed by user, it is necessary to lift the thermo-chiller by a forklift or sling work.

Carefully read the procedure manual included with this kit before performing the installation.

HRS-KS002	HRS200-A□-46-□S
Part no.	Applicable model



Description
Procedure manual

Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)
Fixing bolt (M8) (8 pcs.)

Fig. 2 Caster adjuster-foot bracket (2 pcs.)

Fig. 3 Fixing bolt (8 pcs.)



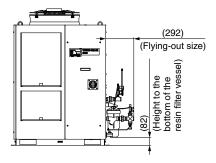
Parts List

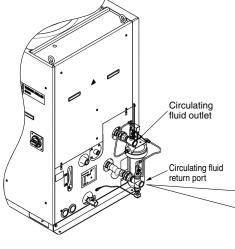
3 Electric Conductivity Control Set

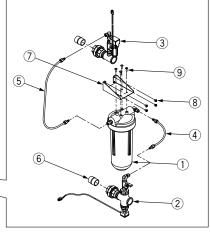
The set indicates and controls the electric conductivity of the circulating fluid. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRS-DI006	HRS200-A□-46-□S

Measurement range of electric conductivity	2.0 to 48.0 μS/cm
Set range of electric conductivity target	5.0 to 45.0 μS/cm
Set range of electric conductivity hysteresis	2.0 to 10.0 μS/cm
Operating temperature range (Circulating fluid temperature)	5 to 60°C
Power consumption	400 mA or less
Installation environment	Indoor







Parts List

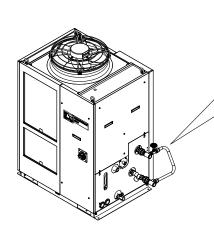
No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
1	DI filter vessel	PC, PP	1
2	DI sensor assembly	Stainless steel, PPS	1
3	DI control piping assembly	Stainless steel, EPDM	1
4	DI filter outlet tube	PFA, POM	1
(5)	DI filter inlet tube	PFA, POM	1
6	Nipple (Size: 1 inch)	Stainless steel	2
7	Mounting bracket	_	1
8	Mounting screw (M5 screw)	_	4
9	Tapping screw (M5 screw)	_	4
10	DI filter cartridge (Part no.: HRS-DF001)*1	PP, PE	1

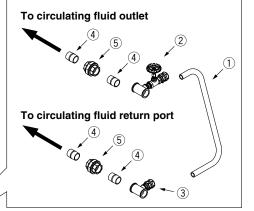
The product should be replaced when it can no longer preserve the electrical conductivity set value.

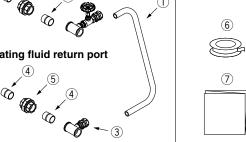
4 Bypass Piping Set

When the circulating fluid goes below the minimum operating flow rate (as shown below), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. Use the bypass piping set to ensure a circulating fluid flow rate of the minimum operating flow rate or more.

Part no.	Applicable model	Minimum operating flow rate [L/min]
HRS-BP005	HRS200-A□-46-□S	25







Parts List

No.	Description	Fluid contact material	Qty.
1	Hose (I.D.: 15 mm)	PVC	1 (Approx. 700 mm)
2	Outlet piping assembly (With globe valve)	Stainless steel, Brass, Bronze	1
3	Return piping assembly	Stainless steel, Brass	1
4	Nipple (Size: 1 inch)	Stainless steel	4
(5)	Union (Size: 1 inch)	Stainless steel	2
6	Sealant tape	PTFE	1
7	Operation Manual	_	1

HRS-R HRS 100/150 HRS090

HRSH

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HRW

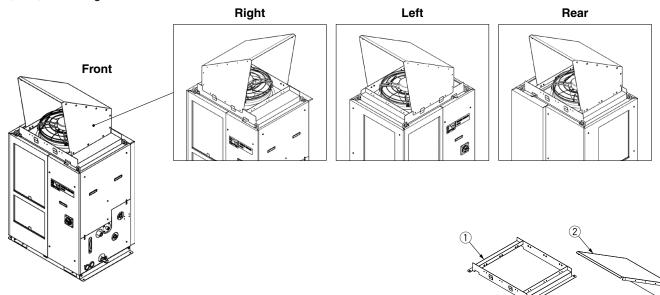
HECR HEC

HRS200 Series

5 Snow Protection Hood

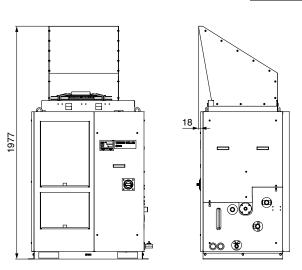
Stainless steel snow protection hood for air-cooled chiller.

According to the mounting direction of the snow protection hood, the ventilation from the fan can be selected from four directions, front, rear, left and right.



Part no.	Applicable model	Weight [kg]
HRS-BK004	HRS200-A□-46-□S	18

Parts List					
No.	Description	Qty.			
1	Snow protection hood base	1			
2	Snow protection hood A	1			
3	Snow protection hood B	2			
4	Assembly/Mounting screw	20			



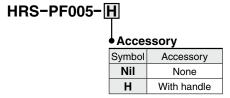
Mounting condition for HRS-BK004

* This hood does not completely prevent snow from entering the inside of the chiller.

6 Particle Filter Set

Removes foreign matter in the circulating fluid. This set cannot be directly connected to the thermo-chiller. Install it in the user's piping system. Refer to the Operation Manual for details.

Particle Filter Set



Fluid	Tap water
Max. operating pressure	0.65 MPa
Operating temperature range	5 to 35°C
Nominal filtration accuracy	5 μm
Installation environment	Indoors

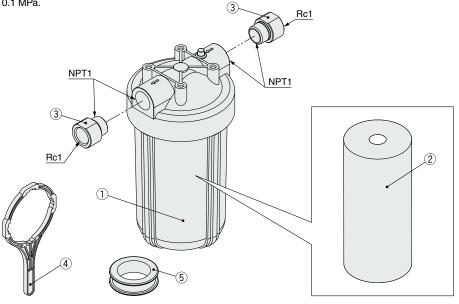
Parts List

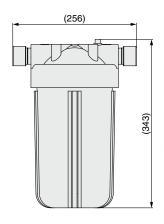
No.	Description	Material	Qty.	Note
1	Body	PC, PP	1	_
2	Element*1	PP	1	_
3	Extension piece	Stainless steel	2	Conversion from NPT to Rc
4	Handle	_	1	When -H is selected
(5)	Sealant tape	PTFE	1	_

*1 The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

Replacement Element HRS-PF006

The product should be replaced when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.





SMC

HRS-R HRS 100/150 HRS090

HRSH090 HRSH

HRSE

HRZ

HRW HECR

HEC

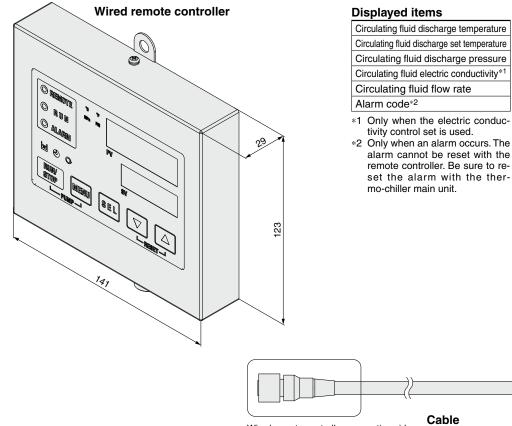
HRS200 Series

Wired Remote Controller

When the wired remote controller is connected to the thermo-chiller, the operation start/stop setting or the set temperature can be changed from a place apart from the thermo-chiller. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

Wired Remote Controller HRS-CV004 Accessories Symbol Accessories Nil None 1 With cable (Approx. 20 m) 2 With cable (Approx. 50 m) 3 With cable (Approx. 100 m)





Operable items

Thermo-chiller connection side

Operation start/stop
Circulating fluid temperature setting
Alarm sound stop
Key-lock
Key operation sound ON/OFF

Key operation sound ON/OFF
Digital display brightness adjustment
Alarm sound ON/OFF

- Wired remote controller connection side M12/4-core connector (socket side)
- * To use the wired remote controller, the thermo-chiller main unit setting is needed.
- * Use the wired remote controller indoors.
- * Pass the cable through the duct, etc. so that it is not exposed to rain water or direct sunlight.

HRS200 Series Cooling Capacity Calculation

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within the user's equipment.*1

1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 20 [kW]

Q = P = 20 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, **20 [kW] x 1.2 = 24 [kW]**

V: Power supply voltage

Power consumption

Q: Heat generation

② Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 20 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

$$= 20 [kVA] \times 0.85 = 17 [kW]$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

3 Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 13 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, using an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{13}{0.7}=18.6$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the user's equipment is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the user's equipment.

Heat generation amount by user's equipment **Q**: Unknown [W] ([J/s]) Circulating fluid: Tap water*1

Circulating fluid mass flow rate qm : (= ρ x qv ÷ 60) [kg/s] Circulating fluid density ρ : 1 [kg/L]

Circulating fluid density p : 1 [kg/L]
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate **qv** : 70 [L/min]

Circulating fluid specific heat **C** : 4.186 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)]

Circulating fluid outlet temperature **T1** : 293 [K] (20 [°C])

Circulating fluid return temperature T2 : 297 [K] (24 [$^{\circ}$ C]) Circulating fluid temperature difference Δ T : 4 [K] (= T2 – T1) Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units) : 60 [s/min]

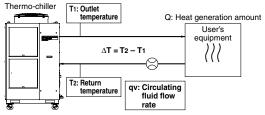
*1 Refer to the next page for the typical physical property value of tap water or other circulating fluids.

$$Q = qm x C x (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{\rho \times qv \times C \times \Delta T}{60} = \frac{1 \times 70 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 4.0}{60}$$

= 19535 [J/s] \approx 19535 [W] = 19.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,



Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat generation amount by user's equipment \boldsymbol{Q} : Unknown [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]

Circulating fluid : Tap water*1

Circulating fluid weight flow rate $\boldsymbol{qm} : (= \rho \; x \; \boldsymbol{qv} \; x \; 60) \; [kgf/h]$

Circulating fluid weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L] Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate qv: 70 [L/min]

Circulating fluid specific heat $\bf C$: 1.0 x 10³ [cal/(kgf. $^{\circ}$ C)]

Circulating fluid outlet temperature T_1 : 20 [°C] Circulating fluid return temperature T_2 : 24 [°C]

Circulating fluid temperature difference ΔT : 4 [°C] (= $T_2 - T_1$)

Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h]
Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{qm \times C \times (T_2 - T_1)}{960}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma \times qv \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{960}$$

860

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

^{*1} The examples above calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of the user's equipment. Be sure to check it carefully.

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Q: Unknown [W] ([J/s])

Cooled substance : Water Cooled substance mass m $: (= \rho \times V) [kg]$ Cooled substance density p : 1 [kg/L] Cooled substance total volume V : 300 [L]

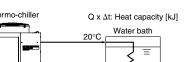
Cooled substance specific heat C : $4.186 \times 10^3 [J/(kg \cdot K)]$

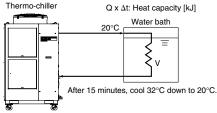
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To: 305 [K] (32 [°C]) : 293 [K] (20 [°C]) Cooled substance temperature after t hour Tt Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 12 [K] (= To - Tt) Cooling time Δt : 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

* Refer to the following for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\rho \times V \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
$$= \frac{1 \times 300 \times 4.186 \times 10^3 \times 12}{900} = 16744 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 16.7 \text{ [kW]}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 16.7 [kW] x 1.2 = 20 [kW]





Example of conventional units (Reference)

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) \mathbf{Q} : Unknown [cal/h] \rightarrow [W]

Cooled substance · Water : $(= \rho \times \mathbf{V})$ [kgf] Cooled substance weight m

Cooled substance weight volume ratio γ : 1 [kgf/L] Cooled substance total volume ${\bf V}$: 300 [L]

Cooled substance specific heat C : 1.0 x 103 [cal/(kgf.°C)]

Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To: 32 [°C] Cooled substance temperature after t hour Tt: 20 [°C]

Cooling temperature difference ΔT : 12 [°C] (= **T**0 - **T**t)

Cooling time Δt : 15 [min] Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (T_0 - T_t)}{\Delta t \times 860} = \frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 300 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^3 \times 12}{15 \times 860}$$

≈ 16744 [W] = 16.7 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 16.7 [kW] x 1.2 = 20 [kW]

This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only. Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Precautions on Cooling Capacity Calculation

1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the user's equipment and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

2. Pump capacity

<Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-chiller and the user's equipment, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

<Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the user's equipment are fully durable against this pressure.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat in calculating the required cooling capacity. Density ρ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional units, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kgf/L])

Specific heat **C**: 4.19 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional units, 1 x 10³ [cal/(kgf·°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference.

Water

Water					
Physical property		Specific heat C	Convention	onal units	
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf⋅°C)]	
5°C	1.00	4.2 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
10°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
15°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
20°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
25°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
30°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³	
35°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³	
40°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³	

15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional units		
Temperature value	[kg/L]	[J/(kg·K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]	
5°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
10°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
15°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
20°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	
25°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	
30°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	
35°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	
40°C	1.01	3.92 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	
Observe above and of the control of					

Shown above are reference values. Contact circulating fluid supplier for details.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Design

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.
 - Check the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the user's system and this unit.
 - 2) Although a protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the user's operating conditions. Also, the user is requested to carry out a safety design for the whole system.
- When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

3. Use non-corrosive material for circulating fluid contact parts.

Using corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts such as piping may cause clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

Selection

Marning

Model selection

When selecting a thermo-chiller model, the amount of heat generation from the user's equipment must be known. Obtain this value, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 185 and 186 before selecting a model.

Handling

Thoroughly read the operation manual.

Read the operation manual completely before operation, and keep the manual where it can be referred to as necessary.

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

⚠ Warning

- 1. Do not use in the following environment as it will lead to a breakdown.
 - In locations where water vapor, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
 - 2) In locations where there are dust and particles.
 - In locations where corrosive gases, organic solvents, chemical fluids, or flammable gases are present. (This product is not explosion proof.)
 - 4) In locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.
 - During transportation/storage: -15°C to 50°C (But as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

⚠ Warning

During operation: -5°C to 45°C

- * When the ambient temperature or circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or below, use the circulating fluid specified in "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature".
- Be sure to operate within the -5 to 40°C range to maintain UL standards-compliance.
- 5) In locations where condensation may occur.
- 6) In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat.
- In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.
- 8) In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
 (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 10) In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 11) In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 12) In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 13) In locations at an altitude of 3000 m or higher (Except during storage and transportation)
 - * For altitudes of 1000 m or higher Because of lower air density, the heat radiation efficiencies of the devices in the product will be lower in the location at an altitude of 1000 m or higher. Therefore, the maximum ambient temperature to use and the cooling capacity will lower according to the descriptions in the table below. Select the thermo-chiller considering the descriptions.
 - ① Upper limit of ambient temperature: Use the product in ambient temperature of the described value or lower at each altitude.
 - ② Cooling capacity coefficient: The product's cooling capacity will lower to one that multiplied by the described value at each altitude.

Altitude [m]	① Upper limit of ambient temperature [°C]	② Cooling capacity coefficient		
Less than 1000 m	45	1.00		
Less than 1500 m	42	0.85		
Less than 2000 m	38	0.80		
Less than 2500 m	35	0.75		
Less than 3000 m	32	0.70		

- 14) In locations where strong impacts or vibrations occur.
- 15) In locations where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 16) In locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 17) In locations where liquid that exceeds the conditions required for the degrees of protection IPX4 may splash on the product.
- 18) Insects or plants may enter the unit.
- 2. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.

For the product operation in UL compliant conditions, use the product in the environment shown below:

- Environment at an altitude of 2000 meters or less
- Environment at an ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Environment at a pollution degree of 2 or less
- Location where the ambient humidity is within the following range:
 During transportation or storage: 15% to 85% (No condensation)
 During operation: 30% to 70% (No condensation)



ı

HRS200 Series Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Operation at Low Ambient Temperature or Low Circulating Fluid Temperature

∧ Caution

1. Circulating fluid

In order to avoid freezing of the circulating fluid, use aqueous solution of ethylene glycol.

Ambient temperature [°C]	Recommended circulating fluids	
10 to 45	Tap water, ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt)%	
-5 to 10 Ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt)		

Circulating fluid temperature[°C]	Recommended circulating fluids
10 to 35	Tap water, ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt)%
5 to 10	Ethylene glycol aqueous solution 15 (wt)%

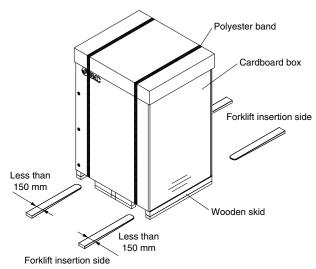
- 2. And following instructions must be executed. If following instructions are not executed, not only Thermo-chiller alarm will be generated, but also damage of the product can result.
 - Power has to be supplied to the Thermo-chiller all the time.
 - Turn on anti-freezing function (set parameter: SE.10) all the time.
 - When the power supply to the Thermo-chiller is stopped for a long period of time, discharge all the circulating fluid in the Thermo-chiller and user's device and piping. When the Thermo-chiller is refilled with the circulating fluid, supply the fluid at normal temperature.

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

⚠ Warning

 This product will require an acceptance with the product not unloaded from the truck, and the user will need to unload the product by himself. Prepare a forklift.

The product will be delivered in the packaging shown below.



<When packaged>

<u> </u>		
Model	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [mm]
HRS200-A□-46-□S	256	Height 1585 x Width 1185 x Depth 955
HRS200-A□-46-AS	268	Height 1710 x Width 1185 x Depth 955

Transportation/Carriage/Movement

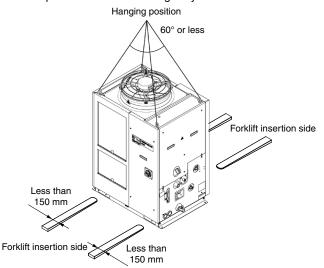
Marning

2. Transporting with forklift

- 1) A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2) The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the insert position, and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side.
- Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

3. Hanging transportation

- 1) Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
- Do not grip the piping on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the center of gravity and hold it within 60°.



(When using option A/With caster adjuster-foot and optional accessories/Caster adjuster-foot kit KS002)

4. Transporting with casters

- 1) This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two
- Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3) When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out the other side.
- 4) Do not get across steps with casters.

⚠ Caution

If this product is to be transported after delivery, please use the original packaging the product was delivered in. If other packaging is to be used, carefully package the product so as to prevent the product from incurring any damage during transport.



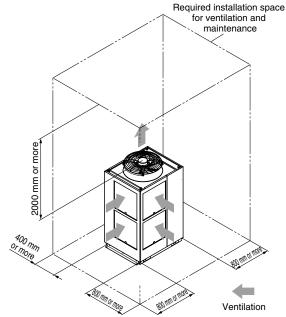
Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Mounting/Installation

Marning

Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it. The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

- Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.
- Refer to the operation manual for this product, and secure an installation space that is necessary for the maintenance and ventilation.
- 1. The air-cooled type product exhausts heat using the fan that is mounted to the product. If the product is operated with insufficient ventilation, ambient temperature may exceed 45°C, and this will affect the performance and life of the product. To prevent this ensure that suitable ventilation is available (see below).
- For installation indoors, ventilation ports and a ventilation fan should be equipped as needed.



3. If it is impossible to exhaust heat from the installation area indoors, or when the installation area is conditioned, provide a duct for heat exhaustion to the air outlet port of this product for ventilation. Do not mount the inlet of the duct (flange) directly to the air vent of the product, and keep a space larger than the diameter of the duct. Additionally, consider the resistance of the duct when making the air vent port for the duct.

<Heat radiation amount/Required ventilation rate>

Heat	Required ventilation rate [m³/min]	
radiation amount [kW]	Differential temp. of 3°C between inside and outside of installation area	Differential temp. of 6°C between inside and outside of installation area
Approx. 37	615	310

4. When using the product at a low ambient temperature (10°C or less), refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature" (page 188).

Piping

⚠ Caution

 Regarding the circulating fluid piping, consider carefully the suitability for temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation. Also, the use of corrosive materials such as aluminum or iron for fluid contact parts, such as piping, may not only lead to clogging or leakage in the circulating fluid circuit but also refrigerant leakage and other unexpected problems. Provide protection against corrosion when you use the product.

- 2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow. For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 3. When tightening at the drain port of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 4. Supply water pressure to the automatic fluid fill port of this product should be 0.2 to 0.5 MPa.

This product has a built-in ball (float) tap. If you attach it to the faucet of a sink, etc. it will automatically supply water to the rated fluid level of the tank (halfway between HIGH and LOW.) If the water supply pressure is too high, the pipes may burst during use. Proceed with caution.

- Ensure that piping is connected to the overflow port so that the circulating fluid can be exhausted to the drainage pit when the fluid level in the tank increases.
- For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 7. This product series are constant-temperature fluid circulating machines with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

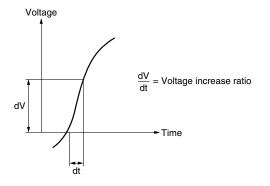
Electrical Wiring

Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

∕!\ Caution

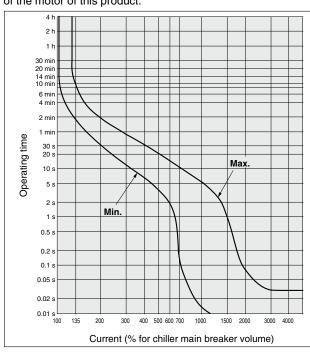
- 1. Power supply and communication cables should be prepared by user.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in malfunction.



3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the user's equipment (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the user's equipment could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.



Electrical Wiring

⚠ Caution

- 4. For the product operation in the UL compliant conditions, the conditions shown below must be
 - Use power supply of overvoltage category 2*
 - For power supply cable, it is to be properly prepared by the customer in accordance with National Electrical Code and Canadian Electrical Code.
 - Bending radius of the power supply cable must be 38.1 mm or more.
 - * When using a power supply in the overvoltage category 3, take measures such as mounting an isolation transformer between the product and the power supply or keep the transient overvoltage of the power supply to 2200 V or less by using a varistor, etc.

Circulating Fluid

⚠ Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign matter entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When water is used as a circulating fluid, use tap water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use tap water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

Tap Water (as a Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

			Influence		
	Item	Item Unit		Corrosion	Scale generation
	pH (at 25°C)	_	6.0 to 8.0	0	0
_	Electric conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100*1 to 300*1	0	0
tel	Chloride ion (CI ⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
Standard item	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	0	
l da	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
tar	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less		0
0)	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃)	[mg/L]	50 or less		0
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂)	[mg/L]	30 or less		0
_	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	0
item	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Se	Sulfide ion (S ₂ -)	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	0	
Reference	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	0	
Sefe	Residual chlorine (CI)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	0	
	Free carbon (CO ₂)	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	0	

- *1 In the case of [MΩ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.
- O: Factors that have an effect on corrosion or scale generation.
 Even if the water quality standards are met, complete prevention of corrosion is not guaranteed.
- 3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 4. Refer to "Operation at low ambient temperature or low circulating fluid temperature" (page 188) for the concentration of the ethylene glycol aqueous solution.
- 5. When deionized water is used, the electric conductivity should be 1 µS/cm or higher (Electric resistivity: 1 $M\Omega$ ·cm or lower).

HRS-

HRS 100/150 HRS090

HRSH090

HRSH

HRW

HECR

HEC





Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 513 for safety instructions and pages 514 to 517 for temperature control equipment precautions.

Operation

\land Warning

1. Confirmation before operation

- The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW."
 When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.
- 2) Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from the user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed. Pump can be operated independently.

2. Confirmation during operation

• Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35°C.

When the amount of heat generated from the user's equipment is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

3. Emergency stop method

When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After the machine has stopped, make sure to turn off the breaker of the user's equipment (on the upstream side).

Operation Restart Time/Operation and Suspension Frequency

⚠ Caution

- Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.
- Operation and suspension frequency should not exceed 10 times per day. Frequently switching between operation and suspension may result in the malfunction of the refrigeration circuit.

Protection Circuit

⚠ Caution

If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of $\pm 10\%$.
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of the user's equipment is too high.
- Ambient temperature is over 45°C.
- · Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt

Maintenance

<Periodical inspection every one month>

Clean the ventilation hole.

If the dustproof filter of water-cooled type product becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the dustproof filter, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

Maintenance

<Periodical inspection every three months> Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. When using tap water or deionized water
 - · Replacement of circulating fluid
 - Failure to replace the circulating fluid can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
- 2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution

Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

<Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

If there is a risk of the circulating fluid freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid in advance.

2. Consult a professional.

This product has an "anti-freezing function", "warming-up function", and "anti-snow coverage function." Read the operation manual carefully, and if any additional anti-freezing function (e.g. tape heater) is needed, ask for it from the vendor.

■ Refrigerant with GWP reference

	Global warming potential (GWP)		
Refrigerant	Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 (Based on the IPCC AR4)	Revised Fluorocarbons Recovery and Destruction Law (Japanese law)	
R134a	1,430	1,430	
R404A	3,922	3,920	
R407C	1,774	1,770	
R410A	2,088	2,090	

- * This product is hermetically sealed and contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (HFC). When this product is sold on the market in the EU after January 1, 2017, it needs to be compliant with the quota system of the F-Gas Regulation in the EU.
- See specification table for refrigerant used in the product.

